THE ORIGINAL
"Autocrat of the Breakfast Table"
OF OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES
IN NEXT
SUNDAY'S POST-DISPATCH.

WEATHER: Fair and cooler Saturday; Warmer Sunday.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Diary of a Criminal Lawyer,
BY EX-GOV.
CHARLES P. JOHNSON,
IN THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH,
OCT. 14.

VOL. 46, NO. 65. SATURDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—OCTOBER 13, 1894.—TEN PAGES. PRICE, 2 CENTS.

Better than Any Comic Weekly—Colored Cover Sunday Post-Dispatch

IN FULL BLAST.

Craps Game Running Under the Standard Theater.

No Concealment and the Play Open to Everybody.

THE MAN IN CHARGE SAYS THAT THEY HAVE NOTHING TO FEAR.

The Game Has Been Running for Three Days—A Policeman Said to Have Stood in the Door and Watched the Game Going On—Town Full of Gamblers.

The crap game located in a room adjoining the saloon directly beneath the Standard Theater, which acquired considerable notoriety last spring, has again opened up at the same location and is running full blast in utter defiance of the authorities. The managers of the game have not taken the slightest apparent precaution towards protecting themselves from police interference, evidently feeling perfectly certain that the men that he did not feel particularly lucky just then, but would doubtless avail himself of their kind invitation at some future time when he would feel more in the humor of wooing the fickle goddess.

In conversation with the men, the larger of the twain said that he was the man under whose auspices the game was conducted. They had only been doing business there during the last few days. "The play is not very heavy just yet," he said, "owing to the fact that not a great many know that we are open. Then again a good many are afraid to play here, fearing that the game will be raided, and all hands locked up. When gambling rooms are raided now all persons caught in them are kept locked up for twenty-four hours before they are allowed to give bail. That scares a good many of them, but there is no danger of that here, and when the people see that the police do not intend to bother us we will do a great business."

The same man vouchsafed the information that the city was full of gamblers and sports of all kinds, who had flocked here from Chicago and other cities where their means of livelihood has recently been prohibited by the authorities.

POLICEMAN LOOKED ON.

After chatting with the men a few minutes longer the reporter passed out into the saloon and encountered a rather sporty-looking individual who asked him if the game was in operation. Upon being informed that owing to the lack of players the game had suspended operations for a while, the man said, "Well, I guess I will wait till evening, then." Upon being asked if he played there frequently, the man replied, "Yes; I have played there a good deal since they opened up."

The Craps Game "Layout."

political "pull" of which they are said to be possessed will provide them with immunity from arrest.

Upon being informed that the game was running again a POST-DISPATCH reporter entered the saloon with the intention of investigating the truth of the rumor. The undertaking was remarkably easy, for, as was said before, not the slightest precaution had been taken to conceal that which was found to be going on in the room referred to.

Passing through the billiard-room, which is in the rear of the saloon, the reporter noticed a door standing wide open in the northeast corner of the billiard-room. This is the entrance to the "small room."

Extending nearly across this room was a crap table of the regulation size and shape. The table was not painted and appeared to have been constructed of common pine. The layout, with the proper numbers displayed in large figures, was exposed in the center of the top of the table, which was covered with the proverbial green cloth. Several piles of silver coin, dollars, halves and quarters, were exposed to full view, occupying a position on the table where they were in easy reach of the dealer's hand.

When the visitor entered the room the game was not in progress. The two men, who afterwards claimed to be those who had charge of things there, were taking their ease on a couple of chairs which stood in the room, but the alacrity with which they jumped from their seats and assumed the proper positions for business showed plainly that lack of custom alone prevented the game being carried on with all the freedom and abandon of a gambling-house located in some mining camp of the far West, where games of chance are considered the necessary attributes to a prosperous community.

INVITED TO SHOOT.

Without so much as even casting a suspicious glance at the newcomer, the larger of the two attendants selected a "set of bones" from a pile lying on the table and, rattling them in his hand, inquired in the most affable manner, while his features lit up with the most seductive smile imaginable, if the visitor did not wish to "shoot a little?" As the question was asked the man glanced curiously at the piles of coin in front of him, probably thinking that the sight of so much money and the possibility of winning a portion of it would be more than the stranger could withstand. The reporter informed the

"Are you not afraid of being arrested?" he was asked.

"Oh, no, there is no danger of that," he said. "I was a little shaky last Sunday, though," he continued. "The game was running full blast, with about a dozen players congregated about the table. The door was wide open, just as you see it now, and there was a good deal of loud talk and exclamations whenever one of the players would make a few passes in succession. All at once I looked up and beheld a big policeman in full uniform standing in the doorway, sizing up the crowd. I was standing near the dealer and I whispered to him under my breath, 'We are pinched, there is a cop standing at the door.' Money was scattered all over the table and I thought the chances for us all to get a ride in the wagon were remarkably good. I was not a little relieved when the dealer turned to me with a laugh and in a loud tone said, "Oh, don't be afraid, there is no danger of being pinched, we have got those fellows fixed all right. Keep right ahead playing, you won't be disturbed.' The truth of the dealer's statement was shown a few minutes later, when the policeman, after having watched the progress of the game to his evident satisfaction, turned on his heel and walked away without even giving as much as a word of warning, and we continued playing as long as we desired."

On taking leave of his visitor the fellow said: "Any time you feel like gambling come down here and you need feel no alarm about being raided. They have got everything fixed."

The saloon, which adjoins the room in which the crap game is operated, is run by James Coughlan, a relative of James Butler, the manager of the Standard Theater.

BULLET IN THE TEMPLE.

Sebastian Wuest, a Laborer, Ends His Life by Shooting.

TRENTON, Ill., Oct. 13.—Sebastian Wuest, a laborer, aged about 30 years, deliberately fired a revolver bullet into his right temple about 4 p. m. yesterday. He was found two hours later. He left an insurance policy of $2,000 to be paid to distant relatives.

Blaze at Ft. Wayne.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 13.—Fire early this morning destroyed the wholesale grocery of Moellering Bros. & Millard, corner Lafayette and Hanna streets. Loss on stock, $40,000; on building, $20,000; fully insured. Origin unknown.

FOR SPORTING NEWS SEE PAGE 5.

BY SEVEN MEN.

Daring Hold-Up at Quantico on the R., F. & P. Railroad.

Amount Which the Robbers Got Estimated as High as $200,000.

THE BANDITS WERE EVIDENTLY RAILROADERS OF EXPERIENCE.

Description of the Rifling of the Express Car as Told by the Messenger—Shots Were Exchanged and Then Dynamite Was Thrown Against the Door, Shattering It—Way Bills Asked For—Col. Shackelford's Story.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 13.—Details of last night's hold-up at Quantico of the northbound express train on the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac Railroad add to its daring character and also tend to show that several of the robber gang were men of experience in the railroad business. Seven men composed the gang and their demand for the waybill when the express messenger declared that one safe was empty and a remark they made to the fireman cautioning him about disconnecting the air brake tubes when he uncoupled the engine on their demand show that some members of the gang had been railroad hands at some time or other. Besides after the engine was uncoupled, it was boarded by the robbers and run by them until near Wide Water Station, a short distance from the scene of the holdup, where they abandoned and sent it ahead, running wild. Express Messenger Crutchfield thinks the booty secured was $150,000 or more. He gave this account of the robbery:

But one robber entered the car. He was of heavy build and dressed like a farmer, although he seemed to thoroughly understand the express business. He had a red handkerchief over the lower part of his face. When the train was stopped I opened the door of my car. The robber fired and shot at me. I fired back and closed the door. He called: "Open the door." I did not do it.

"Open that door or I'll blow the whole car to pieces with dynamite," he called.

Then he threw a stick of dynamite. It struck the door and shattered it from the casing. The force knocked me off my feet. I then opened the door. One robber came in and made me open the safe. He took everything. There was one package which he must have thought contained only papers, for he threw it into the box. It contained $6,000. Then he said, "Open that other safe."

"That is simply a dead-head safe," I said.

"The —— it is," he roared. "Show me your waybill for it."

I started to get the bill and he said: "Keep your hands up. Show me the paper, I'll get it." He looked at the bill and was satisfied that the second safe contained nothing that was through. The man was very cool all the time. He had seven or eight through express pouches, each containing packages of money. How much I can't guess. The man cut a small slit in each pouch and took every package.

THE TRAIN REACHES NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The train which was held up last night on the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac Railroad reached the Pennsylvania Depot at Jersey City at 8 o'clock this morning, bringing with it a badly shattered express car. The Adams Express Co.'s messenger left the train and proceeded at once to the headquarters in New York City. They reported that all of their safes had been rifled by the robbers. It is supposed that the bandits obtained between $150,000 and $200,000.

When the express car, which is one belonging to the Atlantic Coast division, was sidetracked, passengers, passers-by and trainmen gathered around to examine a spectacle unique in the history of railroading in this section. It was found that a heavy door had been splintered by the sticks of dynamite forced into the car by the robbers. In addition to this the marks of the revolver bullets were plainly visible. Every pane of glass in the windows of the car had been shattered by the force of the explosion, and fragments of glass were still scattered over the floor of the car. The officials of the Adams Express Co. in charge of the car at the depot claimed that only the pouches and safes had been ransacked. The other packages in the car remained intact.

Many of the passengers who witnessed the hold-up left the train at Washington and Philadelphia, but a few of them completed the journey to New York City. Trainmen were as usual reticent in discussing the affair, but Col. J. M. Shackleford, a newspaper man who happened to be on board the train at the time, discussed the incident freely, and gave a graphic account of the manner in which the robbers secured their plunder and made their escape. He told the following story:

"About seven or eight miles the other side of Quantico station the train came to a sudden stop. Quantico is located on the Potomac River on the Virginia side. When the train stopped the conductor, M. A. Birdsong, was thus addressed by one of the masked robbers, evidently the Captain of the gang:

"'Throw up your hands or we'll blow your brains out.'

"From the manner in which they arranged the signals for stopping the train, as well as the manner in which they afterwards made their escape, it was evident that several of the gang were experienced railroad men. That they were desperate men was even more evident, and the conductor and fireman lost no time in obeying their instructions, and wisely too, I guess.

"There were at least six or seven masked men, and I could plainly distinguish them all in the clear moonlight in the early evening. In fact so near did they come that in spite of their masks I am almost sure that I could recognize some of them if I could see them again, from certain little peculiarities of dress or speech. When alarmed passengers crowded out of the cars to see what was the matter the robbers fired a perfect fusillade of shots to intimidate them as well as to frighten the railroad men.

"The robbers rifled the express in short order. They put sticks of dynamite under the car and blew it open.

"The manner in which these men got on the train was a mystery at first, but we afterwards discovered that in all probability they boarded the car at Whitebrook Station, a few miles the other side of Quantico Station. They evidently climbed upon the platforms, and while the train was in motion worked their way along the top of the cars until they succeeded in boarding the tender and cab. Then without any ceremony the held up the engineer and fireman. The engineer is named Frank Gallagher. He was an old employe on the road and as brave as could be, the road men tell me, but two or three of the bandits attended to him, while two or three of the others attended to the express messenger and another one or two kept guard on passengers and trainmen. Some of the desperadoes even went so far as to converse in a clever, daring fashion with passengers and trainmen. This made us all the more indignant, but we could do nothing to help ourselves. All of the passengers were cool and collected after the first flush of the excitement was over.

"I remember it struck me as being a humorous thing when we found out after an examination of all of our pockets that we had only one pistol to the entire crowd and that a little bit of a one, and the mischief of it was that it would not work at all when the owner attempted to discharge it at the robbers as they disappeared in the darkness.

"The most novel thing in the entire proceeding was the way in which the robbers escaped. They cut the engine loose, piled their plunder into the cab and then the whole crowd piled in upon top of it. They turned on steam and started for Quantico Station as fast as the thing would run, leaving us stalled in the middle of the road. The conductor and engineer pursued the engine on foot as fast as they could run for several miles. Reaching Quantico Station they found that the desperadoes had turned the engine loose, that it was running wild, and that through the cleverness of the operater it had been side-tracked and ditched just in time to prevent a collision with a south-bound train.

"Everything seemed to come their way. At any rate they had the thing well planned and it was well executed. They had a boat it readiness near Quantico Station, and we all thought that they succeeded in getting across to the mainland shore with their plunder.

"I was told that they overlooked one pouch in the car in their hurry. I don't know just how much they got away with, but some of the train men thought it must amount to at least $150,000 or possibly $200,000. The express messengers did the best they conld to prevent the robbers from getting into their car, but the dynamite and the revolvers of the gang were enough to daze any man weaken. They threatened to kill the messengers on the spot if they refused to open the safe. The messengers refused to yield to their demands until the captain of the gang said: 'I'll give you just thirty seconds to get to work.' Then the men gave in. That is a fine business. It used to be a profession, then an art, now it's a trade."

The Adams Express Co. is not informed as to the amount of money secured by the robbers. Mr. L. C. Weir, President of the Adams Express Co., said to-day, as the way-bills were destroyed they could not judge as yet the amount of money lost. It was probable that all packages received at points south of the robbery were gone and it will take some time to ascertain the loss. Detectives have been sent for from New York, Philadelphia and Washington to gather clews.

Express Messenger B. F. Crutchfield, who came to the general offices here this morning, left with the detective from New York. It is the belief of Mr. Weir that he has gone South with the detectives to help them in their work.

THREE MASKED MEN

Hold Up Yarnell's Gambling Room at Denver for $400.

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 13.—At an early hour to-day three masked men entered Sam Yarnell's gambling rooms and flourishing revolvers commanded the half dozen men in the place to throw up their hands. They complied and the bandits seized all the money in sight. They got about $400.

OVER $50,000

Booty Secured by the Robbers of the Central Overland.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Oct. 13.—Over $50,000 was the value of the booty secured by the two train robbers who held up the Central Overland train on the Southern Pacific between this city and Davisville. It is doubtful whether a richer haul was ever made by robbers in this State. Certainly there was never a more skillfully planned or more boldly executed hold-up of a train.

The robbers throughout showed themselves to be cool men with more brains than are possessed by the average man who goes out with a gun and a bomb to take that which is not his own from two corporations whose power is greater and whose arms are long. The bravery and intelligence shown by the highwaymen were such as to lead the officers to expect a long, hard chase.

Wells, Fargo & Co. and the Southern Pacific Railroad recognize the fact that they have no ordinary criminals to deal with; consequently they are exerting every effort, putting forth every energy to run down the men and their rich loot.

The two corporations have offered a reward of $2,500 for the capture of each of the robbers and $5,000 for the recovery of the coin. This is in addition to the usual State reward. The rewards are sufficiently large to put the most skilled detectives and the bravest officers on their trail. They are beginning to gather and take the trail. Every clew is being followed, every mark examined, every theory given a hearing. As yet, however, the robbers are free. They secured four fat sacks of coin. Three were full of good red gold. In one was the less valuable white metal. Two of the sacks contained $20,000 each. In the third was the sum of $10,000. The fourth sack was full of silver, and it is presumed the full booty of the robbers was between $51,000 and $53,000. Where the money was to go, the Wells-Fargo officials did not say. The weight of the plunder was so great that it is supposed the marauders must have cached it near the place where they left the engine. Every clew is traced to a finish and it seems impossible that the robbers can escape, if they are, as is supposed, in this city. The detectives are working on three different theories. All of these theories agree that the men are exemployes of the Southern Pacific and reside in this city. It is claimed that the manner in which the robbery was conducted bears out this supposition beyond a doubt.

One of the theories is that one of the robbers buried the money in the woods, and after disposing of their arms, masks and linen dusters, crossed the bridge into Sacramento, where they lived.

Those opposed to this theory claim to believe the money was buried somewhere in the neighborhood of where the engine was reversed and sent back, but that the robbers crossed to the Sacramento side of the river in a boat which they had feither stolen for the occasion or which was furnished by a confederate. The other theory, and the one that seems to have a large number of adherents, is that the men had a buggy standing near by, into which they loaded the money and then drove up the river to a spot where they had a confederate awaiting their arrival with a boat, by means of which they could row across and enter the city from the north or the east side. Traces of a buggy in the soft ground near the track has been discovered.

Another circumstance in line with this theory is that a buggy has been missing from a stable in this city since the afternoon preceding the robbery.

THE WEATHER.

Fair and Cooler To-Night—Warmer To-Morrow.

(INDICATIONS OF FLAGS: Triangular—Temperature; so that top, warmer at bottom, cooler. Blue—Precipitation. White—Fair weather. Thus: Blue, white and triangular—Snow, rain or sleet, followed by fair and cooler weather.)

Forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Fair Saturday night and Sunday; cooler Saturday night, with probable frosts in the suburbs; warmer Sunday.

Forecast for Missouri: To-night colder; Sunday fair weather; northeast winds, becoming southeast.

A decided fall in temperature has occurred in the Lower Missouri and Upper Mississippi Valleys. It is warmer from the Lower Ohio Valley eastward to the coast, and also in the Canadian Northwest.

Rain has been quite general from the Mississippi eastward, except in the South Atlantic States, and also is reported from Arkansas, Central and Eastern Texas.

Col. Harper at Cuba, Ill.

CUBA, Ill., Oct. 13.—Col. Jesse Harper of Danville closed his campaign of Fulton County at Fairview this afternoon, and is billed to address the people here to-night. The Populists, for whom he speaks, are claiming large gains in Fulton County, and some apprehension is felt among both Democrats and Republicans at the dissatisfaction.

AN AUTUMNAL FESTIVITY ASSOCIATION.

Razzle Dazzle, Razzle Dazzle.

OCCUPIED BY FORCE.

Venezuelan Army Takes Possession of the Cuyuni Valley.

BRITISH POLICE DRIVEN OFF AND SETTLERS TERRORIZED.

Georgetown, Capital of British Guiana, Greatly Agitated by This Sudden Movement—Trouble Caused by a Boundary Line Dispute—The Region Claimed by Both Countries Very Valuable.

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Special Cablegram to the POST-DISPATCH.

KINGSTON, Jamica, Oct. 13.—The Venezuelan forces have crossed Yuruari Terri tory and have occupied the Cuyuni Valley region, driving off the British police. The terrorized settlers and miners are impatiently awaiting assistance. Georgetown, the capital and principal town of British Guiana, has become greatly agitated over this sudden move on the part of the Venezuelans. The Venezuelan Consul at Georgetown denies that it is the act of his government.

The boundary line between the Republic of Venezuela on the west and British Guiana on the east has long been in dispute. The region claimed by both countries has valuable mines, including rich gold mines. Venezuela, unable to bring the British Government to arbitration or other satisfactory terms, broke off diplomatic relations some time ago and declared a tariff war. Now it appears she has seized the territory which she declares Great Britain had trespassed upon. Venezuela is weak compared with Great Britain's forces in the territory, and is rent by internal strife, but she seems nevertheless to have the courage of her claims.

The Venezuelan Government is forcing conscription all over the country. Work has been suspended on roads and railways. Even men who were repairing bridges destroyed by the floods have been forced into the army.

The Government is preparing for the inevitable revolution. Working men prefer joining the rebels to serving as conscripts, and are making their way to Area and Coro. Two journalists arrested for criticising the conscription have been pressed into the ranks.

HAD NO AUTHORITY.

Shellabarger's Argument in the Chapman and Macartney Sugar Case.

THE INDICTMENTS NOT JUSTIFIED BY THE RESOLUTIONS.

To Support His Contention He Cited the Decision of the Supreme Court in the Kilbourn Case—Contempt Proceedings in the House Discussed—General Washington News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 13.—Mr. Shellabarger continued his argument to-day in the case of Chapman and McCartney, indicted for refusing to answer questions before the Senate Sugar Investigating Committee. He criticised the innuendoes in the indictments which explain each statement contained therein. The resolution under which the indictments were made, he asserted, do not give the committee authority to require or compel answers to the questions asked. He then reverted to the Kilbourn case and the decision of the Supreme Court therein. It was, he said, the absence of an avowal in the Kilbourn resolution of any intent or purpose on the part of the House to make the investigation in aid of either the judicial or the executive functions of that body, which justified the court in reaching the conclusion that the resolution did not give the House any jurisdiction to punish for contempt.

Mr. Shellabarger analyzed the Senate resolution. There was nothing in it or the indictments, he said, that showed an avowed purpose on the part of the Senate in making its investigation to base any action of the Senate, either judicial or legislative, upon what might be discovered by the committee touching the dealing in Sugar stock by Senators. On the contrary the resolution showed affirmatively and expressly that the Senate did not contemplate basing any action against any Senator unless charges should be filed before the committee against any Senator. He asserted that the court's decision in the Kilbourn case thoroughly covered the present case.

Discussing contempt proceedings in the House of Congress, Mr. Shellabarger insisted that where a legislative body is making an investigation or taking steps looking to the compulsory production of private papers such steps are judicial in their nature and must be pursued according to the fundamental rules which apply to judicial proceedings. Mr. Shellabarger declared:

"In order to give jurisdiction to compel disclosure of private affairs it must expressly and affirmatively appear by the record that the investigation is resorted to in aid of the judicial powers of the legislative body, or in aid of some expressly avowed and contemplated legislation and that any and all statutes compelling the disclosure of private affairs otherwise than in such judicial proceedings as that just stated, are unconstitutional and void."

Mr. Shellabarger in his conclusions found that "there is not only nothing to show that the investigation aimed at the aid of legislation or aimed at the action upon the judicial powers named in said paragraph of the syllabus in the Kilbourn case; but the whole scope, body and connection of the resolution shows that so far as related to speculation in Sugar stocks, the object of the investigation was the very proper one and was confined to the freeing of the Senators, one and all, of the suspicions which were calculated to be excited by newspaper charges made against them regarding their speculations during the pendency of the tariff bill in the Senate in Sugar stocks."

Capital Notes.

Importers of Brazilian goods will file claims against the United States for damages, consequent upon the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty with Brazil by the operation of the new tariff law. The aggregate amount may reach $1,000,000.

Authorities of Floyd County, Ga., want to issue county bonds and to use them as currency. Solicitor Reaves of the Treasury says that this is lawful.

DRUNKEN RIOT

Results in a Killing and the Wounding of Four Others.

Michael Paloski, a Slav, the Perpetrator of the Wholesale Shooting.

TOO UNOFFENDING GIRLS THE FIRST VICTIMS OF HIS SHOT-GUN.

As the Wounded Young Women Were Being Carried to a Place of Safety Paloski Fired Again, John Moore Receiving Part of the Charge—John Jenkins, Attempting an Arrest, Became the Next Victim—Boy's Head Blown Off—Crime News.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 13.—As a result of a drunken riot last night at Maltby, a small Hungarian settlement near this city, one person was instantly killed. The killed and injured are:

GEORGE SIVOSKI, aged 17 years, head blown to pieces.

LIZZIE FOSKY, aged 15, shot in the back and abdomen; cannot recover.

JOHN JENKINS, aged 28 years, shot in the abdomen and left hand blown off; cannot live.

MAGGIE MOORE, aged 14, shot in the arm and both legs; will recover.

THOMAS MOORE, aged 23 years, shot in both legs, left knee shattered; will recover.

A Slav named Michael Paloski was the cause of the wholesale shooting of human game. Early in the evening Paloski became intoxicated and going into the saloon of Jno. Moore, started a quarrel. He was ordered from the saloon, and becoming enraged at this kind of treatment, started for home to procure a shotgun. He got the gun and on his way back to the saloon he encountered Dan Ryan, who was sitting on his porch, together with Lizzie Fosky and Maggie Moore.

Ryan advised Paloski to go home, but the latter, who was in a terrible rage, raised his gun and fired. The two girls received most of the shot and fell to the floor screaming with pain and blood spurting from their wounds. John Moore, who had been attracted by the shooting, quickly picked up his sister and Ryan gathered up the Fosky girl in his arms and both made a rush for the door to escape the enraged Slav. Before the men were able to get inside of the door the drunken fiend emptied the contents of the second barrel into the girls, Moore receiving part of the load in his knee.

The shooting attracted a large crowd and Paloski was joined by two of his countrymen, who were also supplied with guns. John Jenkins attempted to arrest Paloski, when he fired a load of shot in his stomach. The crowd then rushed upon the Slavs and attempted to disarm them, but the three men escaped to their boarding-house and barricaded the door. The three men thrust their heads through a window and threatened to kill the first person attempting to enter. The crowd began to fall back, and as they did so one of the three men fired, but the shot had no effect.

People living on the opposite side of the street were attracted by the shooting, and had their heads out of the windows. One of these was John Sivoski. One of the Slavs, seeing the head of the boy, took deliberate aim and fired, the full charge striking the unfortunate boy on the left side of the head tearing half of his head and face away. The boy fell dead.

The terror-stricken neighbors closed their windows and barricaded their doors. The Slavs, finding no human beings to shoot at, turned their guns on lighted windows, posts and trees and anything their fancy suggested.

After all had become quiet several men, armed with revolvers and shotguns, went to the house to arrest the murderers. The door of the house was found open, however, and the men were nowhere to be found. They had deserted their quarters. They are arrested at Kingston this morning on suspicion of having been connected with the shooting. Two guns carried by the murderers were found in a pond near by.

FOUR CARS BURNED

Result of a Railroad Accident Near East St. Louis.

A rear-end collision occurred on the Big Four Railroad at Newport, near East St. Louis, at 7 a. m., which delayed the passenger train from New York nearly two hours. All trains behind No. 7 were also delayed. No. 7, the Big Four's passenger train from New York, was coming in at about twenty miles an hour when it ran into the rear end of a freight train. Four of the freight cars were derailed and caught fire from the engine to which they were attached. The engineer and fireman of the passenger train saw the impending collision in time to jump and save themselves from injury. Considerable damage was done to the locomotive of the passenger train and the passengers were severely shaken up, but none of them sustained any injury. Two freight cars were totally destroyed by fire and the others were more or less damaged.

Washington University Frauds.

Washington University officials complain that two young men representing themselves to be students of the school defrauded merchants by claiming that they were members of the Printing Committee of the *Review of Sports*, a publication which they alleged was to be issued by the college faculty and students and soliciting advertisements for the paper. It is claimed that they also solicited advertisements for *Seminary Life*, which they claimed was to be issued by the Mary Institute faculty and pupils. The University authorities state that no such publications are issued at the school and that the men are frauds.

Pillsy and Flannigan at Gallatin.

GALLATIN, Mo., Oct. 13.—C. I. Pillsy and John Flannigan are here to-day to address the Republicans.

OUT OF THE CHURCH

Col. Breckinridge's Cup of Punishment Filled to the Brim.

SUSPENDED FROM COMMUNION BY MT. HOREB CONGREGATION.

Statement by the Pastor, Rev. Charles T. Thompson, Justifying the Action—Breckinridge Had Confessed His Guilt and Asked for Prayers, But Public Good Demanded His Suspension.

PARIS, Ky., Oct. 13.—Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge has been suspended from communion by Mount Horeb Church in Lafayette County. The pastor of the church, Rev. Charles T. Thompson, gives the following statement of the action of the church:

"On last Sunday morning at the Mount Horeb Church the pastor read publicly the action of the church concerning Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge, who had made to them a confession of his guilt and asked the prayers and love of his brethren in leading a Christian life.

"The unanimous decision of the officers was that while accepting his repentance as sincere and heartfelt the great publicity of the sin made public action necessary, so he was suspended from the sacraments till Feb. 1, 1895. The law of the Prebyterian Church book of church orders, paragraph 158, is: 'Definite suspension is administered when the credit of religion, the honor of Christ and the good of the offender demand it, even though he may have given satisfaction to the court.'"

ROME IN POLITICS.

Subject of a Sensational Address by Gen. T. J. Morgan.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 13.—Gen. T. J. Morgan, Indian Commissioner under Harrison, in an address before the State Baptist Convention on "Rome in Politics," made a bitter attack on the Catholic Church, which, he declared, was a political organization. The Pope, he said, would soon try to have the Ablegate recognized at Washington as an Ambassador from a political sovereignty. He charged the Catholics with securing the defeat of Harrison on account of his administration of Indian affairs. He asserted that ninety-nine out of every 100 Catholics were Democrats, only enough remaining Republican to keep up the appearances. He referred to Archbishop Ireland as a man who carries a United States Senator in his vest pocket for convenient use and that Archbishops of America were at this moment behind close doors plotting against free schools and the free institutions of America.

Religious Notes.

At the convention of the Lutheran Synod at Fairfield, Io., officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Over 700 delegates were in attendance at the ninth annual convention of the Nebraska Society of Christian Endeavor at Lincoln, Neb.

Rev. Dr. J. K. Black, for the past three years pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Quincy, Ill., has been received into the Protestant Episcopal Church.

The Western Lutheran Synod at St. Charles, Mo., passed a resolution to furnish literature to the inmates of the Penitentiaries at Jefferson City, and Little Rock, Ark.

The Latter-Day Saints' Sunday-school convention, which convened at El Dorado Springs, Mo., was attended by a large number of delegates from all parts of the district.

SYNOD ADJOURNED.

Ordination Services to Be Held at St. Mark's Sunday Night.

The English Lutheran Synod of Central Illinois, which has been in session at St. Mark's English Lutheran Church, Cardinal and Bell avenues, adjourned at noon. The delegates are spending the afternoon at the Exposition. They will remain in the city to take part in the ordination services at St. Mark's, Sunday night. The closing session was begun at 10 a. m. Rev. E. H. Kitch conducted the devotional exercises and Rev. W. N. Beck offered prayer at the opening of the business session. The synod decided to contribute $800 for the purchase of a stained glass window for the Luther Memorial Church at Quincy, Ill. The window will represent Luther nailing the famous theses to the church door. The Apportionment Committee recommended that the officers of the synod be constituted a permanent committee on systematic charities. Rev. B. F. Fullerton, pastors of the Lucas Avenue Cumberland Presbyterian Church, was introduced and he made a brief address to the Synod. It was decided that the next meeting of the synod be at Mount Carmel, Ill., Oct. 9, 1895. The Committee on Vacant Parishes reported that the parishes without pastors were Nokomis, Ware's Grove, St. Elmo, Minden, West Point and Macon, Ill.

St. Peter's New Altar.

At the morning service on Sunday at St. Peter's Church, Bishop Tuttle will preach and also dedicate the new altar erected by Mrs. George A. Hawes in memory of her husband. The altar is of white marble, with recess, supported at the corners with two angels with extended wings, and beautifully carved. The front consists of a single slab, with the symbols, Alpha and Omega and I. H. S., in intaglio. The retable is carved with the customary "Holy, Holy, Holy," and the ends contain the memorial inscription and the words "All Glory be to Thee, O Lord."

The rector, Rev. William Short, will preach at night on "Gehazi's Covetousness."

EXCITING CONTESTS.

Buck Taylor's Wild West Show at Sportsman's Park Sunday.

Buck Taylor's Wild West show will give its farewell performances at Sportsman's Park Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock and in the evening at 8 o'clock. The special feature at the show will be a ladies' hurdle race for a $25 medal; a five-mile relay race, the riders changing horses twenty times. The contestants will be Cowboy Frank and Buck Taylor's champion lightweight rough rider, Luke Compher, and the prize $50. The Indian foot race by champion runners of the Sioux nation, Black Hawk and Bounding Deer, will be for a purse of $25. There will also be a challenge lasso contest by California Frank and Lasso Mac against Buck Taylor's boss boy Doc Goodin, the "Arizona Kid." Bucking broncbos are to be ridden, and of one them is called the Illinois Terror, to be brought from Vandalia.

In this contest Buck Trylor and Doc Goodin's brother, back their favorite against the other two and have put up a purse of $100.

There will also be a number of other attractive features.

Butler Fined.

John A. Butler, a waiter, 35 years of age, was fined $5 by Judge Paxson for disturbing the peace and damaging the property of Mrs. Sarah McClung. Mrs. McClung keeps a restaurant on Franklin avenue, between Fourth street and Broadway. She charged that Butler, who had formerly been employed there, came into her cafe, and after eating a meal refused to pay for the victuals he had surrounded. He became abusive and violent, too, it is charged, and Officer Mahon arrested him.

WILL BE "ST." LOUIS

The President of the American Line Accedes to the Citizens' Request.

Secretary Morgan of the Merchants' Exchange has received a reply from President Griscom of the International Navigation Co., to his letter in regard to the naming of the transatlantic liner and the testimonial to be given it. It is quite extended and speaks very warmly of the high appreciation the company holds of the interest taken in the new vessel by the citizens of St. Louis. It reads:

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 11, 1894.

George H. Morgan, Esq., Merchants' Exchange, St. Louis, Mo.:

DEAR SIR—I have the honor to confirm my telegram of the 6th inst., and desire to give further expression to the warm appreciation by our company of the great interest being shown by the citizens of St. Louis in the twin-screw passenger and mail steamship we are building, which is to be named in honor of your great city, and we shall give a cordial welcome to your representative committee appointed to attend the launching. This event is fixed for Monday, noon, Nov. 12.

It is the wish of the International Navigation Co. to adopt for our steamer's name that orthography which your city officially recognized, but we cannot adopt the words "City of," our company having within two or three years found it desirable to drop these words from the names of all our steamers named for cities.

We are gratified by the desire of your citizens to present the "St. Louis" with a testimonial that will identify the steamship more closely with your city and her citizens. A suite of flags will be appropriate and very acceptable, but what we shall most appreciate will be the continuing good will of your citizens towards this steamship and the efforts of the International Navigation Co. to keep the flag of our country successfully afloat on a fleet of transatlantic steamships that shall be the pride of our countrymen—that shall be remunerative to those who are supporting us with their capital, and that shall be valuable to our Government for carrying the mails in time of peace and available as unequaled armed cruisers in time of war.

In reply to your inquiry we think the most appropriate time for presenting the testimonial you have under consideration will be when the steamer is completed and just prior to embarking on her first voyage, which will probably be early next spring. Launching always takes place before engines and outfits are on board, and it will take about six months to complete her after launching. Christening the steamship is the only ceremony at the time of launching.

The Chairman of our Executive Committee, H. H. Houston, Esq., and I expect to arrive at Planters' Hotel, St Louis, on Saturday evening, 20th inst., on the annual inspection trip of the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., and to remain until Sunday evening, 21st inst. While in your city we shall be glad to meet you and any of your committee and give you any information you may desire. Yours sincerely,

CLEMENT A. GRISCOM, President.

It has already been arranged for the Executive Committee of the Merchants' Exchange to meet President Griscom and Mr. Houston on their arrival, when the first arrangements for the christening will be made.

The soliciting of subscriptions for the testimonial goes busily on. Although the presentation will not occur until next spring, such matters take time and the Finance Committee wishes to be rather beforehand than late. It hopes to be able to report the amount the citizens are willing to subscribe by Oct. 20. Then the Executive Committee will be able to take up the matter of selecting and preparing the testimonial.

HOFFMAN'S CALL.

It Resulted in His Being Terribly Beaten by a Crowd.

Mary Connors, a middle-aged woman, her 20-year-old daughter, Maggie, and Jennie Donnelly, all living in the neighborhood of 735 South Second street, and Harry Hoffman, an ex-omnibus driver, were defendants before Judge Morris charged with disturbing the peace. They were arrested near the Connors woman's residence by Officers Clarke and Hallowood of the Central District. Hoffman, who lives near Twentieth street and Franklin avenue, went to visit the Connors house and, it is said, he had no sooner reached the neighborhood than he was assaulted by a crowd of young men and women who knocked him down and kicked him unmercifully. To-day both his eyes and his face were discolored, and all he could remember was that he had been beaten by a gang.

There was no evidence that the women had anything to do with the assault, but as Maggie Connors and Jennie Donnelly had used bad language on the occasion they were each fined $5. The other defendants were discharged.

WASHINGTON WAY.

A New Thoroughfare in the West End—Real Estate News.

A new way between Washington boulevard and Olive street, to be known as Washington way, will be opened for the convenience of residents of Washington boulevard who wish to get to Olive street without walking around that long block between Whittier street and Pendleton avenue. R. Park Von Wedelstaedt sold to the Missouri Railway Co. 10x244 feet on the south side of Washington boulevard 384 feet west of Whittier street, and Pat Short of the Olympic Theater sold them 10 feet on Olive street, just opposite, so that a ten-foot way can now be opened. The new way will now be paved with granitoid, full width.

Storm & Parish report the following sales: Westminster place, south side, between Vandeventer avenue and Sarah street, 80x142½ feet of ground for $90 a foot, from the Equitable Realty Co. to Albert Slevin, who will improve the lot with a residence.

4004 Cook avenue—No. 4004, a nine-room modern brick dwelling with 80x145 feet of ground for $6,500, from S. G. Hatch to Anna C. Graham.

The Mathews-Sharp Real Estate Co. report the sale of a ten-room brick dwelling, No. 3964 West Belle place, with 60x155 feet of ground, for $12,000, from Norman Brown to Wilson Kaye.

TOO FULL OF ELECTRICITY.

Henry Demuth Explains to Judge Morris Why He Cannot Work.

Henry Demuth, a middle-aged man, with a wild glare in his eye, about sixteen inches of hirsute adornment on his face and head, and his feminine-like form clad in a suit of odd pieces, all of which were plucked too soon, was a defendant before Judge Morris for living idly. He was arrested near Lafayette Park by Officer Connolly of the Second District. Henry pleaded not guilty, and when Judge Morris asked him to explain why he lived idly he said: "Judge it's no use to send me to the Workhouse. I can't do a thing. I'm too full of electricity to work, else I would have been working long ago."

Judge Morris told him he thought he would give him a chance to subdue his electricity in the Work-house and fined him $10.

SOLD HIS POTATOES.

But Farmer Schutz Says His Agent Kept the Money.

Conrad Schutz, a farmer living two miles from Venice, Ill., came to town with a load of potatoes. At the Round-Top Market, at Broadway and Biddle streets, he met Chas. Ferguson, who engaged to sell him potatoes. Ferguson was to get all over 60 cents a bushel for himself. He and Shutz drove out to the Hotel Beers, at Grand avenue and Olive street, where Ferguson sold ten bushels for 65 cents a bushel. He went into another yard ostensibly to try to sell some more potatoes and skipped out with the money, it is alleged. He was arrested by Officer Satchwell and a warrant issued against him. He is married and lives on Valentine street, between Second and Third streets.

Better than Puck or Judge—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Firebugs in Iowa.

LYONS, Io., Oct. 13.—Last night incendiaries followed up their work at Fulton by setting fire to the buildings of the Fulton Trotting Park Association. One barn was totally destroyed. James D. Mulich, a stranger, was arrested on the grounds under suspicious circumstances, and one man ran away and was fired upon by the police, but escaped.

Better than Puck or Judge—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

ROBBED OF $1,202.

Emma Brostmeier's Pocket Picked at the Union Station.

ALL EXCEPT TWO DOLLARS OF THE SUM WAS IN CHECKS.

Payment Has Been Stopped on Them—Supposed That the Theft Was Committed After the Woman Had Passed Through the Gates and Was Getting on the Train—Police News.

Emma Brostmeier, who resides at Connant, near Pinkneyville, Ill., while getting on a train at the Union Station at 8 o'clock a. m. had her pocket picked for a purse containing $2 in money and three checks for $800, $380 and $50 respectively. She was also relieved of her railroad ticket to Pinkneyville.

The theft must have been committed as she stepped aboard the train, for when she passed through the gate she had her railroad ticket. She noticed a young man close behind her, as she entered the car, but she cannot give an accurate description of him. Payment on the checks has been stopped.

She Claimed the Chain.

Pauline Noble of 718 South Third street caused the arrest of Jake Wilson, About eighteen months ago Miss Noble lost a gold watch and chain valued at $150. She claims to have just seen the chain of her watch in Wilson's possession and notified Officer Lawton, who took him into custody. It is said that Wilson claimed to have had a watch in pawn for $12. Application for a warrant was made and refused for want of better evidence. Miss Noble insists that the chain Wilson was wearing is her property.

A Faust Waiter Assaulted.

Theodore Meyer, a waiter at Tony Faust's restaurant at the Exposition, called at the prosecuting attorney's office and complained that a tailor at 810 Pine street named McGee assaulted him on Sept. 30. Meyer was referred to the Police Court.

HIS FATHER DEAD.

Murderer James Fitzgerald Wants Permission to Attend the Funeral.

Attorney Marshall McDonald applied in the Criminal Court for permission for James Fitzgerald, who is under sentence of death for killing his sweetheart, Annie Naessens, in South St. Louis, on Nov. 24, last, to attend his father's funeral Sunday. The father, John Fitzgerald, died last Thursday at his home, 6722 Sixth Sixth street. Judge Edmunds looked up the statutes and found that he had not the power to make any order in the matter. It is discretionary with the Sheriff. Judge Edmunds said that he had no objections to offer if the Sheriff saw fit, and the matter was referred to Sheriff Staed.

SUNK IN A FOG.

French Vessel Alice Collides With the Balder—Six Drowned.

ANTWERP, Oct. 13.—The French vessel Alice was sunk during a fog early to-day by the Swedish ship Balder, on the river Scheldt. Six of the crew of the Alice were drowned.

ELECTION FRAUDS.

Andrew Scott, Colored, Charged With Illegal Registration.

Andrew Scott, a negro, was arrested by Detectives Danaher and Maroney charged with illegal registration. It is said that Scott a couple of days ago called at the Recorder of Voters' office and asked to be transferred from 763 South Second street to 6618 Water street—from the First to the Thirteenth Ward. The transfer was made and an investigation followed. It was found in the police report that Scott did not reside at 6618 Water street, but that his present address is 208 Cedar street. He was originally registered from this latter place. Scott is about 50 years old.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

SYLVIA MILLER.

A Conference to Be Held by Her Parents Sunday.

Little Sylvia Miller is still with her mother, Mrs. Sarah Miller, and arrangements have been made for a conference Sunday between Betzold and his former wife with a view to reaching an amicable adjustment of their difficulties. The father claims that notwithstanding the wife was given the custody of the children by the court in November, 1893, when a decree of divorce was granted, she nevertheless relinquished all rights to Sylvia when she gave her over to him for support. It is not improbable that he will yet institute legal proceedings to determine the question of custody.

Sylvia Miller.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

To Discuss Immigrant Business.

A meeting of the Advisory Committee of the Western Passenger Association will be held in New York next week to discuss the division of immigrant business between the trunk lines and the lines of the Western Passenger Association.

Advisory committee is composed of eight general passenger agents of the lines of the Western Association. Mr. H. C. Townsend is chairman of the committee, and he, in company with the other St. Louis members, will leave for New York to-morrow night.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Speaking at Bowling Green.

BOWLING GREEN, Mo., Oct. 13.—A crowd, estimated at 2,000, assembled in McAllister's Opera House here yesterday afternoon to listen to speeches made by Mrs. Waddell and Gov. Stone—the former on taxation, the latter on free coinage of silver.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

You will never be happy so long as you wear poor shoes, especially shoes that do not fit.

Your money back if you want it. — Men's, women's, children's and babies'.

SMITH & STOUGHTON, 610 Olive.

BODY MISSING.

Mystery of the Tragic Ferryboat Suicide Still Unsolved.

There seems to be little chance for identification of the unknown man who so tragically ended his life on the ferryboat Florence until the body shall have been recovered from the river into which it fell from the deck of the boat. The only clew by which it was possible to identify the suicide was a cash receipt from the Meacham Arms Co. for 90 cents, and the salesman, F. Cyran, who made out the receipt, has no recollection, whatever, of the man to whom he gave it. The purchase for which the check was made out was for fifty shells for a shot gun.

The suicide occurred while the boat was making her last trip from the Missouri to the Illinois shore at 6 p. m. The only passengers when the Florence left her dock at the foot of Sidney street were two men. One of them was an acquaintance of R. M. Johnson, the ticket collector, and the other was the unknown suicide. After collecting the fares Mr. Johnson sat down on a seat and entered into conversation with his friend. Their backs were to the stranger who was standing with his back leaned up against the bulkhead between the ladies' and gentlemen's cabins on the lower deck. The watchman was in the gentlemen's cabin. He picked up a bucket and started to the other end of the boat to get some coal. As he came out of the cabin he met the stranger walking toward the rail. He went to the bunker, filled his bucket, and as he turned to go back into the cabin saw the stranger in the act of killing himself.

Across the place where the teams drive onto the boat a guard rail is placed when the boat is on her trips. The stranger had climbed under this and stood out on the guard, his left arm thrown around the rail while his right hand held a revolver with the muzzle at his temple. Even while the watchman was looking at him he pulled the trigger, the bullet entered his head, his left arm slowly loosened its grasp, and without a cry, he plunged headlong into the dark waters.

The boat was about 300 feet from the Illinois shore and was just turning to make the landing. As the body fell into the water the boat swung around and passed directly over it. The report of the shot had attracted Mr. Johnson, the passengers and all the employes, who peered anxiously into the river to catch a glimpse of the corpse. But it never rose. Not even the hat or any of the man's apparel came to the surface. Near where he stood was found the receipt from the Meacham Arms Co., referred to, but even this may have been dropped by some hunters who passed over on a previous trip.

Mr. Johnson describes the suicide as about 6 feet tall, well dressed, in a dark suit with a slouch hat, about 35 years old, and says the only beard of his face was a mustache. He spoke not a word to anyone, and the indications are that he went on to the boat with the sole purpose of taking his life. The engineer thinks he saw the same man on the boat a day or two ago. He was then going from the Illinois to the Missouri shore.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Marriage Licenses.

John R. Anderson ..... 1906 Pepper st
Emma Gregory ..... 826 S. 10th st

J. H. Schwalm ..... 2921 Lambdin av
J. Alice McCool ..... 2921 Lambdin av

Michael Stevenson ..... 1407 Stuart pl
Nellie McCool ..... 2921 Lambdin av

Burial Permits.

Robert S. Dixon, 65 yrs., 914 Garrison av.; kidney disease.

Thomas J. Blood, 31 yrs., 3609 Finney av.; consumption.

Lizzie Krueger, 53 yrs., 2094½ S. Broadway; kidney disease.

Horace Eells, 31 yrs., 19 S. 22d st.; dysentery.

Michael Shea, 58 yrs., 3730 North Market st.; inflammation of the bowels.

Mrs. Kate E. Murphy, 37 yrs., 3229 Bell av.; inflammation of the stomach.

Anna Szychouski, 2 mos., 4525 Pennsylvania av.; convulsions.

William Clark, 2 yrs., 3529 Manchester rd.; croup.

Philippine Gabriel, 1 yr., 1418 N. 10th st.; pneumonia.

Mary M. Davies, 78 yrs., 3921 Bay st.; inflammation of the bowels.

Geo. H. Schindler, 17 yrs., 2828 S. 2d st.; typhoid fever.

Patrick Cody, 61 yrs., 6020 N. Broadway; apoplexy.

Fredericka Redsker, 6 mos., 2226 Gravois av.; teething.

John Barne, 1 yr., 2616 S. 2d st.; marasmus.

Freddie Klinkmann, 1 yr., 1286 N. 10th st.; blood disease.

Otto C. Egner, 8 mos., 2909 Salena st.; croup.

Joseph Hubert, 10 yrs., St. Louis Mullanphy Hospital; pneumonia.

Charles Warfield, 1 yr., 2662 Lucas av.; marasmus.

Virginia Beacharn, 65 yrs., 619 Lucas av.; inflammation of the bowels.

Joseph Zertanna, 10 yrs., 4371 Donovan av.; meningitis.

Ida Davis, 26 yrs., 406 S. 13th st.; appendicitis.

Fred Seiz, 44 yrs., 811 N. 22d st.; heart disease.

Neal McNeal, 36 yrs., City Hospital; pneumonia.

Francis Byrnes, 3 yrs., 4126 Lexington av.; broncho-pneumonia.

Blanche Barnard, 210 S. 6th st.; exhaustion from operation.

James J. Cunningham, 27 yrs., 3626 Clark av.; dropsy of the heart.

Chas. Mueller, 69 yrs., City Hospital; blood disease.

Nathan Sutton, 75 yrs., City Hospital; alcoholism.

Frank Henry Bredemann, 6 months, 2126 Randolph st.; marasmus.

DEATHS.

JORDAN—On Friday, Oct. 12, 1894, at 1:30 o'clock a. m., JACOB JORDAN, beloved husband of Helena Jordan, nee Straub, aged 70 years.

The funeral will take place Sunday, 14th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, 2612 Sarah street, to St. Mathew's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

M'LAUGHLIN—On Thursday, Oct. 11, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., JAMES MCLAUGHLIN, son of James and the late Mary McLaughlin, brother of Mary, Nora, John and Willie McLaughlin.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 1552 North Second street, on Sunday, Oct. 14, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

ROMAN—Friday, Oct. 12, at 7 a. m., LOUIS ROMAN, aged 30 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, Oct. 14, at 1:30 p. m., from his late residence, 1529½ North Jefferson avenue.

WEBB—On Saturday, Oct. 13, at 1 o'clock a. m., CHARLES R. WEBB, Jr., son of Charles R. and Katherine J. Webb, aged 1 year and 11 days.

Funeral from family residence, 5060 Wells avenue, Sunday, Oct. 14, at 2 p. m.

YOUNG—On Thursday, Oct. 11, at 2:15 a. m., ROSIE YOUNG, the beloved daughter of Miss. Willie Young, formerly Mrs. Young, in her 15th year.

Funeral on Sunday, Oct. 14, at 1:30 p. m., from the residence, 2008A Bernard street, to St. Malachy's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Every Drop of Water

Swallowed is immediately taken up by the glands of the stomach and

Becomes a Drop of Blood!

If the water is impure because of the presence of vegetable or animal matter it becomes a menace to health by introducing myriads of disease germs. If it is pure and sparkling

Londonderry Lithia

It enters the system laden with the elements of health and vigor, and destroys and drives out germs, which only cause and prey upon disease. LONDONDERRY LITHIA worked wonders away back in the days when **"bacteria"** and **"bacilli"** were unknown, and it has been working them ever since, till to-day **no scientific man ever questions the evidence** of the marvelous power this water has always possessed to cure **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Bright's or any Kidney disease** caused by **Uric Acid.**

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STILL OR SPARKLING. *SOLD EVERYWHERE.*

DAVID NICHOLSON, Distributing Agent for St. Louis.

Wheelman's Day AT THE— **EXPOSITION!**

Cyclists' Surprise In Grand Music Hall. All Wheelmen are requested to attend in uniform.

Last Day of the World-Renowned **Living Pictures.** Four Concerts by **SOUSA'S UNRIVALED BAND.**

Admission, 25c; Children Under 10, 15c.

Small Hall, "A DAY IN THE ALPS." An entertainment produced entirely by electricity, as seen in Electricity Building, World's Fair, by 300,000 people. Admission 15c. Children 10c.

AFTER CORPORATIONS.

Suits Filed Against a Number of Them Under the Anti-Trust Law.

Circuit Attorney Zachritz has begun proceedings in the Circuit Court against the following corporations, which are charged with violating the anti-trust law in not having filed with the Secretary of State an affidavit that they are not connected with any pool or combination to regulate prices:

American Knife and Razor Co., Bignall & Keller Man Co., B C R Quarry and Construction Co., Berkley Cafe Co., Central Distilling Co., Coe Man Co., Crescent Candy Co., Columbian Wine and Liquor Co., Excelsior Publishing Co., Fidelity Car Man Co., G. H. Thonsson Man Co., Great Western Planing Mill Co., Hanley Heights Land Imp Co., Home Distilling Co., Hoffman Tailoring Co., Haynes Realty Co., Home Manufacturing Co., Joseph Shottler Grocery Co., Jewell Refrigerator Co., T. C. Stanton Grocer Co., Murnane Silvering and Bevelling Co., Murray & Clark Machine Co., Mansur & Tebbets Implement Co., Mt. Olive Dairy Co., Midland Distilling Co., Norden-Mantzel Liquor Co., National Stove Fixture and Refrigerator Co., North Park Place Realty Co., New Union Depot Livery and Undertaking Co., Oakland Place Realty Co., Standard Electrotype Works, Stevens & Schurmann Man Co., The Security Gas and Vapor Stove Co., sale Commission Co., St. L. Woolen Mills Co., Tuxedo Park Co., Tennessee Lumber Co., Western Embalmers' Supply Co., Western Marble and Tile Co., Waterways Journal Publishing Co. and the Yorkshire Bread Co.

OBSTINATE JURORS.

Eleven Refuse to Conform to One Man's Way of Thinking.

The trial of the case of the Chattel Loan Co. vs. William Burleigh, which progressed before Judge Withrow, resulted in the jury disagreeing, eleven obdurate jurymen holding out against one rock-ribbed juror who would not give in. The case was of the usual cut-throat kind, the defendant having borrowed a small sum of money and given a mortgage on his household effects. He paid in renewals and excessive interest more than the original claim, which, however, did not count with the mortgagee and when he quit paying the company took charge of the effects under a writ of replevin. At the conclusion of the evidence the jury retired for deliberation. They remained out so long that the Judge sent for them, and after stating that the case appeared simple enough, he asked the foreman if there was any possibility of reaching an agreement. "None, whatever," replied the foreman. The Judge desired to know why not. "Well, I will tell you," said the foreman, "I base my impressions upon the remark of one juror, who has stated that he will hold out until — freezes over before he will change." About the same time all the jurors cast withering glances at one of their companions and looked as if they would like to eat him. Judge Withrow thought the foreman was justified in his conclusions and ordered the jury discharged.

Suit Over an Attachment.

Jacob Rebly has sued the Meyer Bros. Drug Co., F. G. Meyer and Chas. W. Wall in the Circuit Court to recover $2,031 penalty on an attachment bond. It is alleged that the defendants attached and sold some property belonging to R. G. Wellmeyer upon which Rebly held a chattel mortgage.

Another Union Station Lien.

Another mechanics' lien has been pasted on the new Union Station. This time the plaintiff is the Hayden Slate Co., sub-contractors under John Willard and Samuel Chandler. The plaintiff alleges that it supplied and placed in the structure $18,792.68 worth of material, that $10,500 has been paid, and there is $8,292.68 due. It is asked that this amount be declared a lien upon the new station and general property of the Terminal Railway Association.

His House Not Habitable.

John T. Whorton began a $2,000 damage suit in the Circuit Court against the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railroad Co. The plaintiff owns a lot and improvements thereon on the corner of Second and Mound streets where he conducts a saloon. He alleges that defendant has constructed a railway track opposite his premises upon which it runs cars and shakes his building to such an extent as to make it unfit for human habitation.

Rev. Fauntleroy Non-Committal.

Rev. P. W. Fauntleroy, who has recently become rector of Mount Calvary Episcopal Church, was asked to-day what he had to say in reply to the statement credited to Mr. E. O. Simmons that Mr. Fauntleroy's resignation of the secretaryship of St. James' parish was an instance of the Lord calling a man to a higher salary. "I do not believe that Mr. Simmons made the statement, but if he did I have nothing to say in reply. As a matter of fact my salary as rector of Mt. Calvary is the same as I received at St. James, although my present field may be larger."

SEEDS **POPPING CORN.**

CHAS. H. PRUNTY,

18 S. MAIN ST., COR. MARKET. SAINT LOUIS.

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NERVOUS DEBILITY Lost Manhood, Exhausting Drains, Organic Weakness, from indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Dark Circles, Self Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples, Loss of Ambition, Lack of Energy, Tire Easily, Gloominess, Despondency, Melancholy, Headache, Dullness to Marry, etc., treated with success and fully restored. Blank 1 and Pamphlet sealed, FREE, explains.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Cures for Life, Blood Poison and Taints, affecting the Body, Nose, Throat, Bones, Skin and Bones, Mucous patches in mouth, Scrofula, Eczema, Acne, Warty Growths, Herpes, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Piles, etc. Blank 2 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

URINARY AND BLADDER Ailments, as Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent, Milky or Bloody Urine, and private matters relating to Urinary Passage, promptly cured. Blank 3 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

MEN'S SPECIAL SURGERY, whether consentual or acquired, successfully attended to.

CHARLES ROBB ON TRIAL.

Evidence by an Eye-Witness to the Killing of Wilson.

LEBANON, Ind., Oct. 13.—The evidence in the trial of Charles Robb for the killing of his tenant, Elias Wilson, at Indianapolis, July 24, began this morning. Lulu Wilson, a daughter of the murdered man, was the first witness. She was an eye-witness to the killing. Her father and Robb had been quarreling, she said, and the former was at the kitchen door getting a drink when Robb stepped into the back yard, fired and ran. She was corroborated by her sister Laura.

Mrs. Mattie Johnson said she heard Robb tell Wilson in the evening of the shooting that he would fix him, as did George Rose and wife.

Court adjourned for noon. Robb is being defended by ex-Lieut. Gov. Hanna and I. N. Bradwell of Indianapolis and Capt. Robert W. H. Harrison of this city, while Dutch Uien are assisting Patrick H. Dutch in the prosecution.

SUIT FOR $90,000.

Contractor W. W. Graham Wants Pay for Railroad Work.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 13.—W. W. Graham, a Chicago railroad contractor, filed a suit in the United States Circuit Court to-day for $90,000 against the Yankton, Norfolk & Southwestern Railway, the Trans Construction Co., Atlantic Trust Co., David and Henry Owen and John Naughton for work done for these defendants.

Graham had a contract with these railway companies to construct the bridges and culverts along the line of the road from Yankton, S. D., to Norfolk, Neb. He performed the work according to contract and received part of the pay. He now sues for the remainder of the amount due him. Notices were served on the defendants to-day by the United States Marshal.

Legal Notes.

Action has been brought in Chicago by Fleischman, Adams & Co. against the Whisky Trust to recover damages to the amount of $100,000.

The Supreme Court of New York has reversed the judgment for $25,000 obtained by William Laidlaw against Russell Sage for damages.

A suit has been brought in the Supreme Court at New York, involving the rights of scrip holders of the New York and Texas Land Co.

Another suit has been filed at Kansas City to break the consolidation of the Grand avenue and Ninth street cable lines and the Independence "dummy" line.

It has been decided by Judge Dennis at Baltimore not to send $70,000 Iron Hall funds to Indianapolis. The Maryland members will by this decree receive 30 per cent more.

Clayton Dudley, 18 months old, has, by his father, brought suit in Muncie, Ind., against the street railway company for $10,000. A short time ago the child had his arm cut off by being run over by a car on that line.

Phoebe R. R. E. Linton has filed a petition in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Omaha, praying for a judgment of $300,000 from John Whitaker Cooper, whom she alleges to be a member of the firm of Brown, Janson & Co., bankers of London.

The indictments against Brokers John W. McCartney of Washington, and E. R. Chapman of New York, brought at the instance of the Senate Sugar Trust Investigation Committee, were argued in the District Supreme Court at Washington, and a demurrer filed by the brokers. This will be a test to govern the prosecution of Messrs. Havemeyer and Searles.

Life a Burden.

Mrs. Clara Bibress, a bride, took morphine while out walking with her husband at Emporia, Kan. Her life was saved.

Nettie Isbop hanged herself at Shawneetown, O. T., because her lover eloped with her chum.

THE VIKING SHIP.

Formally Presented to the Field Columbian Museum.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 13.—The Viking ship, which last year crossed the Atlantic to be one of the most attractive exhibits at the World's Fair, was formerly presented to the Field Columbian Museum this afternoon. The exercises attendant upon the presentation were participated in by some of the most prominent Norwegians in Chicago. The speech of the day was delivered by Paul Du Chaillu, the famous traveler and author. Addresses were also made by J. K. Boyesen and Nicolay Groestad of Chicago.

AN UNKNOWN FOUND DEAD.—The body of an unknown white man was found in a scrabeid near Moline Creek and Hall's Ferry road, about two miles beyond the city limits. The deceased was about 5 feet 7 inches high, weighed about 160 pounds, had a short beard and a sandy moustache. He had on four flannel shirts, black striped pants, a Prince Albert coat and brogan shoes. Mounted Officer Flynn says he has seen the man in the vicinity of Baden.

CUTICURA for the HAIR

Luxuriant Hair

With a clean, wholesome scalp, free from irritating and scaly eruptions, is produced by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. It clears the scalp and hair of crusts, scales, and dandruff, destroys microscopic insects which feed on the hair, soothes irritated and itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, and supplies the roots with energy and nourishment. For the prevention of facial blemishes, for giving a brilliancy and freshness to the complexion, as well as for cleansing the scalp and invigorating the hair, it is without a peer.

For bad complexions, oily, muddy skin, and pimply heads and chapped, rough, dry, thin, and falling hair, and simple baby blemishes it is wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

WHEELMEN'S DAY.

The Bicyclists Make a Tour of the Exposition.

The unusually large Saturday crowd at the Exposition Building was augmented by legions of wheelmen and their friends, this being the day especially set apart for the bicycle riders. As usual on Saturday afternoon, hundreds of school girls enlivened the aisles and naves and Music Hall with their cheerful presence, but at night the big building will be jammed with the owners of wheels of every description.

The Living Pictures will be shown for the last time at night. One of them, however, will be shown for the first time. It has been specially arranged for the day and represents something that will be appreciated by the wheelmen present.

Bandmaster Sousa has also arranged a programme that will prove particularly interesting to the cyclists, including, as it does, Jaxone's descriptive fantasie, "A Bicycle Ride," which depicts the bugle call, start and finish of the race and scenes and incidents along the course. At the evening concerts, Mr. Bode will render "The Lost Chord" on the cornet and Mr. Pryor will intone one of his popular selections on his trombone.

The Woman's Relief Corps are conducting a voting contest for the most popular lady member in their exhibit on the second floor, the proceeds to go to the Soldiers' Home. Mrs. Stephen Dallacelua, with 160 votes, now leads by several lengths with Mrs. J. B. Gandolfo second.

Monday will be French Day and Tuesday Sunday-school Day. On Tuesday the grand Sunday-school concert will be given in Music Hall and several hundred will make the vast auditorium ring with sacred melodies. Mr. L. J. Lindsay will be the vocal director.

The salute of all nations succeeds the living pictures Monday night and will continue to be given each evening until the close of the Exposition.

The evening programme follows:

4 TO 5.

1. Overture—"Stabat Mater"..... Rossini
2. Ballet Suite—"Pharaoh's Daughter"... Pugni
3. Saxophone Solo—"Carnival of Venice"..... Demersman
   Mr. Jean Moermans.
4. Scenes from "Trial by Jury"..... Sullivan
5. Fantasia—"A Hunting Scene"..... Buccalossi
6. Galop—"The Silent Steed"..... Hollinson

7 TO 8:15.

1. Overture—"Robert le Diable"..... Meyerbeer
2. Valse—"Vivante"..... Findlay
3. Excerpts from the most admired work of..... Herold
4. Rhapsody Espagnole..... Chabrier
5. "The Last Chord"..... Sullivan
   Mr. Albert Bode.
6. Grand Galop—"All Heil! Kadfahrer"... Kupler

Living pictures (The Cyclists).

8 TO 10.

1. Overture—"Stradella"..... Flotow
2. Song—"The Wanderer"..... Schubert
3. Idyl—"An Alpine Storm"..... Kuntel
4. Trombone Solo—"Air and Variations"... Pryor
   Mr. Arthur W. Pryor.
5. Valse—"The Jolly Fellows"..... Velstedt
6. "My Old Kentucky Home, Good Night"... Foster

THINKS HE IS GOD.

A Boy Becomes Insane Through Listening to Street Evangelists.

William Clark, 18 years of age, whose parents live at 1412 North Tenth street, believes that he is a new Christ whose mission is to warn all to prepare for the millennium, which he says will come next Christmas. Clark, it is said, became insane whilst listening to street evangelists. It is thought that he is incurable.

TRACED TO CHICAGO.

Chinese Certificates Being Issued by an Organized Gang.

EL PASO, Tex., Oct. 13.—The wholesale issuance of forged Chinese certificates has been tracked from El Paso to Chicago. About two months ago Deputy United States Marshall George Scarbrough of this place with Deputy Marshal Williams of New Mexico arrested two Chinese here on the charge of being illegally in this country. The Celestials produced certificates and demanded that they be released. Officer Scarbrough, however, at once pronounced the signature of the Internal Revenue Collector a forgery. Closer examination proved that the whole certificate was fraudulent.

The Chinese were placed in jail, and this officer and Special Treasury Agent J. B. Wagstaff went in search of the parties issuing the bogus certificates. At last they found that the printing was done at Las Cruces, N. M., by a Mexican job printer, who says that he was paid for the work by Sam West, who is well known here, but is now in Chicago. These certificates, after being printed, were sent to a man in Chicago whose name the officers will not divulge until he has been arrested. The officers say they are almost certain this gang is making a business of this work, and that certificates are being issued by them for all parts of the country.

Latshaw and Browne Indicted.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Oct. 13.—The Grand-jury, which has been investigating the robbery of the county by Justice W. Latshaw and Justice W. H. Browne, reported this afternoon, returning indictments against both men.

Latshaw failed to account for several thousand dollars of fines collected from dissolute women. Browne, whose court has long been notorious for fee grabbing, was also indicted for failure to report fines.

Mrs. Weiner Sentenced.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 13.—Mrs. Ada Weiner, who shot and killed her husband while he slept, was to-day sentenced to life imprisonment. The jury found her guilty of murder in the second degree and recommended her to the mercy of the Court. The Judge, however, declared she was guilty of murder in the first degree, censured the jury for its verdict and gave Mrs. Weiner the extreme penalty allowed by law.

Politician's Mysterious Death.

IOWA CITY, Io., Oct. 13.—Ex-Sheriff John Coldron, leader of the Democratic forces against Congressman Haines, was found dead in an alley on the west side of the Iowa River last night. The cause of death is a mystery. He ate supper as usual and gave orders about business and the campaign about an hour before he was found.

Life Term for Stealing $5.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 13.—Judge Wallace to-day sentenced John Joy to life imprisonment for robbery under the habitual criminal act. Joy robbed a man of $5.

Crime in Brief.

Richard Denke and Gus Schmidt were found dead in their farm-house at Columbia, Tex. They had been shot and robbed.

Nathan Williams married his first cousin at Morrilton, Ark., and was arrested, tried and convicted of incest and pardoned by the Governor all in the same week.

Sergt. Thomas Marriatt, Co. K., 19th Regiment, U. S. A., shot First Sergt. Edgar L. Shaler, same company, with a 45-calibre rifle held at two-foot range, at Fort Porter Barracks, near Buffalo, N. Y. Marriatt was drunk.

Warren Springer, the Chicago millionaire, is held under $6,000 bond, charged with criminal assault on Mrs. Maly Morgan, a 63-year-old widow who was a domestic for a week at Springer's house.

Yang Seung, who informed on sixteen Chinamen, causing them to be fined $25, at Kansas City, for playing fan tan, says Chin Pon, slayer for the highbinders, has come on to kill him.

Adam Hofley, James C. Wilson and Lucian Rubber, who were recently arrested at Ashley, Ill., were convicted of counterfeiting. Hofley was fined $1,500 and sent to prison for three years, the others being let off with $1,000 and two years.

George Eistner, one of the Kingston (Ill.) whitecappers, was found guilty of manslaughter in shooting Solomon Bradshaw and sent to prison for a year. The others escaped punishment.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the best of all remedies for children teething.

SECOND VICTIM.

Eugene Durant's Record Was a Very Unsavory One.

It has been learned by the officials that Eugene Durant, who was arrested at the Union Station a few days ago by Special Officers Burke and Jackson for an assault upon the 11-year-old daughter of Wm. Gilfoil at Pana, Ill., was guilty of a similar offense eight years ago. His victim at that time was a 14-year-old girl residing seven miles from Pana. As a result of that assault a child was born and the girl died at its birth. The child is living and is being cared for by a Mrs. Buell of Pana.

Durant when arrested had come to St. Louis to meet his wife and two children. They did not arrive until the evening of the day on which the arrest occurred, and when informed of the fact his wife was nearly prostrated. She is possessed of property to the amount of about $30,000, and in spite of the fact that the evidence is so clear against Durant, said she should stick to him and try to clear him. She is about 30 years old and is described as a woman of much refinement.

Mr. Gilfoil has paid over to Officer Burke the $100 reward he offered for the capture of Durant. Officer Jackson is laid up with a broken hand, which he received in the fight with Durant at the time of his arrest.

BACK TO "MIZZURY."

A Settler Who Was Disgusted With His Experience in the West.

W. N. Hunter, representing Wm. Schotten & Co. of St. Louis in Kansas City and Omaha, says that at the rate people are leaving Nebraska, owing to crop failures and hard times there, some portions of it will soon be depopulated. He has written the following letter to the firm here, which, he says, faithfully describes the situation:

"The toll man on the bridge at Nebraska City estimates that 12,000 movers have gone East over his bridge since June 30. At Omaha, over Douglass street bridge in the same time 18,000 wagons have passed. I have no figures from other gateways, and obtained those given from a paper a few days ago.

"A wagon passing through St. Joseph had painted on the outside the whole situation, which I herewith inclose as follows:

> Nebraska for Starvation,
> Colorado for Irrigation,
> Kansas for Starvation,
> Under a Populist Administration.
> Hell and Damnation!
> I'm going back to
> Mizzury.

"Add to this fifteen children, one woman, three dogs, two cows and one poor horse, and you will have the picture complete."

DON'T WANT HER.

Emil Reuter's Reasons for Leaving His Divorced Wife.

Emil Reuter, whose alleged wife, Emma Reuter, distinguished herself last Monday by taking out a license to marry William Feier a few hours after she and Feier had Reuter fined $10 in Judge Faxson's court, and who subsequently declared that she never was married to Reuter, when seen this morning denied some of her statements and made a few of his own.

"I was married to her April 15, 1891, by Justice Jacob Von Gerichten, Hugo Fogel being the witness. I lived with her until Jan. 1, 1894. Next day after I left her she sued me for divorce and I let her get it by default, the decree being awarded her in April. The reason I left her was because she wanted me to have my life insured so persistently that I became a little suspicious, as I heard she had three husbands before me. When I lived with her I had to pay $280 in fines for her. She was arrested for disturbing the peace, assault and battery and slander. We lived at 826 South Fourteenth. Recently she moved up to North St. Louis. When I met her at Biddle Market she abused me and had me arrested for nothing. I am a gardener and a botanist. I gave her $20 a month all summer. Feier can have her. I don't want her."

COMING CONGRESS.

Merchants Completing Arrangements for the Trans-Mississippi Convention.

At the meeting of the committees which will have charge of the arrangements for the Trans-Mississippi Congress which will meet in St. Louis on Nov. 26, the chairmen of all the committees but one were present besides a number of other members of the committee. Ex-Gov. Stanard, as Chairman of the General Committee, presided. In calling the meeting to order he made a brief speech in which he said he hoped all the committees would enter into the work with great zeal. He said the first matter to be considered was the finances and then the character of entertainment and called upon President Whitimore of the Trans-Mississippi Congress to give his ideas.

President Whitimore told what had been done in the various cities in which the congress had been held and said he thought it would be necessary to make arrangements for caring for about 1,000 delegates.

Chairman Goodman King of the Finance Committee said he had talked with several members of the committee and they all had decided that it would be no trouble at all to raise $5,000, or as much more as might be needed. Upon his request Messrs. A. C. Stewart, Henry Haarstick, Wallace Delafield, A. L. Shapleigh, Marcus Bernheimer and Henry Meysenberg were added to the committee.

Capt. Isaac M. Mason, as Chairman of the Entertainment Committee, said his committee would furnish all the entertainment Mr. King's committee would pay for. D. C. Ball, for the Transportation Committee, said that if there were going to be 1,000 delegates there would be no trouble to get a rate of one fare for the round trip. This committee has already done some work and is looking out for cheap rates. President Boyd of the Merchants' Exchange stated that M. C. Wetmore desired to withdraw as Chairman of the Hotel Committee and E. F. Williams was named in his stead. Geo. H. Long was added to the Hotel Committee, C. N. Osgood to the Transportation Committee and Maj. J. B. Harlow and Webb M. Samuels to the Arrangement Committee. Geo. D. Barnard, Chairman of the Reception Committee, said his committee of 100 would be named and instructed as soon as necessary.

After the meeting of the general committee adjourned the Chairmen of the various committees had an informal talk and discussed ways and means for entertaining the delegates. A large number of prominent men are expected to be present and the Congress will probably meet in Entertainment Hall at the Exposition.

BOOT JACK PLUG TOBACCO. For sale by all first-class dealers. Guaranteed the best. Send us your full address for a free sample. John Finzer & Bros., Louisville, Ky.

Grand Avenue Line Connections.

At the meeting of the Board of Public Improvements at the Work-house the committee reported adversely to the proposition of the Grand Avenue Street Railway to make connections with the Union Depot line at Gravois road. The Committee on Streets decided that Washington avenue, between King's highway and Taylor avenue, could be paved with telford if the property owners desired to use that material. Routine business was transacted and the board adjourned.

BUY a Buck's Brilliant Cooking Stove for a family peacemaker. Remember, it is made in St. Louis. Over 100 stove merchants sell them throughout the country.

The Poultry Show.

The St. Louis Poultry Association had a very enthusiastic meeting in the office of *Colman's Rural World*, Union Trust Building. The show will take place the first week in December and Judge J. W. Wale of Harrisonville, Mo., will officiate as judge.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the color red cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

OVERWORK KILLS.

How Few Persons Stop to Think of It.

And How Few Who Are Not Overworking in Some Way.

Does This Mean You, Reader? Are You Not Doing More Than You Ought?

Oh, the millions of tired out, hard-working men and women! Our stores, factories and homes, all have them. They are weakening their systems, ruining their nerves, and laying a foundation for early decay and death! That nervous, weak, and tired feeling at night is a warning of what is coming.

If you feel this way, look to it! You break down just as surely as you don't do something to get strong. Read the terrible experience of D. D. Bulkley, Esq., one of the most popular men of Moretown, Vt.

"Within the last year I have found myself in a fearfully debilitated and depressed condition from overwork. I was in such a terrible state I could not sleep nights, and was so weak and nervous that the least exertion would completely unnerve me.

"I also had trouble with my kidneys, they bothered me constantly. I became greatly discouraged and worried all the time.

MR. D. D. BULKLEY.

I consulted many physicians, but they did me no good. I also took all kinds of medicines, but without benefit.

"Finally I was induced to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I can truly say that in a short time it had done me great good, more than all the other medicines together. Its action on my system was wonderful. I can now sleep well, my nerves are strong and I feel well.

"I owe my cure entirely to that most wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I recommend every sick and suffering person to use it. I know it will cure them."

As a great physician once said, "If these poor sufferers would only be induced to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy they would soon be well and strong." Some people are hard to be convinced, but even the most unbelieving now realize that this wonderful medicine *cures*.

And it is *because it cures* that everybody uses it. Try it. It is purely vegetable and harmless, and its discoverer is that well-known and most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene of 36 West 14th st., New York City. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

ANSWERED IN PERSON.

Story of a Letter Oyler Received From J. W. Sheppard.

The fight between J. W. Sheppard and Geo. K. Oyler, the carriage manufacturer on Third and Pine streets, Thursday afternoon receives additional interest from the explanation given of the encounter. It is alleged that Oyler dropped a black ball in the box when the question of Sheppard's admission to the Mercantile Club came up for action. This was the beginning. When Oyler failed Sheppard wrote him a very offensive letter which reflected painfully upon Mr. Oyler's integrity as a business man. When Mr. Oyler came across the letter in his mail he read it and set it aside, saying to his clerks: "I will answer that letter in person. Please do not file it away until I direct you to." The letter lay on Mr. Oyler's desk for many days and weeks, and the clerks heeded his order not to file it. When Mr. Oyler returned to his office Thursday after his set-to with Mr. Sheppard, he said to his clerks: "I have answered that letter in person. You may now file it away."

Receiver for a College Asked.

Dr. Frank P. Gillis has instituted a suit in the Circuit Court against Drs. Wiley Broome, A. C. Bernays, George F. Hulbert, Isaac N. Love and L. E. Macklin, asking for the appointment of a receiver for the Women's Medical College and Hospital and for an injunction against them to restrain them from further acting as members of the Board of Directors and Managers. The plaintiff is also a director and stockholder. He alleges that the defendants have refused to allow him to participate in the affairs of the college and are mismanaging things to the detriment of creditors.

Dismissed on a Forged Note.

The charge of assault to kill against Nellie Blackburn of 1511 North Tenth street was dismissed for want of prosecution in the Court of Criminal Correction, although the complainant, Mary Grote, was in court prepared to prosecute. The explanation given was that the defendant handed Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes a note, ostensibly from Mary Grote, saying that she did not want to prosecute. Mary Grote pronounced the note a forgery, and she asked for another warrant. Her request was granted.

Christian Endeavor Convention AT WARRENSBURG, MO.

Oct. 19 to 21 the MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY and IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE will sell tickets for the above occasion at the very low rate of one fare for the round trip from all points on their lines in Missouri. Tickets on sale Oct. 18, 19 and 20. Good for return up to and including Oct. 22.

Disputed Over the Fare.

Thomas O'Toole, who lives at 3637 Lucky street, while riding in a Fourth street cable car past Fourth and Vine streets Friday evening, got into a dispute with the conductor over the fare, and in the scuffle which followed O'Toole's left ankle was slightly injured. He was removed to the City Hospital.

GRANITE CITY!

An Important Opportunity to Home Seekers and Investors.

ON

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19 and SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20,

There Will Be a

MAMMOTH AUCTION SALE

Of Manufacturing, Business and Residence Lots at

GRANITE CITY,

ILLINOIS,

On Thursday, Oct. 18, Friday, Oct. 19 and Saturday, Oct. 20. Special Trains Leave Foot of Olive Street, Each Day at 9:30 a.m., 11:30 a.m. and 2:30 p.m., stopping at North Market St. and Bremen Av.

FREE TRANSPORTATION!

Many of the largest Manufacturing Concerns in the West will be located at Granite City beside the mammoth plants now being built. Cheap coal; only 80c a ton, delivered. Location high and healthy. Water pure and clear.

Investigate Granite City!

The half has never been told. One Thousand Houses needed at once for Ten Thousand People who must soon locate there.

EIGHT TRUNK RAILROAD LINES

Running Through Granite City.

Belt Line Connects Granite City With Every Railroad Centering at St. Louis. Commutation Ticket, Five Cents.

TERMS OF SALE—One-fourth cash, balance payable in one, two and three years with 6 per cent interest. $20 payment on purchase of each lot.

Workingmen, Secure You a Home While Prices Are Low.

SAM T. RATHELL, ALEX. A. SELKIRK, } Auctioneers.

GRANITE CITY

Will Be the Largest Manufacturing City of the West on Account of Railroad Shipping Facilities.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

Fought Over Politics.

John Henderson and James Flanigan, the former living at 2614 Morgan street, the latter at 712 North Jefferson avenue, got into a dispute about politics last evening on Jefferson avenue and Morgan street, and the latter cut Henderson on the arm and left cheek. Both men disappeared after the fight, but there is not likely to be any prosecution in the case, anyhow.

Stabbed in the Back.

James Pierce and Mike Connelly, two young men who are well known in police circles, got into a dispute last evening over some trifling matter, and Connelly stabbed Pierce in the back below the left shoulder. Connelly was arrested by Officer Curran.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

LEGAL.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE—In the matter of the estate of Martin Grunz, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of sale made and entered by the Probate Court for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at its March term, 1893, and a renewed order of sale made at the June term, 1893, and a renewed order of sale made at the September term, 1894, in the matter of the estate of Martin Grunz, deceased, ordering and directing the undersigned as surviving executor of the last will of said Martin Grunz, to sell the real estate of said deceased, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the debts of said deceased, the undersigned will on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OCTOBER, 1894,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and during the session of Circuit or Probate Court of said city, expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts due by said deceased, to-wit: Lot number ten in block No. 21 in Julia C. Soulard's First Addition to the city of St. Louis, and being block No. 699 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, containing thirty feet front on the east side of Third street, formerly Jackson street, and running back eastward 140 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, according to the plat of said addition of record in the Recorder's office of said city of St. Louis.

2. A lot or parcel of ground being the southern twenty feet of lot numbered four, in block number eleven of Julia C. Soulard's first addition to the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and being block No. 693 of said city, having a front of twenty feet on the east side of Third street, formerly Jackson street, and running back with the same width eastwardly 140 feet to the west line of an alley running north and south and twenty feet wide, bounded north by a line parallel to and distant northwardly one hundred and ten (110) feet from the north line of Miller street, east by an alley, south by lot No. 3 of said block and west by Third street.

ROBERT GRUNZ,
Surviving Executor of the last will of Martin Grunz, Deceased.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 28, 1894.

RASSIEUR & SCHNURMACHER, Attorneys for Executor. 1859

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein I. F. Burns is plaintiff and A. E. McCune, O. Buchanan and G. B. Van Valkenburg are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: A one-story frame building situated upon the following described premises, to-wits: In block 4867, city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and fronting 25 feet on Buchanan street, beginning at the intersection of the south line of Old Manchester road and east line of lands of Walter Britt, thence east along the south line of said Manchester road 25 feet, thence south in a line parallel with said Britt's east line 100 feet to a point, thence west in a line parallel with the south line of said Manchester road 25 feet to the east line of said Britt's, thence north along the east line of said Britt's to place of beginning, and I will on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Oct. 6, 1894. 1880

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Nathaniel R. Irvin and Eliza Irvin, his wife, of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri by their certain deed of trust, dated April 2, 1894, and recorded in Book L 2112 at page 21 of the Recorder's office for the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Being twenty-five (25) feet of lot number four (4) of the subdivision of lot or block number twenty-four (24) of Clay's Old Orchard tract and in city block number forty-four hundred and forty-one (4441) of said city of St. Louis, beginning in the south line of Natural Bridge road thirty (30) feet west of the east line of said lot number four (4), thence running westwardly along the south line of said Natural Bridge road twenty-five (25) feet, thence southwardly on a line parallel with the east line of said lot number four (4) a distance of one hundred and ninety (190) feet to the north east and parallel with the south line of said Natural Bridge road twenty-five (25) feet to the west line of a lot now or formerly of Oliver H. Walters, in a northerly direction a distance of one hundred and ninety (190) feet to the point of beginning, bounded north by Natural Bridge road, on the west by a part of said lot four (4), on the south by part of said lot number four (4) and on the east by property now or formerly of Oliver H. Walters, together with the improvements thereon consisting of a two-story brick building of four rooms and a store, and known as No. 3000 Natural Bridge road, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed fully described, and

WHEREAS, Default in the payment of said note has become due and remains unpaid and there has been certain mechanics' liens filed and now exist against said property, and at the request of the owner and holder of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, and

WHEREAS, I, the undersigned trustee, have been requested by the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust,

NOW, THEREFORE, I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF OCTOBER,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell said real estate to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes and the costs of this trust.

MARTHON D. LEWIS, Trustee.

St. Louis, Oct. 8, 1894.

LEGAL.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Jane McMahon, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

PATRICK KEANE, Executor.

St. Louis, Sept 28, 1894. 1861

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of F. X. Barada, G. Strode, C. B. McEntire, Julius Pitsman, Geo. J. Tansey, and John F. McDermott and others, and against John P. Hudgens, founded on judgment rendered in said court on the 2d day of July, 1894, in a certain cause therein then pending, wherein Ernest Vieh is plaintiff and Anna C. Hudgens and others are defendants; cause No. 92,094; I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendants above named, John P. Hudgens, of, in and to the following described real estate, to wit: Lots 1 and 2 and 11 and 12 of block 1, lots 1 and 2 having a frontage of 61 feet 5½ inches on east line of Grand avenue by a depth between parallel lines eastwardly of 145 feet 7 inches to an alley; lots 11 and 12 having a frontage of 60 feet on west line of Tennessee by a depth westwardly between parallel lines of 142 feet 6 inches; lots 1 and 2 being bounded on the west by Grand avenue, on north by lot 3 of block 1, on east by an alley and on south by Eller street; lots 11 and 12 of block 1 being bounded on the east by Eleventh street, on south by lot 13, on west by an alley and on north by lot 10; also all of block 3, said block 3 being bounded on west by Tenth street, on the north by Richlsberger street, on the east by Ninth street and on the south by Eller street. All of foregoing described real estate being situated in Vieh & Hudgens' subdivison, in United States Survey 104, all being in city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and I will on

SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public vendue or outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant, John P. Hudgens, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 27, 1894. 1853

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION—Special Commissioner's Sale in Partition, case No. 95,379, room 4, Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, February term, 1894. Joseph E. Ostermann, plaintiff, vs. Ella N. Ostermann, Lillie M. Ostermann, Lestita M. Ostermann, Ella M. Ostermann, John J. Ostermann and Ross, otherwise known as Gesina Meier, defendants. Pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made in the above entitled cause on July 30th, 1894, and an additional order made thereon on September 8, 1894, renewing the order of sale for the October term, 1894, of said Circuit Court, and an additional order of said Circuit Court made October 2, 1894, renewing said original order of sale for the October term, 1894, the undersigned Special Commissioner will, on

SATURDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell the real estate herein described at public auction to the highest bidder, the terms of said sale being one-third cash, one-third of purchase price being one-third payable in one year and one-third payable in two years, the deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date of purchase, to be secured by deed of trust on property sold—the purchaser having the option to pay a greater portion or all cash of the option to be expressed prior to filing report of sale; said purchase or purchases to be subject to the approval of the Circuit Court, the property to be sold being the following described real estate, all situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.:

One lot of ground in Julia C. Soulard's Third Addition to the City of St. Louis, to-wit: Lot number two (2) in block number one hundred and thirteen (113), being thirty (30) feet front of the east side of Jusel (now Tenth) street and running northwardly with the same width one hundred and fourteen (114) feet to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, according to the plat of said Julia C. Soulard's Third Addition, recorded in the Recorder's office of the County (now city) of St. Louis, and being in city block No. three hundred and eighty-five (385), which said property was acquired by Gerhard H. Ostermann under the name of Hermann Gerhard Ostermann, from Henry T. Wessels and Elizabeth, his wife, by deed dated the 9th day of May, 1857, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis County (now city), State of Missouri, in book H, No. 6, page 843.

Also a piece or parcel of ground situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in block number three hundred and seventy-one (371), containing a front on the east side of Broadway of ninety-seven feet and six inches (97 ft. 6 in.), by a width on the alley or east line of said lot of fifty-four feet and six inches (54 ft. 6 in.), on an average width of seventy-six feet (76 ft.) by a depth easterly on the north line of one hundred and forty-two (142) ft. 3 in. and on the south line of one hundred and forty-seven feet (147 ft.), more or less, bounded on the west by Seventh street, on the north by lot now or formerly of Henry Schoen, on the east by an alley twenty feet (20 ft.) wide, and on the south by Julia C. Soulard's south line; which said property was acquired by said Gerhard H. Ostermann from Peter Richard Learick, by deed dated the 5th day of June, 1866, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis (now city), Missouri, in Book 220, page 66.

RUFUS E. DELANO,
Special Commissioner.

Laclede Building, St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 3, 1894. (1876)

LEGAL.

IN MATTER of the Assignment of Greeley-Burnham Grocer Company.—Notice is hereby given that Cyrus B. Burnham, assignee of the Greeley-Burnham Grocer Company, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1894, of said Court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said Court in room No. 5, on Wednesday, the 17th day of October, 1894, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

PHILIP H. ZEPP,
Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis. 1903

IN THE MATTER of the assignment of the Security Gas and Vapor Stove Company. The undersigned assignee, being satisfied that it is no longer advantageous to the creditors and others interested in the above matter to keep said assignment open, notice is hereby given to all creditors of, and other persons interested in the estate of the Security Gas and Vapor Stove Company that on Monday, the 22d day of October, 1894, at the opening of the court or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, in Room 2 thereof, for a discharge from my trust as such assignee, in accordance with Sec. 460 of the Rev. Stat. of Missouri, 1889.

JOHN F. DARNOW, Assignee.

By HUGH D. MCCORKLE, his Attorney. 1799

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 1, 1894.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee of the St. Louis Lumber Co. intends to make an application to the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, Missouri, in room No. 3, for a discharge of his trust as such assignee. Such application will be made and filed in said court on Monday, the 15th day of October, 1894.

F. W. BEIMDIEK,
Assignee of St. Louis Lumber Co.

R. SCHUENEMBURG and G. A. WURDEMAN, Attorneys. 1788

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Patrick Mathews, deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

NANCY A. MATHEWS,
Executrix of Patrick Mathews, Deceased.

St. Louis, Sept. 28, 1894. 1863

ESTATE of Carl Erickson, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Carl Erickson, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 27th day of September, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1894.

HELENA C. ERICKSON, Administratrix.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—By order of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, the undersigned will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at public vendue for cash all the assembled assets, consisting of open accounts, notes, judgments, &c., belonging to the assigned estate of Babcock & Co. A list of said claims is on file in Circuit Court room No. 3.

St. Louis, Oct. 12, 1894.

JOSEPH H. ZUMBALEN,
1910 Assignee of Babcock & Co., 413½ Olive st.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of The H. Hoyer Distilling Company, Plaintiff, and against Peter Hoffmann and Morgan Hoffmann, defendants, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendants above named, Peter Morgan and Morgan Hoffmann, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. 57 in block No. 76, in Carr's addition to the city of Carondelet and in city block No. 3262 of the city of St. Louis, and I will on

THURSDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendants, Peter Hoffmann, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 29, 1894. 1866

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS—CITY EDITION.

Daily .....From Newsboys 2 Cents
Sunday.....From Newsboys 5 Cents
Daily and Sunday, per week. By Carrier.....15 Cents
Daily and Sunday, per month By Carrier.....65 Cents

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All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed
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513 Olive st.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms.....4085
Business Office.....4084

New York Bureau, Room 86, Pulitzer Building, Max H. Fischer, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Mr. and Mrs. Kendal.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"The Passing Show."
THE HAGAN—"Hot Tamales."
POPE'S—Continuous Show.
HAVLIN'S—"Land of the Midnight Sun."
STANDARD—Russell Bros.' Comedians.
EXPOSITION—Grand Concerts and Exhibition.

THE only use Candidate Morton seems to have for Americans is at the polls.

THE local Republican leaders evidently do not like a campaign with quizzical features.

THE handbook of the New York police on the "Art of Blackmail" would be a most interesting volume.

IF Mr. Morton's English coachman has to be sent back to England it will be a great outrage, don't you know.

PENSIONS paid in the year ending June 30 amounted to $139,804,461. The income tax will be some help in the annual payment of enormous sums like this.

PERHAPS the Atchison officials, who confessed to the habitual violation of the interstate commerce law, can locate the evidence which the Grand-jury cannot find.

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON opens his campaign with the invocation, "Let us think." How will McKinley meet this dangerous invocation in Republican politics?

TOM REED'S Western followers are reduced to so small a squad that it looks as if they will have to climb into Benjamin Harrison's ice wagon if they are to ride anywhere at all in '96.

WITH ten political parties in the field in Illinois the Republican claim of 200,000 majority is doubtless based on the supposition that eight of these parties will draw wholly from the Democratic party.

THE Lowell Manufacturing Co. of Boston has increased the wages of its employes because wool is on the free list. What concern anywhere increased wages after the passage of the McKinley bill?

AT the marriage of Col. Henry Watterson's daughter the floor of the parlor gave way under the strain. Perhaps Col. Watterson's parlor floor was built on the model of the last National Democratic platform.

MR. HARRISON says his former experience teaches him that fences are necessary. The Chinese improved on Mr. Harrison's policy. They built a great wall to keep out foreigners and foreign wares. We all know what China is doing to-day.

THE New York *Tribune* is raising the cry that an importers' campaign fund has been raised for William L. Wilson. An importers' campaign fund must be something vastly wickeder than that which is raised by protected manufacturers or the moral sense of the *Tribune* would never have been thus aroused.

THE great number of workmen out of employment in protected France are probably told that all their sufferings are due to the reduction of tariff rates on American pork. How miserable Col. Whitelaw Reid, who preached free trade in France, must feel when he looks upon the wretchedness that cheaper pork has brought upon our old-time allies.

MR. MCKINLEY would be startled if he were to know of the really liberal views of the Hon. Ephraim Houston. If all the white voters had the strong common sense shown by the Hon. Ephraim in his remarks on political economy, Mr. McKinley would not be addressing anybody just now. Mr. Houston's views on free wool and factories are away in advance of Uncle Filley's. If the Republican party had been led by men with the modern ideas of the Eagle Chief it would not be out of power to-day.

WHEN Minister Ariaga of Gautemala tells about the benefits to the United States of free barbed wire and agricultural implements in his country, and of the benefit to Gautemala of free sugar in the United States, he is simply talking free trade and emphasizing the importance of following the natural laws of commerce. Real reciprocity is nothing more than free trade, and the less the high tariffers have to do with anything of that sort the longer they will be able to fool the people.

LETTERS found in the private box of Pension Agent Van Leuven in Iowa, show what hard work has been done for the veterans by some people. These letters prove that Van Leuven advised claimants to "grease" members of boards in order to have examinations go smoothly, and that affidavits as to physical disability were bought from physicians at an average rate of 50 cents a lipe. A physician at Lincoln, Neb., demanded $10 for an affidavit covering diseases of the stomach, deafness, rheumatism and heart disease. It appears that there are agents who impartially rob both Uncle Samuel and the claimants.

PROTECTION POL-DE-ROL.

Vice-President Morton pleads the exceptions under the alien contract labor law as a defense of his action in making a contract in England for the services of his under coachman, John James Howard, and defraying the expenses of his trip to this country. He says, "I regarded him as a household servant and one falling within the exception of the law."

This might be regarded as a fair defense of his action did not the testimony of Howard, who is now under arrest, suggest that it is not wholly sincere. Howard states that after making the contract for his services in this country, providing him with liveries and advancing money for his transportation, Mr. Morton told him he might assume that he had been in his service twelve months and cautioned him against answering any questions concerning himself on his voyage over. This precaution indicates that Mr. Morton was not as certain that his action was not a violation of the law as he now claims to have been. The implication of deception is damaging.

The incident places the Republican candidate for Governor of New York in an unpleasant predicament. The spectacle of an army of British employes, dressed in liveries bought for them in London, all imported under a doubtful interpretation of the alien contract labor law, and now serving in the home of the chosen representative of the Republican party, is a reflection on his own and the party's sincerity. It strengthens the Democratic charge that protection does not protec and that the vaunted tenderness of the leaders of the party of protection for American labor is fol-de-rol.

POLLUTED RIVERS.

Last year's epidemic of typhoid fever in St. Louis, and the apprehensions in regard to the transfer of Chicago's vast filth to the Mississippi and other streams, make especially interesting a paper read by John W. Hill before the American Society of Civil Engineers at their latest annual convention.

Typhoid fever, he says, would be unknown if the plainest and simplest rules of hygiene with reference to drinking water were universally followed. If careful bacteriological tests of the Mississippi water had been made at the time of the epidemic here the bacillus of Eberth or Dr. Vaughn would have been found in greater numbers than usual, or the toxic properties developed by the germ when taken into the system would have been found more virulent than at other times.

Of six cities in this country and five in England, Cincinnati stands at the head in mortality from typhoid fever, having a death rate four and a half times as great as that of London, higher than that of Philadelphia and twice as great as Boston's. The Ohio, before reaching Cincinnati, receives the sewage and surface drainage of upwards of 100 cities and towns. Cincinnati herself pours into that stream 36,000,000 gallons of sewage daily, in turn poisoning the water consumed by other communities. In Louisville there were 142 deaths from typhoid fever in 1890 and last year there were 135.

There is no domestic filter which is absolutely proof against the dangers of polluted water, and Mr. Hill arrives at the conclusion that if the consumer is to have a safe drinking water it must come to him in this condition through the public water mains. The matter of purity must be looked after by the municipal corporation or the water company.

THE NEW CURRENCY PLAN.

The so-called Baltimore plan of dealing with the currency, which was brought forward at the Bankers' Convention, proposes to substitute the issue of bank notes on paid-up capital in place of bonds deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury. Under the law suggested banks will be able to issue notes to the extent of 50 per cent of their paid-up capital, subject to a tax for security. The issue of 25 per cent more in emergencies is provided for with a heavier security tax. In case of suspension the Government will have a first lien on all the assets of the bank to protect the notes.

The merit which the advocates of this plan claim for it is that it would enable the banks to inflate the currency to meet the needs of business. Whenever crops must be moved or business demands an increase of currency the banks would have an advantageous method of satisfying the demand with secured notes, which may be destroyed when the demand ceases.

But the power to inflate the currency carries with it the power to contract it at will. It is necessary to guarantee the perfectly honest use of this power in order to assure its beneficial character. In the main the bankers are honest men, but all bankers are not honest, and all men are more or less influenced by considerations of interest. Under the proposed law it would be possible for a combination of bankers to use the power intrusted to them for their profit and to the great disadvantage of other interests.

It is never safe to intrust a government function to any set of men, however honest they may be. It is especially unsafe to intrust the control of the currency volume to men who wield the money power and whose interests may be promoted by an abuse of that control. Congress should hesitate before it yields any greater share of control of the currency to the banks than they now possess. It should have careful regard for the protection of the people against the abuse of this function.

DOCTOR NATURE.

Prof. Leyden, who has assumed charge of the case of the Czar of Russia, is recognized as one of the highest authorities in the medical world. Whatever Prof. Leyden says on any subject connected with his specialties carries the greatest weight.

It is worth noting that although his report of the Czar's case shows that he is suffering from a complication of serious disorders his remedies are very simple and do not embrace the use of a single drug. He declares that if the Emperor can be cured at all he will be cured by suitable climatic conditions, regular digestion and plenty of open air exercise.

Prof. Leyden's studies have evidently brought him to a profound faith in the recuperative powers of nature. Good food, pure air and exercise are the great health preservers and restorers. He probably agrees with the opinion aptly expressed by the late Dr. Holmes when he remarked that if all medicines were thrown into the sea it would be better for mankind but worse for the fishes.

"THE republic of letters is the most factious and discordant of all republics, ancient or modern," writes Washington Irving. But who would have imagined a discord among men of letters growing out of a desire to disclaim the authorship of a poetic gem dedicated to the Great American Hog, and which appeared in that admirable work, the Missouri Agricultural Report of 1891? It might be supposed that Chubbuck and Meriwether would contend for the fame inseparable from the authorship of such a poem, but they upset the whole order of literary contention by pretending that neither wrote it. Writers have been known to hog each other's poems, yet here are men who bristle at the rumor of their having written at all. Happily the poem to the Great American Hog is imperishable and cannot be obliterated through the modesty of its author.

THERE is one gloomy feature to the general cheapening of horses. A humble, almost impecunious American citizen may now appear on the boulevards just before or just behind a haughty American citizen possessing a dazzling turn-out, thus in a measure destroying the effect of boulevard processions. It will be remembered that the effect of a highly aristocratic parade at the nation a capital was once altogether lost by the appearance of various vehicles driven by inferior steeds and occupied by persons without wealth or pedigree.

MRS. GREEN, a lecturer on cooking and diet, is denouncing the potato as lacking in nutrition, and she declares that the Irish have thriven on it merely because they used milk with it. But most people who eat potatoes have the potato habit and will no more cease to feed on it than the toper will forsake alcohol. To them the potato has a delicious flavor, unequaled by that of any other vegetable.

THERE is talk of a rule in the Western Turf Congress to throw out all judges who are more than 44 years of age, and it is said to be designed to push aside Judge M. Lewis Clark. The age limit may be a good thing in some respects, but it can never apply to Judge Clark, because of his infallible eye-glasses. The congress will hardly see its way to getting on without those glasses.

IT will not be generally credited, but it is true, that Mr. Havens of Grasey, Ky., has six sons-in-law, all of whom are Democrats and not one of whom ever uses whisky or tobacco. Mr. Havens is himself a Republican, but his habits are not mentioned by the local chronicler.

THE pay of Pullman's porters and waiters was reduced because Mr. Pullman found that they were getting so much from the public that he could make a neat little profit by cutting down their pay. The passenger who tips the Pullman employe really tips Mr. Pullman.

A WOMAN may refuse numerous suitors in her youth and yet accept one in her maturer years. If a venerable Pop in Kansas were to pop to Susan Anthony in the midst of the campaign there is no knowing what might become of the Populist cause over there.

LEVI MORTON wears a peculiarly misleading wig, while David Hill does not attempt to deceive the public in regard to his lack of pliosity. It ought not to be difficult for the average voter to decide between a hairy sham and a smooth, honest pate.

MR. MCKINLEY finds that the same speech delivered a hundred times makes an orator's throat as sore as if it were always a new one.

WHAT part of the bicycle is it where the feminine rider deposits her gum when she would rest her pretty teeth?

Base Ball as She Is Played.

From the Springfield Republican.

Not every thoughtful citizen of the republic bows down to modern commercialism as it is embodied in the national game, as witness this extract from a private letter written by a resident of Baltimore:

"As I write the cannon are firing and the sky is lighted up with fireworks—for what? For no less an event than the return of the triumphat Baltimore Base Ball Club, after having won the championship. If some world-renowned statesman were visiting the city of some great event of politics or war were being commemorated, the excitement could not be more, and probably would be less—excitement, at least, on the part of a certain large proportion of the people. It is well known that few, or none, of the players are Baltimoreans, and that not even the owners of the stock can claim residence here. All the same, the credit of the town is supposed to have been enhanced by the achievement.

A Lame Defense.

From the Chicago Herald.

The gist of the defense of the Pullman assessment read before the State Board of Equalization by the Pullman agent is that if his client has evaded just assessment and taxation other corporations have done the same.

The defense is good so far as it goes, but that is not far. It may as well be conceded that the Pullman company is in very distinguished society when it takes its place among the tax dodgers. Nearly every large corporation in Illinois is in the same category. It may even be that the corporation which owns Gov. Altgeld's Unity building is also a tax-dodger. Granted. But when did it become a good defense for one lawbreaker to plead the crime of another lawbreaker?

THE AMUSEMENT WORLD.

Arlie Latham and the Stage—The Emmet Divorce—Music Notes.

Arlie Latham, the newest recruit to the ranks of the Thespians from the athletic fields, is, as he puts it, "dead stuck on the business." He is getting along swimmingly with the "Hot Tamales" company and doesn't care much whether he plays ball again or not. The POST-DISPATCH man caught him in his dressing-room the other night and asked him how he happened to be doing the tough policeman on the boards instead of fighting base ball magnates for a higher salary.

"Well," he said, "it was just this way. I bought a house some time ago, and I found I could not save anything to pay on it on $2,000, so when Conroy and Fox, who were friends of mine, offered me a good salary I took it. It's a dead easy work. I like it great."

Arlie professed absolute ignorance as to what he or the Cincinnatis would do in base ball next season. In truth he seemed to take very little interest in matters pertaining to the green diamond. Although he has been on the stage nearly three weeks now and has scored a real success, his head has not swelled yet. But look out, Arlie, it's mighty catching.

TO LEAVE "HOT TAMALES."—Miss Evelyn Paddock, the stately looking leading woman in the "Hot Tamales" company, will sever her connection with that organization at the close of to-night's performance. The reason assigned for this move is that Miss Paddock did not consider that as Mrs. La Rue she was given an opportunity to shine sufficiently. She was desirous of enlarging her specialty features, but for some reason this was objected to and she seeks other fields. She tells her friends she will sail for Europe and try the English stage for awhile. Miss Paddock's talent as an actress and a specialist is of a high order and had she been allowed greater liberty "Hot Tamales" would not have suffered.

THE EMMET DIVORCE.—J. K. Emmet's "frau" is now a free woman. The referee in the proceedings against Fritz has granted her an absolute divorce with $50 a week alimony. Of this sum $10 a week is to go to the support of Eleanor Elizabeth Emmet, the young daughter of the litigants. The woman who led to the separation is Emily Lytton, Mr. Emmet's leading woman for several seasons past. Mrs. Emmet proved that Emmet and Miss Lytton lived together as man and wife at a boarding-house in Monroe County, Pa., in April and May, 1892. Emmet has also been sued by his wife for an accounting of the late J. K. Emmet's estate.

BERT WHITING—The acrobat in the Russell Brothers' Comedians company, who was so seriously injured Friday morning as to cause apprehension that his brain was affected, was out again at night feeling a little weak, but otherwise recovered. He did not give his regular turn.

DRAMATIC NOTES.

"The Passing Show," which has been at the Grand all week, will return to the New York Casino Oct. 29, for another extended run.

John Russell, the proprietor of Russell's Comedians, is in town on business for his show, which opens Sunday night at the Grand.

William Dean Howells, who has written several farces that read well, is at work upon a play.

Marie Burroughs and her company are rehearsing in Detroit, where they will open at the Lyceum Theater next Monday.

William A. Brady, Manager of Corbett, Bobby Gaylor, Joseph Grismer and Phœbe Davis, and the melodramatic productions, "The Cotton King" and "Old Glory" is the latest theatrical man who wants to have a theater of his own in New York. He says if he can't find one ready made he will have it put up to order.

MUSIC.

Marie Tavary, the prima donna of Charles Pratt's Grand Opera company, which comes to the Olympic week after next, was born in Cologne in 1862 of Russian parents. She was a prodigy and studied under Franz Liszt to be a piano player. It was while she was with that master that it was discovered her career would be more brilliant as a singer than as a pianist. So she passed from the pupilage of Liszt to Nachesi. She has sung at all the principal opera-houses of Europe and at the Metropolitan Opera-house as prima donna with Abbey, Schoeffel and Grau. Mr. Pratt expects to make as much money out of her as he did out of the late Emma Abbott.

A PLEASING COMPARISON.—The receipts of the Opera Comique in Paris for the month of June were 220,955 francs or about $44,000 and this too when Melba and some of the other grand opera stars were singing "Romeo and Juliette," "Faust," "Lohengrin," "Sigurd," "Djelma" and "Valkyrie." St. Louis has no reason to be ashamed of a comparison of the French capital, in the matter at least of substantial appreciation of music, as during one week's engagement of Abbey, Schoeffel and Grau's company last season $56,000 was poured into their coffers. Of course this engagement was a special one and that of Paris was only that of a run, but it is one week against a month and Paris is four times as large as this city.

CLOSING SESSION.

Proceedings of the W. C. T. U. Convention—Papers and Addresses.

The second day's session of the tenth annual convention of the W. C. T. U. of St. Louis District convened at 10 o'clock a. m. in the Sunday-school room of Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church. A large number were in attendance. The platform was tastefully decorated with palms and potted plants.

The meeting opened with short devotional exercises, led by Miss H. Davis. The following papers were then read: "Flower Mission," Miss A. A. Robbins; "Narcotics," Mrs. J. T. Dann; "Temperance Teaching," Miss Helen Peabody; "Twenty-one Years of the W. C. T. U.," Mrs. Isabel P. Robert.

Addresses on the following subjects were also delivered: "Temperance Work," Rev. John Mathews; "The Link Between Rescue Work and the Liquor Traffic," Sister Estelle; "A Clean Vote," Rev. F. G. Tyrrell, and "Social Work," Mrs. J. H. Frankel.

A flag drill was given by the children composing Co. B of the Loyal Temperance Legion.

The reading of reports by Miss Irene Calhoun, Secretary of Co. A, L. T. L., and Mrs. J. R. Washington, District Superintendent of the L. T. L., concluded the forenoon session.

The afternoon session opened at 2 o'clock with devotional exercises, conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. The first order of business was the reading of the report of the Enrollment Committee by Mrs. J. F. Dann, Chairman. Then followed the reading of the annual reports of Recording Secretary, Miss Agnes Dunsford, Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. M. E. Bond and Treasurer, Mrs. C. R. Rolfe.

Next came the address of President Mrs. F. H. Ingalls, in which she spoke of the national standing of the W. C. T. U., and reviewed the work accomplished by that body in St. Louis during the past year.

An election of officers for the ensuing year followed the address of the President.

The afternoon session closed with short addresses by Mrs. George Wagoner and Misses Beulah Boegher and A. C. Brown, officers of the Y. W. C. T. U., showing the work accomplished by that organization during the year.

The following is the evening session programme: Singing by the congregation; grammar; Sister Estelle; vocal selection—followed by prayer, and then a vocal selection rendered by the White Ribbon Quartet.

An address on "Drink, the Enemy of Labor and Business," by George W. Bain of Kentucky, followed by another selection by the White Ribbon Quartette.

George W. Bain will deliver an address at Union M. E. Church, Garrison and Lucas avenues, Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

Vandalia Passenger Train Narrowly Escapes Being Wrecked.

Passenger train No. 21 of the Vandalia line, due in St. Louis at 7 p. m., had a narrow escape from being wrecked about 6:20 o'clock Friday evening at the Silver Creek bridge, two miles east of Troy, Ill. Just as the engine reached the middle of the bridge two of the driving wheels jumped the track and, in that condition, with these wheels bumping over the ties, the train ran along for a distance of about twenty telegraph poles when the engineer, who had stuck to his post, brought it to a standstill by reversing the lever and applying the air brakes. The accident is supposed to be due to the rails spreading, having been forced from their position by the force of the train in rounding the curve at the eastern approach to the bridge. The train, which was in charge of Conductor John Trumble and Engineer William Idler, was running at a high rate of speed, and had the front wheels of the engine left the track instead of the drivers, the whole train would probably have plunged from the bridge. As it was the damage was slight and the wheels were replaced upon the track in about twenty minutes.

HAS TWO HUSBANDS.

Awkward Predicament in Which a Colored Woman Finds Herself.

William R. Smith, colored, janitor at the L'Ouverture Colored School at 2613 Papin street, called at the Prosecuting Attorney's office with a difficult matrimonial problem to be solved. On June 30 last he married a young widow named Sarah Creuss. At least, he says, she believed herself to be a widow. Her husband deserted her four years ago, it is alleged, and she heard that he had died at a point on the Red River. The Smiths live at 2636 Papin street, and Mrs. Smith or Mrs. Creuss, as the sequel proves her to be, attends night school at the L'Ouverture School. Last night on her way there she met her first husband alive and well. He demanded that she leave Smith and go to live with him. She refused to do so and he threatened to have her arrested. She told Smith when she went home. They held a consultation which resulted in their deciding to separate for the present. She will sue for a divorce from Creuss on the ground of desertion, and if the divorce be granted she and Smith will again be married. Smith's object in calling at the Four Courts was to see if Creuss could have his wife arrested. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Estep told Smith that no criminal charge could be preferred against him or the woman unless they remained living together.

United States Will Decline.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The United States has been invited by the quadruple alliance, composed of Great Britain, France, Germany and Russia, to join it in a friendly intervention in the war between China and Japan. The invitation will be declined. The declination is based on the time honored policy of this Government to avoid any entangling alliances with foreign powers. Acknowledgment is made of the truth in what the invitation has to say about the desirability of the restoration of peace, etc., but in the polite language of diplomacy it is pointed out that this country has so far thriven very well attending to its own business, and that so long as it continues to prosper by that policy it will not depart from it.

FROM THE NOTE BOOKS.

Interesting Incidental Sketches of the Daily Work of Newsgathering.

BREAKING THEM IN.—When our country visitors were with us a few days ago I was in a Laclede avenue car with one of them. At Eighteenth street the conductor announced "Union Station," but the country visitor did not stir. Then the car ran on, and he slid over to me to ask "What buildin' is that?" "That is Union Station." Evidently that was not his destination. Then the conductor walked forward and asked the rural one, "Where do you want to go to?"

"To the Union Deepo." The conductor explained that Union Station and Union Depot were synonymous. Evidently the farmer had read the signs on some of the street cars too closely.

WANTED HIS JUST DUES.—Students of character attach much significance to the little things which big people do. Rufus J. Lackland, President of the Boatmen's Bank, entered the office of the Clerk of the United States Court, and made a claim for jury fees for three days, at the rate of $1.50 per day. The Clerk thought that Mr. Lackland had been present in court only two days, but although the difference was only a matter of $1.50 Mr. Lackland labored to establish that he had reported in court three days. Then the Clerk set in motion the red tape preliminary to the payment of a witness. While the operation was proceeding Mr. Lackland said grimly: "I never have given $10 a day to be away from court." A minute later a Deputy Marshal in search of change for a $5 Treasury note saw Mr. Lackland waiting patiently for his fees, and he asked the bank President for five ones. Mr. Lackland produced a roll so large that five ones did not perceptibly reduce it, and he took the Treasury note in return, but he did not cease to wait for witness wages. Perhaps this episode best tells why he is President of a bank.

THE BOOKS WERE SHELVED.—Here is a funny little story which is being told of a would-be literary young man whose face is familiar around the various newspaper offices and who aspires to be witty. Some days ago in course of conversation with a prominent magazine writer the subject of authors and their works was being discussed. The young man, after the manner of all would-be literary young men, was criticising the various writers, and among others Ouida, whose works he declared were being laid on the shelf. The journalist, punning upon the well-known auburn hue of Ouida's hair said: "Well, if her books are not read her hair is." This struck the would-be literary young man as a most happy pun, and he resolved to appropriate it to himself at the first opportunity. A few evenings later while out in company he joyfully turned the conversation on to the same subject, and when the proper time arrived sprung the pun in this manner: "Well, she's got red hair if her books haven't."

He is still wondering why no one applauded the brilliant bon mot.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

HORSESHOER.—You will have to sue the owner.

O. X. L.—A similar association would have to incorporate here.

H. E.—Corbett defeated Sullivan Sept. 7, 1892, in twenty-one rounds.

BOB S.—An unrecorded mortgage is good only as between the immediate parties to it. It is not valid against an innocent purchaser.

J. KO.

W. F. M.—Councilmen are not elected from any particular ward. H. E. Regenhart represents the Twelfth Ward in the House of Delegates.

E. R.—Thanksgiving Day originated in this country from an old New England custom of giving thanks to Providence at the end of the harvest season. It will fall on Nov. 29 this year.

O. E. L.—In casino, the fact that one player has "built" does not prevent him from adding to his stack by building on his opponent's stack when the latter is "single."

P. C. H.—In your first letter you asked "how many days will it take ten hens to lay ten eggs." The answer, one day and a half, is correct. In your second you ask "how many eggs ten hens will lay in ten days." The answer is sixty-six and two-thirds.

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef.

Once used becomes indispensable in the kitchen.

WHAT-NOT CORNER.

Bargains in Suits.

There never was such a time to buy cloth suits as now. A dry goods firm is selling beautiful outfits, silk-lined skirts and the waist or jacket made to order, as low as $18; choice

serges, of blue and black, are offered at $22, and the $30 cheviots could not be approached by a modiste or home dressmaker for the money. The model given here is a specimen suit; a girl or a matron might wear it and be comely.

Mr. Little Boy's Shirt Collar.

Mr. Little Boy, with his shirt collar outside of his reefer coat, is as gay as the gayest beau on the avenue. These immense collars are made of galatea cotton, fine duck, and often navy flannel, in white and blue. The cottons are a better finish for a street suit than cloth. A few reds are worn; they go well with black, but blue serge is the favorite for reefer suits, and a collar is just the relief needed. These sailor collars are adjustable. The cost from 75 cents to $1.25.

MEN OF MARK.

The prize for the best Greek examination for admission to Yale College is awarded in the class of 1898 to Robert Hume of Ahmednuggar, India. He is a son of Robert E. Hume, the missionary over whom a long contest was held in the American Board.

There are very few public men who care to be criticised even in a friendly way, but the probability is that Mr. Santley, the eminent English baritone, is the only one who can truthfully say that he has never had the curiosity to read a single comparative analysis of his singing.

The late President of the Argentine Republic, Dr. Pelligrini, is now a partner in a firm of auctioneers, while the ex-Minister of Finance is very appropriately a money lender.

M. Berthelot, who has access to the old manuscripts in the Paris Museum, says that he has proof of an armor-plated gunboat made in the fifteenth century.

Cover Up the Fire.

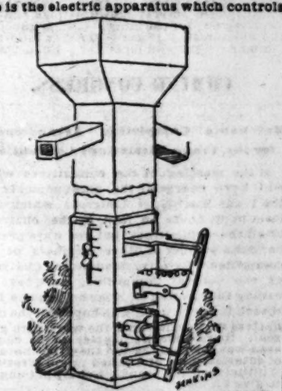
But oh! my gentle sisters, oh! my brothers,
These thick sown snowflakes hint of toil's release;
These feebler pulses bid me leave to others
The tasks once welcome—evening asks for peace.
Time claims his tribute; silence now is golden;
Let us not vex the too long-suffering lyre;
Though to our love untiring still beholden,
The curfew tells me—cover up the fire.
OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

ELECTRIC STABLE REGULATION.

A Touch of the Button Will Feed All the Horses in the Stable.

Here is a very simple device for electrically regulating the feeding of horses. It is the invention of a Philadelphia man.

Each of the stalls is connected by a tube to the supply box above and at the end of each tube is the electric apparatus which controls



the flow. This is done by working on two cut-offs, which allows just the right quantity of grain to drop into the feed box. A single touch of a button will feed a stable full of horses. This can be attached to a clockwork arrangement, which will automatically feed the horses at any given time.

This device is a great boon to milkmen, bakers, and those similarly employed, as it permits them to sleep while the animals are feeding.

Morning and Evening.

Alas! one narrow line is drawn,
That links our sunset with our dawn;
In mist and shade life's morning rose,
And clouds are round it at its close;
But, ah! no twilight beam ascends
To whisper where the streams ends.
O. W. HOLMES.

NOTES OF INDUSTRY.

New York has 30,000 barbers who shave 1,000,000 a week on an average.

New Hampshire cotton mills produce over 800,000 yards of cloth daily.

A single plant of wheat is capable of producing 1,000 seeds in one season.

The United States uses nearly one-half the quinine produced in the world.

It is claimed that England is a customer of the United States for half of her domestic produce.

The Pennsylvania limited and the Empire State express, on the New York Central are the most luxurious trains in the world.

In 1839 a mass of copper weighing 500 tons was mined in Minnesota, and it took forty men working a year to get it above ground.

In the Lake Superior district alone a year's yield of free copper has amounted to no less than 6,000 tons, or 17,920,000 pounds avoirdupois.

The center of the coal and iron industries is believed by some economists to be shifting from Great Britain to the United States.

The total length of the telegraph lines of the world is about 1,000,000 miles, of which 340,000 are in America and 320,000 in Europe. In the United States alone there are 400,000 miles.

The annual output of the world's gold fields amounts to about 6,000,000 ounces troy, or 409,000 avoirdupois.

The building trades of Great Britain were responsible for the greatest number of strikes in that country in 1893.

Blindness in Horses.

The remarkable prevalence of blindness in horses in certain districts of New South Wales has led to an investigation by the Veterinary College of Melbourne. The cause is found to be native tobacco (nicotina sanvioleus), which produces on horses effects similar in all respects to those of excessive smoking in man.

Fine Spun.

Platinum has been drawn into smooth wire so fine that it could not be distinguished by the naked eye, even when stretched across a piece of white cardboard.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

The Empress Frederick promises to be a fac simile of the Queen before long.

The Queen incurred a fee of 7s 6d for having allowed six weeks to elapse before registering the birth of the present Duke of Edinburgh.

The French Duchess D'Uzes has between 12,000,000 and 14,000,000 bottles of champagne in her cellars in the Rue de Temple, Paris, and as many more in her vaults at Rheims.

It may, perhaps, interest the curious to know that the Empress of Austria has her head shampooed once a month. The secret of the preparation used by the royal hairdresser would be worth a good deal to many ladies of the court, for the Empress' hair is still luxuriant, with no streak of gray, and touches the ground as she stands.

Miss Braddon has now been writing for over thirty years with undiminished reputation. She usually commences work soon after breakfast, and considers her task completed when she has composed some 3,000 words.

Glory of Virtue.

When our souls shall leave this dwelling
The glory of one fair and virtuous action
Is above all the 'scutcheons on our tomb,
Or silken banners over us.
SHIRLEY.

QUESTIONS ASKED OF THE DOCTOR.

NEURALGIA IN THE FACE.—Take a powder composed of two grains of monobromate of camphor and three grains acitanitide every three hours.

FEVER AND AGUE.—Quinine.

DIZZINESS AND FULLNESS IN THE HEAD.—Take a dose of citrate of magnesia when you feel an attack coming on.

COLD SETTLED ON THE CHEST.—Have your druggist prepare the following: Muriate of ammonia, three drams; extract of licorice, two drams; freshly powdered cubeb berries, two drams; paregoric, four drams; syrup of wild cherry bark enough to make four ounces; take teaspoonful every three hours.

SNUFF FOR COLD IN HEAD.—A very good snuff can be made by mixing equal parts of powdered camphor, borax and salt.

MUSTARD BATH FOR CHILD.—Take a tablespoonful of mustard to three gallons of hot water.

SYRUP OF GUM SUITABLE FOR COUGH MIXTURE.—Take one ounce of gum arabic, seven ounces of sugar and four ounces of water. Dissolve the gum arabic in the water without the aid of heat, then the sugar with a gentle heat, and strain.

Holmes and Our Little Mother Isle.

An esteemed correspondent, says the Montreal *Herald*, sends the following, clipped from a publication of date 1875, with the remark that the lines do not appear in any of the author's published works:

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes sent the following, with his autograph, to a bazaar and fancy fair at Manchester, England, in aid of the Sick Children's Hospital:

Hugged in the clinging billows' grasp,
From sea-weed fringe to mountain heather,
The British oak, with rooted grasp,
Her slender handful holds together;
With cliffs of white and bowers of green,
And coasts narrowing to each end,
And hills and threaded streams between—
Our little Mother Isle, God bless her!

SIX LITTLE JOKES.

Indianapolis *Journal*—Chappie (who has not been across): "My deah boy, youah boots aw in a howwible condition."

Chollie (who has): "My dear fellaw, that mud is fwom the stweets of deah old London."

Detroit *Free Press*—She was the wife of a cavalry officer and she was going to have some fun with the lieutenant of infantry.

"I suppose," she said, "you have often been chased by the Indians on the plains."

"Never," he responded politely.

"No?" keenly sarcastic.

"No. You see, they are so busy chasing the cavalry they don't have any time for us."

American Hebrew—Bank clerk: "This check, madam, isn't filled in."

Madam: "Isn't what?"

Bank clerk: "It has your husband's name signed to it, but it does not state how much money you want."

Madam: "Oh, is that all? Well, I'll take all there is."

Freeport (Ill.) *Bulletin*—The Baron: "I believe that in this country you have to get along without pedigrees."

The American Girl: "Not at all. We use pedigrees for our dogs and horses."

New York *Press*—"Well, you may talk as you like about Mrs. Listener, but she's a woman that knows her business."

"I admit that, and have no objection to her knowing it, but I object to her wanting to know mine."

Buffalo *Courier*—"Kasber didn't make as good a ran for office as he expected to. Any particular reason?"

"Er—yes; they pulled his leg so hard for election expenses after they nominated him it made him lame."

Strikes in France.

A study of French statistics for the year 1893, shows that during that year no less than 634 strikes took place in France. Four thousand three hundred and eighty-six factories and mines were affected and 170,121 workmen took part in the strikes, the number of working days lost being 2,174,000. Twenty-four and a half per cent of the strikes were successful, 30.6 partially successful and 45 unsuccessful. Mines furnished twenty-two of the strikes and 1,518,000 of the working days which were sacrificed.

Aluminum Bullets.

An idea advanced by Mr. Charpentier, of Belfort, England, is that of the use of aluminium bullets instead of lead in cases of rice, etc., because, while no less effective at short distances, they lose much of their force at about 150 yards and are utterly spent at a little over 200 yards, and hence there would be less risk of innocent persons being killed or wounded by stray bullets fired at a peaceful mob.

FAVORITE WON

Oliver Belmont's Colt Brandywine Captured the Nursery Stakes.

Halma Finished Second, With Counter Tenor in Third Place.

SIR WALTER LANDS THE SECOND SERIAL HANDICAP HANDILY.

Tarai's Mount, Sir Excess, Was Never in the Hunt—Reynard, a 100 to 1 Shot, Secures the Place in the Second Race—Applause Places a Race to Pittsburg Phil's Credit—Turf Events.

MORRIS PARK, N. Y., Oct. 13.—Drizzling rain, accompanied by a heavy fog, made matters extremely disagreeable for the spectators at this track to-day. Two favorites and the same number of second choices were successful in the first four races.

Prince George, the 2 to 5 favorite, in the opening event, finished third, McCafferty's Tom Harding wining easily by one length from the 100 to 1 shot, Reynard.

Pittsburg Phil's good 3-year-old, Applause, captured the second race, ridden out, by one-half length. Cromwell defeated Manchester for second money by a neck.

Nine started in the Nursery stakes for 2-year-olds, which was next on the card. Oliver Belmont's Brandywine, favorite at 6 to 5, carried most of the money and, to the delight of his numerous backers, won by a half length from Halma. Counter Tenor was third and Sabrina finished fourth.

Tarai's mount, Sir Excess, at 7 to 5, was most fancied by the talent in the Second Serial handicap for all ages, but Sir Walter beat him out handily by one length. Bassettlaw defeated Old Banquet for third money.

Doggett was in great form, riding two of his first three mounts to victory. Summaries:

First race, five-eighths of a mile—Tom Harding 105 (Reiff), 8 to 5, first; Reynard 108 (Tribe), 100 to 1, second; Prince George 108 (Sims), 3 to 5, third. Time, 1:01.

Second race, five-eighths of a mile—Applause 108 (Doggett), 4 to 5, first; Cromwell 108 (Sims), 15 to 1, second; Manchester 108 (Lawley), 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:00.

Third race, Nursery stakes, three-quarters of a mile—Brandywine 118 (Griffin), 6 to 1, first; Halma 118 (A. Clayton), 10 to 1, second; Counter Tenor 122 (Lamley), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:12.

Fourth race, second serial handicap, all ages, one and one-fourth miles—Sir Walter 121 (Doggett), 2 to 1, first; Sir Excess 117 (Tarai), 7 to 5, second; Bassettlaw 103 (J. Hearsin), 4 to 1, third. Time, 2:08¾.

Fifth race, seven-eighths of a mile—Speculation 102 (Griffin), 7 to 5, first by two lengths; Beansey 103 (A. Clayton), 5 to 1, second; Saragossa 112 (Tarai), 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:29¾.

Sixth race, handicap, one mile—Declare 114 (Sims), 6 to 5, first by a length; Gov. Sheehan 96 (Tribe), 6 to 1, second; Melody 87 (Hirsch), 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:41.

AT HARLEM.

Carr Pilots Commission and Tim Murphy to Victory.

HARLEM RACE TRACK, CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 13.—Weather cloudy; track fast. Summaries: First race, one mile and seventy yards—Commission 96 (F. Carr), 3 to 1, first by three lengths; Constant 95 (Bunn), 6 to 1, second; Zeke Hardy 104 (Chorn), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:47⅗.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile—Tim Murphy 109 (F. Carr), 4 to 5, first by two lengths; Tartarian 111 (Chorn), 4 to 1, second; Arapahoe 107 (J. Lamley), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:18¾.

Third race, handicap, three-quarters of a mile—Don Cæsar 94 (E. Jones), 20 to 1, first by a neck; Midas 102 (Chevalier), 4 to 1, second; Neutral 116 (C. Weber), 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:14⅘.

Fourth race, handicap, one and one-sixteenth miles—Libertine 108 (Macklin), 4 to 1, first by three lengths; Cicely 107 (F. Carr), 5 to 1, second; Bessie Bisland 94 (Chorn) 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:48¾.

Fifth race, handicap, three-quarters of a mile—Geraldine 98 (McCue), 6 to 1, first by two lengths; Sister Mary 118 (J. Lamley), 2 to 1, second; Ducat 115 (C. Weber), 7 to 5, third. Time, 1:14.

AT OAKLEY.

Potentate's Measure Taken By Lehman—J. P. B.'s Soft Snap.

OAKLEY RACE TRACK, Oct. 13.—Weather fair; track slow. Summaries:

First race, one mile—Alethia Allen 98 (Perkins), 8 to 1, first by two lengths; Hightmore 105 (Donahue), even, second; Equator 100 (Kuhn), 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:45¾.

Second race, one and one-half miles—J. P. B. 101 (Perkins), 7 to 5, first by eight lengths; Sister Anita 97 (H. Williams), 30 to 1, second; Henry Jenkins 118 (J. Fisher), 6 to 1, third. Time, 2:44.

Third race, handicap, one and one-quarter miles—Phitzs 106 (H. Williams), 3 to 1, first by two lengths; Semper Lex 109 (Martin), even, second; Clementine 106 (Cassin), 8 to 1, third. Time, 2:12.

Fourth race, match, seven-eighths of a mile—Lehman 110(Perkins), even, first by one length; Potentate 110 (Martin), 4 to 5, second. Time, 1:28¾.

Fifth race, five-eighths of a mile—Temen 111 (Brooks), even, first by a nose; Innocent 107 (Donohue), 10 to 1, second; Domingo 110 (Perkins), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:41¼.

AT MADISON.

Dick Deneuth Captures the Third Event by a Nose.

RACE TRACK, MADISON, Ill., Oct. 13.—Weather clear; track fast. Summaries:

First race, five-eighths of a mile—Willie G. 110(Henricks), 4 to 1 first by a head; Straightout 110 (Thornton), 5 to 1, second; Sam V. 90 (Hyle), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:07¾.

Second race, four and a half furlongs—Dr. Farrell 107 (Wallace), 6 to 1, first by a length; Emmie 107 (McIntyre), 4 to 1, second; Tom Karl 105 (Henricks), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:00.

Third race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile—Dick Deneath 101 (Thornton), 4 to 1, first by a nose; Jennie Lind 104 (Tousall), 20 to 1, second; Irish Pat 101 (G. Howe), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:15.

The Cloak-Makers' Strike.

NEW YORK, Oct 13.—The cloak-makers are elated to-day over the outlook in the strike upon which they entered the first of the week. About 3,000 returned to work to-day, and before night it is believed that fully 5,000 will follow them. Joseph Barondess presided at a meeting of the strikers to-day, at which it was decided to deal individually with all the firms.

OPEN CONFESSION.

He Did Not Claim to be Such an Accomplished Liar.

From the Detroit Free Press.

The preacher was having a sort of a test meeting by asking the congregation questions on their conduct.

"Now, brethren," he said, "all of you who pay your debts will please stand up."

In response to this there was an apparently unanimous uprising.

"Now," said the preacher, "all those who do not pay will please stand up."

One man alone arose.

"Ah, brother," said the preacher, "why is it that you, of all this congregation of brethren, should be so different?"

"I don't know, parson," he replied slowly as he looked around over his friends and acquaintances in the meeting, "unless it is that I am a liar."

SULLIVAN'S SANITARIUM.

John L. to Retire and Establish a "Pugilists' Home."

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Mass., Oct. 13.—John L. Sullivan, the ex-champion pugilist, is negotiating for the lease of the well-known Davis farm in South Sherborne, and the deal will be closed in a few days.

He will retire from the stage and establish a sanitarium on the farm, furnishing quarters for pugilists. The Davis estate is large and well located.

CORBETT'S CONCLUSION.

The Sporting World Has Little Use for a Gentlemanly Pugilist.

"Macon" McCormick, when asked about the Corbett-Fitzsimmons match, said: "I placed no faith in the vaporing of Fitzsimmons to the effect that he would smash Corbett on the jaw and otherwise maltreat him when they met if the champion looked crooked at him. Jim went to the trysting place in a sweater, ready for business—regular or irregular. If Fitzsimmons wanted a run in he would have been accommodated then and there. Some time ago Corbett said to me: 'Mac, it looks to me as though the sporting world had very little use for a gentlemanly pugilist. I try to treat everybody civilly and politely, and yet I am being constantly roasted in the papers. I ain't ready to fight at the drop of the hat with every fellow who wants to make a little reputation at my expense. I am getting sick and tired of this undeserved abuse, and if some of these fellows who talk so bold behind my back of forcing me into a fight give me proper cause, they'll get the fight quicker than they think for.'"

* * *

Bob Fitzsimmons has declined to sign the articles of agreement as presented to him. The Australian has several objections, the principal one of which is the size of the gloves. Bob will not be satisfied with anything but five-ounce gloves. This was the size of the mittens used in the Corbett-Sullivan and Corbett-Mitchell fights, and there is no reason why Fitz and the Californian should not settle their affair with the same kind of a weapon. Fitz also demurs to the clause which gives the club the right to name the referee and wishes it changed so that that official must be satisfactory to both parties. Bob claims that

ARTHUR TWINEHAM,
Captain and Manager of the Browns.

as the Dwyers, who are Corbett's admirers and backers, are behind the Florida Athletic Club, he should at least have a voice in the selection of the referee and thus insure himself from getting the worst of it. Creedon's conqueror also objects to any one else getting any advertising out of the affair, and declines to battle for the championship belt which a sporting paper wants to put up. That is a side issue. It will be remembered that Sullivan called a trophy offered by the same paper "a dog collar." The chances are that there will be changes in the articles to suit Fitz.

* * *

Gov. Mitchell, backed by the anti-pugilistic element, will ask the Legislature of Florida, which convenes early in 1895, to pass a stringent law against the bringing off of prize fights in that State. Florida's executive failed in his efforts to prevent the Corbett-Mitchell battle. Mr. Richardson, one of the principal backers of the Florida club, says that he and his associates have assurances that there will be no new legislation on the subject. It will be remembered that Gov. Mitchell and the authorities were enjoined by the courts against interfering with the battle, and it is claimed that the same step will be taken to bring off the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight, if Mitchell attempts to prevent it. It is noteworthy in this connection that one of the papers of Jacksonville, which did not oppose the Corbett-Mitchell fight, says editorially: "Allow us to remark right now that the preliminaries for this so-called scientific glove contest may as well be abandoned at once. Jacksonville is not a candidate for any further notoriety in this line. The scientific glove contests, as the pariances of the ring has it, are nothing less than brutal prize fights, in which one of the principals undertakes to punch the other's head off, according to certain fixed rules."

* * *

Young Starlight, the little Australian colored phenomenon, said, with reference to the "Kentucky Rosebud's" latest challenge to Dixon:

"I believe that the challenge was made to avoid an issue with me. It is a week ago that the Rosebud agreed to box me three rounds on the stage of the Howard Atheneum. He subsequently learned of my bout with John E. Butler of Lynn, and then declined to box me as agreed. I will add that I am ready to fight any 122-pound man in America, bar Dixon, for $500 a side and any purse obtainable, winner take all."

Pugilistic Pointers.

Tommy Ryan has returned from Syracuse, N. Y., to Chicago, and will resume his training at once.

"Shadow" Maher and his trainer, Alexander, have gone to New Orleans. Maher expects to get on a match with "Kid" McCoy.

Charles H. Sagel is out with a challenge on behalf of Jack Falvey of Providence to fight Jack McAuliffe to a finish or for a limited number of rounds, give or take five pounds.

Tom Monigh[illegible] the Galveston lightweight, is out with a [illegible]llenge to Jack Everhart, Andy Bowen o[illegible]anton Abbott, and says he will bet $1,000.

REMARKABLE RECORD.

Elliott Kills a Straight 100 Birds—Dr. Carver Lost One.

With a strong wind blowing directly across the field, J. A. R. Elliott established the record at fifty yards boundary, by killing 100 straight birds at Kansas City, in the match between him and Dr. Carver. The pigeons were all swift flyers and more than the usual average were rapid right-quarterers. Dr. Carver lost his fourth bird, a dark straightaway driver, which fell dead out of bounds. This was beyond question the most remarkable record ever made at a fifty-yards rise.

City Hall Notes.

Mayor Walbridge has gone to Detroit, Mich., on a pleasure trip. President of the Council Charles Nagel is acting Mayor.

APPLE OF DISCORD.

Magnates Will Not Allow Any More Temple Cup Series.

MONEY PRIZES TO BE OFFERED TO THE LEAGUE LEADERS.

Nothing but Harm to the Game Has Come From Mr. Temple's Gift—Ward to Retire—The Uncertainties of the Turf—Sullivan's Proposed Sanitarium—Fits Refuses to Sign—General Sport.

There will be no side issues to the League championship in the future. If the expressions of the magnates indicate their purposes, there will never be another series, says an Eastern authority, for the Temple Cup, emblematic of nothing and productive of nothing but evil. Given with the best intention, the cup has proved to be but an apple of discord and an injury to base ball. For a month before the season ended the cup series for cash overshadowed in importance the real championship contest; was made also the indirect cause of charges of corruption and bribery; brought about an undignified wrangle between the contending teams and the League committee; and finally caused a disgusting and unsportsmanlike exposition of the financial side of the sport. The net result of it all is for base ball much harm, for the League the mortification of having its championship belittled, for the real champions a clouded title, for the victors a fictitious importance—all this merely to make a financial holiday for a few players. The series had one redeeming feature. It proved that base ball is a clean and honest sport.

* * *

Harry Von der Horst of the Baltimore Club said recently in discussing the report that there was an arrangement among certain New York and Baltimore players for an equal division of the receipts from the Temple Cup games:

"That convinces me that this whole Temple Cup business has been a farce, and I shall offer a resolution at the coming League meeting that the trophy be returned to Mr. Temple with thanks. Instead of such a series, I think it would be better for the League to put up a purse of $10,000, of which $5,000 should go to the winners of the pennant, $3,000 to the second team and $2,000 to the third."

There has been a denial by McGraw and Keeler of the Orioles and Doyle and Davis of the Giants, that they had any understanding for an even division of their respective shares, but the cranks do not accept it.

* * *

Johnny Ward was recently presented with a picture of the New York players. It was quite a handsome affair, and as the manager-captain bowed his acknowledgments he said, with some feeling: "I am glad and thankful to have this memento of the last team I shall play ball with." There exists no good reason to doubt that this is John Montgomery's last year in base ball, and the cranks will now be on edge to know who will take Ward's place. As Ward first announced through the POST-DISPATCH, when the Giants were in this city on their last trip, he has concluded to practice his profession of the law. It is pretty well settled that George Davis will supplant him as captain, but his successor as manager is not yet shown on the horizon. It is not probable that Davis will be asked to look after the dual position.

* * *

Unless something unusual transpires there will be no regular meeting of the National League until the annual session next month. If the new association should commit an overt act the League magnates will meet at once. At that time there will be an effort made to abolish Sunday playing in the National League next season. The New York club will fight Sunday playing with all its power. The St. Louis and other Western representatives will oppose the movement, and it is hardly probable that it will go through. The Baltimore, Brooklyn and Washington clubs play Sunday games in the West and find it profitable, and these clubs will hardly consent to the loss of their principal source of revenue in this section to oblige the New York, Philadelphia and Boston clubs. It is given out that the Cleveland club will refuse to play Sunday games next year.

AMONG THE TURFITES.

Arthur Bowers' Comments on Jockey Griffin's Retainer.

In reference to the announcement that Gideon and Daly will pay a retainer of $16,100 for first call on Harry Griffin next season, Arthur F. Bowers has this to say:

"It cannot be possible that David Gideon, who has an agile intellect, and John Daly, his shrewd and sagacious partner, have consented to pay little Jockey Griffin the grotesque salary of $16,000 for his services in 1895, when it is probable that there will be no racing in this State in 1895. Mr. Gideon and Mr. Daly have too much sense to fall into such absurd folly. Race tracks are full of the wildest tales and the most absurd exaggerations, Griffin is a little boy; not nearly of age, and he weighs only 96 pounds. He was taken out of the Roman Catholic Protectory only a few years ago to use as a stable boy. He is apprenticed to Mr. Shields, who, it is reported, puts in his own pocket one-half of all Griffin's income, as he has a legal right to do under the articles of apprenticeship. Shields probably spends most of his time in checking over his good luck in having secured Griffin as an apprentice.

"But the idea of the $16,000 salary—a far higher salary than was ever paid to any jockey in this country—seems preposterous. If Griffin—a mere boy, and by no means a great jockey—can command a salary of $16,000, then Tarai ought to have a salary of at least $50,000. Griffin rode so poorly in two races Wednesday that his pay ought to have been less than 50 cents for the afternoon's work. He rode Bassettlaw so bunglingly and so badly in the fifth race that a salary of $16 for a whole year of such wretched riding would be prodigal extravagance."

* * *

Bookmaker Mark Elias dropped down from Chicago yesterday and will spend a few days in this city before leaving for San Francisco, where he intends to locate for the winter. Mark was around New York for two months last summer and had fair success on the big Eastern tracks. While on his way West he stopped over at Cincinnati and went up to Chicago. Elias was formerly in the pool-room business at Covington and he says it is understood in Cincinnati turf circles that the fight now being made on the pool-room men was inspired by the Oakley race track owners. If the pool-rooms are kept closed, it is believed, Oakley will run for an indefinite period. Speaking about the class of horses now racing at the Chicago tracks, Elias says they are an ordinary lot, with the exception of the 2-year-olds.

* * *

The uncertainty of the turf was demonstrated in the first race at Morris Park when Hugh Penny defeated the record-breaker, Maid Marian, at her own distance, five furlongs. On Tuesday the Kendall Stable's mare lowered Hugh Penny's colors at this route, covering it in :56¾, a quarter of a second faster than the best previous American record. After winning by a neck in such fast time, the form students cannot understand how the Maid was defeated by two lengths in :58¾. True, there was a slight difference in the weights, but then the Maid was ridden by the mighty Tarai and he is certainly worth the five additional pounds packed by the speedy mare. All things considered, the only explanation for Maid Marian's defeat is that thoroughbreds are only flesh and blood and subject to moods and ailments. None of them can run at a regular rate of speed, as does a cable car.

* * *

Secretary Ed. Hopper of the Western Turf Congress and the Latonia Jockey Club will officiate in the same capacity at the Saratoga running meeting next season. Messrs. Walbaum and Hopper came to terms at Cincinnati and the papers that make the announcement also state that Col. M. Lewis Clark will preside in the stand and that C. H. Pettingell will handle the flag at Saratoga next summer. This will, no doubt, be surprising news to J. J. Burke and J. F. Caldwell, who have been with Walbaum at Guttenburg and Saratoga for several years. Judge Burke especially is thought to have been "strong" with Walbaum, and if the Judge is turned down, as they say he is sure to be over in Cincinnati, it will cause astonishment in the turf world.

East St. Louis Results.

First race, five furlongs—Bobby Gaylor first, Calantha second, Watch Me third. Time, 1:08.

Second race, six and a half furlongs—Robert Latta first, Capulin second, Tenor third. Time, 1:21½.

Third race, five furlongs—Tom Donohue first, One Dime second, Yosemite third. Time, 1:07.

Fourth race, one mile and one hundred yards, handicap—Vevay first, Estelle F. second, Jamestown third. Time, 1:57.

Fifth race, six furlongs—Collector first, Turk second, Alopathy third. Time, 1:21½.

Winners at Other Tracks.

At Morris Park—Hugh Penny, Adelbert, Prince Carl, Sabilla, Bombasette, Stonenellie.

At Harlem—Loretto, Marion G., Gascon, Neutral, Elmer F., Lottie Mills.

At Oakley—Springale, Darevela, Ida Pickwick, The Ironmaster, Kratzville.

At Kansas City—Dark Knight, Bob Francis, Lucy Day, Southernest, Nergo.

Track Talk.

Billy Finch has sold his 5-year-old chestnut mare Deceit to Tony McCafferty for a price not made public. Deceit is by Deceiver out of Summer Storm.

Secretary Letcher of Oakley has received a telegram from John Headey at Morris Park, saying that he would come west next week with the crack John Cooper and six others.

Fred Littlefield is open for an engagement to ride next year. The Messrs. Morris will have so small a string in training that they do not think it worth while to retain a jockey.

Hawthorne may have a special race at one mile and a furlong for Rey el Santa Anita, Oakwood, Despot, Ingomar and Senator Irby. The 2-year-olds Rey del Caredes, Montre, Monterey, Frank K. and Neutral may come together Wednesday at six furlongs.

Johnny Coleman, owner of the Stuyvesant Book and Westchester Stable, intends to send Detective, Chatter Cob, Clara Christine, Jim McGuire and Bob Tucker to this city and sell them for whatever they will bring.

WHEELMEN AT THE EX.

Special Programme Arranged by Sousa in the Cyclists' Honor.

This is Wheelmen's night at the Exposition and Bandmaster Sousa has arranged a special musical programme, as announced elsewhere, in honor of the occasion. A number of wheels will be placed on the stage. All the cycling exhibitors in the building have lent a hand to make the night a success, and Capt. Canfield of the Pastimes will present each member attending with a neat cap. The Victor Club will turn out strong in their white caps, which were so conspicuous on the county tour. Secretary Butler will be on hand to receive applications for L. A. W. membership and will refund the price of admission to all who join the organization. Wheels will be cared for in the basement at Thirteenth and Olive streets. A number of the boxes as well as part of the parquet will be reserved for those who attend in cycling uniforms. The club captains have issued notices to the members to assemble at 7:30 p. m., so that a prompt start can be made to reach the Exposition at 8 o'clock. Wheelmen who are not members of any club are specially urged to be present and a Reception Committee will be on hand to introduce them to the club men.

Sporting Notes.

Seven of the best football players have left Baker University for the Ottawa University, because the faculty objected to their devoting more time to the study of football than to their books.

The sculling race between RoseMosenheim and Tillie Ashley for the championship of America will take place to-morrow.

The Atlantic Athletic Club has arranged three contests for its opening night, on Monday next. Austin Gibbons, the New Jersey welterweight, will face Joe Walcott in a ten-round bout. "Billy" Ernst of Brooklyn will meet "Jim" Holmes of New York in an eight-round affair, and "Tim" Murphy and "Jerry" Sullivan will have an eight-round go. The new arena is in the famous Sea Beach Palace, and it is expected that everything will be in shipshape order by to-day.

Lacrosse teams, captained by S. Deroche and W. D. Walsh, will play at Forest Park near the Lindell Depot at 10 o'clock to-morrow.

WHY DINNER IS LATE.

Married Men Agree that It Is Never Ahead of Time.

From the Buffalo Express.

"It is a curious thing," said the Grumbler, "that while I have been keeping house for thirty years and have had my wife tell me a thousand times that dinner was late I never once knew of a time when dinner was ahead of time. I have made careful inquiry among my friends (and I have many who have been domestic longer than I) and do not find a single well-authenticated case where dinner was ever, at any time or place, ahead of time. Five times a week the cook will do something that she ought not to do and dinner will be anywhere from five minutes to an hour behind time, but she never gets under sufficient headway to have the things on the table before the appointed time. I have made this curious and interesting phase of home life a careful study and I intend to write a pamphlet about it."

"I guess you're right," said the Kicker. "I am a married man of some few years myself, and I have had the same experience. I may get home an hour earlier than usual and be hungry as three bears, but that does not make a particle of difference. Dinner never comes before 6 o'clock, which is the scheduled time, but very frequently comes much after that time. I had an old uncle once who noticed the same thing. He was in the house one day and put the clock ahead two hours to see if he couldn't work the miracle. But the cook fooled him."

"What did she do?" asked the Grumbler, eagerly.

"She turned on the natural gas before she put in the match and when the fire department got through it was 9 o'clock."

IF YOU WANT HELP, or a ROOM or BOARD or BOARDERS, a small advertisement in the POST-DISPATCH want columns will cost you less than a cent a word—3 cents per line of seven words.

HUMPHREYS

SPECIFIC NO. 10 CURES

DYSPEPSIA

BUSINESS AND FAMILY ANXIETIES are frequent causes of Dyspepsia, and their operation is very general and extended, implicating not only the mucous coats of the Stomach, but the Liver, the Bowels, and often the whole nervous system. When the mind is depressed by disappointment or anxiety, there is always a corresponding depression of the nervous energies, and the digestive system is frequently the first to suffer from this mental condition.

SPECIFIC NO. 10 promptly cures all these conditions, being quite as reliable as DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS NO. 77 for Grippe, No. 1 for Fevers, No. 15 for Rheumatism, as well as his many other SPECIFICS for various diseases, with which the community are already so well acquainted.

The SPECIFICS are put up in small bottle of pleasant pellets; just fit for the vest pocket. Sold by druggists or sent on receipt of price, 25c., or 5 for $1.00. HUMPHREYS' MEDICAL COMPANY, corner WILLIAM AND JOHN STS., NEW YORK.

Trade supplied by Meyer Bros. Drug Co. Moffitt-West Drug Co., Daugherty-Orouch Drug Co., Hopkins-Weller Drug Co., J. S. Merrell Drug Co.

Burlington Route

Best Line
TO
Kansas City.

RADIANT HOME
Base Burner Stoves.
RINGEN STOVE CO.
414 N. BROADWAY.

BE CAREFUL

When buying a Cooking Stove or Range to get one with an established reputation. The test of time has stamped the

CHARTER OAK,
"THE BEST."

And there is a guarantee on

CHARTER OAK STOVES ALL CHARTER OAK RANGES

BLOWN DOWN.

Two Persons Seriously Hurt By the Fall of a Factory Wall.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 13.—The west wall of the new Westinghouse glass factory on Lacock street, Alleghany, was blown down at 2 o'clock this afternoon, dangerously injuring John Halpin and Henry Stackrath. A dozen others were slightly hurt by falling bricks and debris.

WILL BE A MEETING.

Corbett Says He Will Fight Fitz for a $5 Note.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 13.—J. J. Corbett told a reporter to-day that nothing should prevent a meeting between him and Fitzsimmons. "In the event that the fight is prevented in Florida I'll go to New Orleans," said Corbett. "I am going to fight Fitzsimmons and am perfectly willing to go where I can do so without interference. There'll be a meeting if it's not for more than a $5 note."

THOSE LIVING PICTURES.

Manager Gaiennie Smiles at the Action of the W. C. T. U.

Manager Frank Gaiennie was seen at the Exposition by a POST-DISPATCH reporter and asked if the action of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union in denouncing the living pictures was the reason that the management had decided to discontinue them after Saturday night. M. Gaiennie smiled a good-natured smile and said, "Why, of course not." Then he continued: "Our contract for the living pictures exhibition closes to-night, and we could not show them any longer if we wanted to. But in regard to the action of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, I will say this: These ladies are doing a great deal of good in their way. So are we doing a great deal of good with our Exposition. I have great respect for every person's opinion, and so I will not attempt to answer their arguments or be drawn into a controversy with these good ladies. I, myself am certain that from my point of view there is nothing offensive in any of the pictures. We are very careful of that in selecting the pictures to be shown. The Music Hall has been filled each day since the pictures have been displayed with our best people, and I think this fact alone argues that they were all right. Nobody has lodged any objections with me, and the ladies who did file a protest with Mr. Boyd, I understand, never saw the pictures, but only took for granted what was told them by a gentleman friend who had. In regard to the picture of "Psyche at the Well" thousands of homes contain this same picture, and the only difference from these pictures and ours is that we have a living being to take the place of the painted figure."

Obituary Notes.

Timothy Crawford, supposed to be a poor laborer, had $5,000 in his pockets when found dead at Peru, Ind.

Rev. H. S. Thrall, oldest Methodist Episcopal minister in Texas, died at San Antonio.

Rev. Dr. Jullan, a pioneer preacher of Toledo, Ark., is dead.

EVERY housekeeper has a good word for Bent's Steel Range. They are practically indestructible. They work like a charm.

AMUSEMENTS.

FINALE!
SUNDAY.
LAST DAY { The Monster Captive Balloon
That Has Delighted so Many Thousands.
LAST DAY { The Interesting Dahomey Village.
SPECIAL SUNDAY—Admission to Village, 10c.
Take this Last Opportunity to see the several entertaining pavilions composing the Great and Famous Midway Plaisance.
FAIR GROUNDS ..... Admission, 25c

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
It's a Good Thing, Push It Along.
TO-NIGHT,
Canary & Lederer's supreme production from the New York Casino,
THE PASSING SHOW
110—People—110
Next week—Russell's Comedians.

THE HAGAN
CONROY and FOX
—IN—
HOT TAMALES.
Next week—Blue Jeans. Tel. 771.

STANDARD—To-Night at 8.
The Vaudeville Success of the Season,
WEBER & FIELD'S
RUSSELL BROTHERS' COMEDIANS
Next week—City Sports Big Show.

POPE'S—EVERY DAY.
J. D. HOPKINS ..... Manager
CONTINUOUS SHOW.
NO STOPS—1 to 10:30 p. m.—NO WAITS
Dramatic Co. in TICKET OF LEAVE MAN.
10—Vaudeville Acts—10
Come any time—Stay as long as you like.
10c—20c—30c | New Bill Next Week

GAST'S VITICULTURAL CAFE,
A STRICTLY
FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT,
—AT—
Northern Terminus of Broadway Extension

INSURE WITH S. Kennard Jr. ROOM 218 GRANITE BLOCK, 4TH & MARKET.
Representing:
Inter-State Casualty Co. of New York as General Agent for Accident Insurance; Union Casualty Co. of St. Louis, for Plate Glass and Employers' Liability Insurance; Connecticut Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford; National Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford, for Fire and Tornado Insurance.
Telephone 124.

SHIRT TAILORS.

O. L. PARRISH & C. BECHT
$1.50
BEST WHITE SHIRT Made to Order.
PARRISH-BECHT SHIRT CO.,
619 FINE STREET.

OLYMPIC.
Mr. and Mrs.
KENDAL.
TO-NIGHT,
★THE IRONMASTER.★
SUNDAY, OCT. 14,
Cleveland Minstrels
and Billy Emerson,
For 2 Performances Only.
Matinee—Admission, 25c and 50c. Night, 75c, 50c, 35c and 25c.
Monday, Oct. 15—"Lady Windermere's Fan."

HAVLIN'S — To-Night.
Prices 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
The Big Scenic Production,
LAND OF THE MIDNIGHT SUN.
Sunday Matinee—THE "TORNADO."

SPORTSMAN'S PARK TO-MORROW.
Last Appearance of
BUCK TAYLOR'S WILD WEST SHOW.
Two performances in the afternoon and evening, 2 and 8 p. m.
Many new features added for the occasion, including a five-mile relay race between cowboys, Indian foot race, roping and riding contest, riding wild steers and other new features.
Admission, 25 cents. Children, 10 cents.

LITTLE DOWN!
First See The Only McNICHOL.
"Picnics are well enough my dear,"
The dear old mother says:
"But show would honest hard work get
If she a worker stops and plays."
We've had our fun and jollity,
Met neighbors, cousins, friends;
And now forgive me if I say,
I'm glad when all this ends!

"Excursions, Fair time, ball and rout,
Strange music in the air,
No serious business could one do,
For fun reigned everywhere!
But now we'll settle down to work
Not any more to roam;
We'll give up light and trifling things
And learn to value home.

"Why, all our lives we've struggled hard
To compass this about:
And now when homes are counted in
Shall our names be left out?"
No! never mind the money child,
I know what you would say;
But you don't know as well as I,
McNichol's scheme of pay.

"You cannot be so badly off,
So sad, forlorn or meek;
But you can buy for these fine goods
And pay for them each week.
A little sum which soon mounts up
And then—the home is yours;
From bed-room, parlor, kitchen set
To [illegible]

And, oh, how good it seems to sit down in a great easy rocker to hear the clock tick, your clock, and say: This is all mine! Just see

(Trade Mark) THE ONLY McNICHOL,
1013, 1022, 1024 Market St.

P. S.—Look all over town if you like, but you will never find better Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Clocks, Dishes, Lamps, Pictures, Bedding, Stoves, Baby Carriages, Kitchen and Laundry Goods, Ranges, etc., than you can buy cheap ON CREDIT, of THE ONLY McNICHOL, Market and 11th sts., St. Louis, Mo.

LEGAL.

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, October term, 1894, Monday, Oct. 8, 1894. Samuel N. Holliday, trustee under the will of John Ramsey, deceased, vs. (67 December term, 1893) Sarah K. Kirkpatrick, administratrix of the estate of Mary Frances Allen, deceased; John P. Allen, formerly the husband of said Mary Frances Allen, deceased; Edith K. Allen and Francis H. Allen, minors, children of Mary Frances Allen, deceased. It appearing to the court from the petition herein duly verified by affidavit that the defendants John P. Allen, Edith K. Allen and Francis H. Allen are non-residents of this State, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and another, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of this court instructing the plaintiff as trustee under the will of John Ramsey, deceased, as to the proper construction and nature and effect of said trust in the first, third and sixth clauses of the will of John Ramsey, deceased, and particularly in respect to the matters of doubt as to whom the rent of the Pine street house belongs and to whom belongs the proceeds of the thirty shares of stock in the St. Louis Gas Light Co., and determining the duty of the trustee in the premises, and unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 10th day of October, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEITZ, Clerk.
SAM N. HOLLIDAY, 305 Olive street. 1013

THE WALL FELL,

Burying a Dozen Men Under the Ruins, But None Were Killed.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 13.—While clearing away the debris of the burned Cleveland foundry works to-day, about a dozen men were buried beneath a falling wall, which had been left standing after the late fire. Several were seriously injured, but none were killed outright.

The Braunschweig Safe.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 13.—The overdue North German Lloyd steamer Braunschweig, from Bremen, passed in the Capes this morning, and will arrive to-night.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

ANSWERS TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Persons holding checks for the following uncalled for answers to Advertisements for the week ending Wednesday, Oct. 10, can get same by calling at this office within three days. Ask for advertised letters.

A	51	1D	50	3M	43	1	
A	52	1D	60	1M	52	1	
A	53	1D	70	2O	62	1	
A	62	1E	40	1O	63	1	
A	63	1E	45	1O	67	1	
B	44	1G	45	1	Barnes	1	
B	45	1G	47	1	Barnes	1	
B	50	1K	47	1	16	1	
C	40	1K	48	1X	52	1	
D	37	1M	37				

Situations Wanted—Males.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

CARPENTER—Wants situation at his trade; is sober and industrious; wages no object, if steady. Add. B 72, this office.

DRUG CLERK—Situation wanted in drug store to finish for examination; no bad habits; best references; work for expenses. Address O 66, this office.

ENGINEER—Wants situation as stationary engineer, fireman or watchman in city or outside town; ref. Ad. F 61, this office.

GRINDER—Sit. wanted as coach and oil color grinder and tinter; can dress stones. Add. L 64, this office.

MAN—Wanted work by young man who understands horses, cows and furnaces; ref. desired. Address Y 72, this office.

MAN—Would like to exchange with one who would like to work in barbershop for some other work of any kind. Add. N 66, this office.

Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circular.

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL.

JONES

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

Broadway, between Olive and Locust. Shorthand and typewriting; the complete business course in blending actual business practice and practical knowledge with banking, stenography, the English language and elocution, thoroughly and practically taught. The Fall Term begins Sept. 3.

For circulars and particulars call at the college office or address J. G. BOMMER, President.

Help Wanted—Males.

5 cents per line each insertion.

AGENTS, organizers, lodge officers write for particulars. Best insurance plan extant. Blk pay. J. F. Reynolds, Exchange Building, Boston, Mass.

BOYS WANTED—Wide-awake boys in towns outside of St. Louis who are ready to avail themselves of favorable opportunities for making money should call the daily evening and Sunday morning Post-Dispatch; it sells wherever it is passed. For terms and sample copies address C. B. G., box A, this office.

BOY WANTED—For general work about house. 2808 Locust st.

BOY WANTED—Colored boy as porter in barber shop. Call at 1550 Olive st.

BOY WANTED—A stout boy to make himself useful. Apply to 2835 Finney av.

BOY WANTED—A reliable boy to do work around and give good reference. 1705½ Lucas av.

BOOK-KEEPER WANTED—A lady book-keeper who has had some grocery experience; must be quick at figures. Add. O 72, this office.

BOYS WANTED—in every part of St. Louis honest, smart, ambitious, neatly dressed boys, who can make money fast enough in a month to get a good bicycle, a good watch or almost anything they want; pleasant and easy work; no books, pictures or other goods to sell or canvassing; good pay; only those accepted whose parents give consent; write for particulars. C. B. G., Box A, this office.

DISHWASHER WANTED—A man dishwasher at once. 421 N. 8th st.

FREE treatment for all diseases at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

HAVE you tried "Harris'" $4 shoes? Judge their value by the months they wear. 520 Pine st.

HORSE COLLAR CUTTER WANTED—And machine stuffers. Apply Meyer, Bannerman & Co., 616 N. 6th st.

MAN WANTED—Yard man; must have good references. 418 N. 6th st.

MEN—Wide-awake men in towns outside of St. Louis who are ready to avail themselves of favorable opportunities for making money should sell the Daily Evening and Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch; it sells wherever it is passed. For terms and sample copies address C. B. G., box A, this office.

OPERATOR WANTED—On Copeland rapid lasting machine; operator on Goodyear inseamer on men's fine shoes. The Lane Brown Shoe Co., 11th and St. Charles sts., 4th floor.

SOLICITOR WANTED—By a magazine of large circulation a first-class advertising solicitor, one who can command a large line of good business; to such a liberal terms will be made. Add. K 65, this office.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED—Heel edge hand trimmer and lasters; also a man who can run the shop when the proprietor is out; steady work and good salary; only sober men need to inquire. Sunday, 10 a. m., 1910 N. Broadway.

WANTED—For the United States Army, able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 30 years, of good moral character and temperate habits. For full information apply in person or by letter to the Recruiting Officer, 311½ N. 7th st., St. Louis, Mo.

FREE treatment for diseases of women, eye, ear, nose, throat and lungs and genito-urinary organs. Specialties fitted. Dispensary, 1400 Market st.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

$3.00 UP.—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive. 2d floor.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-

hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; Day and Night School. Phone 479.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

DRESSMAKER—Wanted by first-class cutter, fitter and draper for more engagements; terms $1.50 per day. Ad. R. 64, this office.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, sit. by young girl for general housework. 3926½ Rutger st.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation wanted by experienced girl at housework or as seamstress. 2744 Caroline st.

HOUSEMAID—A German girl wishes place as housemaid in private family. T. M., 3713 N. 21st st., upstairs.

HOUSEKEEP

HAS NOT YIELDED.

Sir Halliday McCartney Says China Is Not Suing for Peace.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Sir Halliday McCartney, Counselor for the Chinese Legation in this city, in an interview to-day declared that the report that China was suing for peace was untrue. He added that any such proposal was not within sight by a long way. A dispatch from Paris says that it is reported that a conference of the representative powers will be held at Pekin with the view of appointing a board of arbitrators to settle the war between China and Japan.

YAH, SAID THE PRINCE.

Nephew of the Mikado Interviewed by a Reporter at New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—An exceedingly diminutive young man with a bilious complexion and an infinitely small moustache stood on the starboard promenade deck of the Hamburg-American steamship Augusta Victoria at sundown yesterday when she slowed down off Robin's Reef to take a line from the revenue cutter Chandler. His oval black eyes twinkled merrily when John Wanamaker, late Postmaster-General; Col. W. W. Story, Chief Inspector of Customs, and a POST-DISPATCH reporter scrambled up the Jacob's ladder with more or less agility.

The young man was Prince Fuji Yamaschino, one of the numerous nephews of the Mikado and whom an earthquake, a plague or a disastrous flood may some day make Emperor of Japan. That is why this great American Republic in its very democratic way passed this young man's luggage without looking at it, while its customs officers kept such good American plain citizens as Jesse Seligman and Thomas B. Wanamaker, son of a former Cabinet member, in protracted annoyance by questions about things they did not smuggle. Young Fuji Yamaschino is every inch a modern Prince. He has a receding forehead, a very small head, a pug nose, no chin, a countenance devoid of expression, a look utterly blank and trousers that bag at the knees. He has a very ancient ancestry, and he looks it.

"The Prince speaks all languages. He's an English scholar," said Pursuer Loesch.

When the POST-DISPATCH reporter approached him for an interview, the nephew of the Mikado said:

"Yah."

"I presume your highness must be vastly interested in the news from the Japanese-Chinese war?" was suggested.

"Yah," said the Prince.

"Suppose you are confident of the complete triumph of the Mikado's forces?"

"Yah," said the Prince.

"The splendid naval victory of the Yalu River doubtless afforded your highness deep gratification?"

"Yah," said the Prince.

"No doubt the fall campaign will be brought to a triumphant close by the occupation of Pekin."

"Yah," said the Prince.

"But this may be a long war and despite the splendid advantages gained by the trained troops of the Mikado, the overwhelming numbers of the Chinese may yet prevail?"

"Yah," said the Prince.

"Tut, tut, tut, tut," cried a short, thick-set man with a pointed beard and a distinguished cosmopolitan air.

"I am Capt.-Gen. H. Emal, of the Prince's—I mean Mr. Fuji's suite, and the Prince—Mr. Fuji I intend—does not understand a word of English—speaks only German. Besides we never talk to reporters. Excuse us."

And he led the innocent Princeling down below. At the dock in Hoboken two attaches of the legation at Washington met Prince Yamaschino and suite with many salaams and drove them to the Hotel Waldorf, whence they will go to Washington to visit the Japanese Minister. Prince Yamaschino has been a student in Germany for several years. He is on his way to Japan. He is trying to travel incognito as Mr. Fuji.

THROUGH THE BRITISH MINISTER.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 13.—China is suing for peace through the British Minister at Tokio. She offers to recognize the independence of Corea and to pay a large money indemnity. This proposal emanates from Prince Kung and Li Hung Chang. The British Minister, Mr. O'Connor, is waiting for the Japanese reply at Pekin.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

A Kansas City Electric Car Runs Away Down an Incline.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 13.—An electric car on the Armourdale branch of the elevated road ran away on the south incline approach to the Seventh street viaduct in Armourdale early this morning and a score of passengers were injured.

R. W. Morris of Kansas City, Kan., was hurt internally and his hip and side were terribly bruised.

C. A. Hunt sustained a dislocated knee and many bad bruises.

Charles Price was injured internally and Conductor Stone got a bruised face and sprained ankle.

The accident was due to Motorman Shook's recklessness. He was a few minutes behind time and allowed his car to run down the incline at a rapid speed. At the bottom of the incline there is a sharp curve and on reaching this point the car jumped the track and crossing the street crushed the curbstone into dust. None of the injured will die.

Federal Offenders.

The charge of robbing the post-office at Montgomery, Mo., preferred against Thomas Downey in 1890, was reinstated in the United States District Court, because Downey is about to be released from the Texas penitentiary, where he has been serving a term for another offense.

Geo. W. Chasting, postmaster at Foose, Mo., was fined $50 and costs at Springfield, Mo., for opening letters. J. S. Eastham charged with sending a non-mailable postal card, was fined $25 and costs. Calvin H. Cook, charged with opening letters, was sentenced to three months in jail.

Olympia's Completion Hurried.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—The effort of the United States Naval Department toward increasing the force in Chinese waters has resulted in the hurried completion of the 5,800 ton cruiser Olympia, which will be soon delivered to Mare Island to the Government and as early as her complement of 460 sailors, marines and officers can be provided will be dispatched to the scene of the present conflict to reinforce the squadron which is now looking after the interests of the citizens of the United States in these troubled climes. The Olympia is the crack cruiser of the United States navy and will cost the Government over $3,000,000 when completed.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

On the Russian Frontier.

PETERSBURG, Oct. 13.—Russian troops in the towns, villages and passes on the Chinese frontier are being greatly reinforced and large quantities of provisions and war material are constantly arriving at these places. Everything is being prepared for a forward move into China if this should be decided to be necessary.

Better than Puck or Judge—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

American Board of Foreign Missions.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 13.—The annual session of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions adjourned to-day to meet in Brooklyn next year. An amendment to the by-laws was adopted, making the office of editorial secretary elective. Dr. J. K. Strong, who has filled the office fifteen years, was elected. A resolution was referred to the Prudential Committee making women eligible to election as corporate members. The balance of the session was devoted to farewell addresses and talks from returning missionaries.

WITHOUT MEDICAL ATTENDANCE.—Ferdinand Grabau, a bachelor 75 years old, died last night without medical attendance at his late home, 905 North High street. The Coroner has been notified and will hold an inquest.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 13, 1894.

The *Modern Miller* of this date says: "Fall seeding is practically over, and the conclusion of operations indicates that the seeding was accomplished under highly favorable auspices, and that the plant will go into winter quarters in good shape. Many sections of Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma and the Indian Territory report a reduced acreage of wheat, and the reasons advanced are that present prices do not warrant a spreading out as in former years. Wheat feeding statistics are more numerous, and the tenor of advices indicate a much larger consumption in this manner than heretofore supposed. The demand for hard wheat for milling purposes continues unabated. The inquiry is so keen that millers are willing at all times to pay a premium over the nominal quotation and the difference between hard and red winter shows an improvement in favor of the former variety of 1@2c. Millers are finding themselves put to considerable trouble in order to secure wheat, and it is an open question all around whether receipts will increase or not, notwithstanding the completion of fall farm work. Advices at this writing do not warrant the expectation of heavier arrivals.

The week's clearances from both coasts of flour and wheat were far in excess of what the trade had figured on. The total was equivalent to 3,317,000 bu, exceeding the previous week's large exports by 74,000 bu and 488,000 bu larger than corresponding week last week. As the past week's clearances from four Atlantic ports and one Gulf port were equivalent to only a little over 1,800,000 bu, the exports from the Pacific coast must have been unusually heavy—something over 1,000,000 bu. This is probably part of the wheat lately reported as sold for export in San Francisco, together with the considerable amount of flour that is being shipped from the Pacific Coast to China and Japan, since July 1 last this country has exported in flour and wheat the equivalent of 25,000,000 bu, or at the rate of over 150,000,000 bu for a year.

The visible of wheat is expected to increase less than 1,000,000 bu. One year ago the increase was nearly 2,000,000 bu.

Bradstreet's says the week's wheat receipts were 4,969,000 bu, against 5,285,000 bu for same week last year, and exports from Atlantic ports 647,000 bu, against 900,800 bu last year.

So little winter wheat is obtainable in the West and Southwest that country mills in these sections are paying relatively 10@c per bu more than is obtainable in St. Louis. Local grain firm controlling a system of elevators in Kansas say they are selling wheat to the mills in their section at a price equivalent to 58c here. They ascribe the scanty farmers' deliveries to the extensive feeding of wheat to live stock.

New York reports that yesterday exporters took 186,000 bu wheat and millers 206,000 bu, and at outports 7 loads wheat and 6 of corn taken for export.

The output of St. Louis mills this week was 74,200 bbls flour, against 69,600 last week and 80,500 for corresponding week last year.

Minneapolis expects an increase of only 700,000 bu in its stock of wheat this week.

New Orleans cleared for Liverpool yesterday 20,000 bu wheat.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Prices.

	Saturday.	Friday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No 2 red	48¼	45¼@48¼	59½
No 3 red	47 b	47 b	58½
No 4 winter	45 b	46 b	53½
CORN.			
No 2	48¾ a	50@48¾	35¾
No 2 white	50¼ b	50 b	38
No 3	....	....	....
OATS.			
No 2	28¾ b	28¾ a	26¾
No 2 white	32	32	28½
No 3	....	27¾ b	25

Future Prices.

	Closing Friday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing Saturday.
WHEAT.				
Dec.	49¾ a	49¾	49¼	49¼@49⅝ b
May	55 b	55½	54⅝	54⅝@55 b
CORN.				
Dec.	45¾@45¾ b	....	....	....
May	46¾ a	46½	46¼	46¼@46¾ b
OATS.				
Oct.	28¼ b	....	....	28¼ b
May	33	33½	33	33 a
PORK.				
Jan	12.82	12.77	12.62	12.62
LARD.				
Jan	7.32	7.40	7.32	7.32
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan	6.42@45	6.47	6.40	6.40 b

CHICAGO—Wheat—Dec, 53@53¼c bid; May 58¼c a. Corn—Nov, 49¼c bid; Dec, 47½c bid; May, 49½c b. Oats—Dec, 29½c; May, 32¾@33c.

TOLEDO—Cash, $13.50; Jan, $12.62 b. Lard—Oct, 7.40c bid; Jan, 7.32c b. Short ribs—Oct, 6.67c bid; Jan, 6.40c b.

FLAXSEED—Cash, $1.48; Oct, $1.44 a; Dec, $1.46. Timothy—Cash, $5.50 a; Oct, $5.30; Clover—Cash and Oct., $8.50 b.

NEW YORK—Wheat—Dec, 56½c b; May, 61¼c a. Corn—May, 53½c a. Oats—Dec, 33½c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Dec, 53½c; May, 57½c.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—Dec, 55¼c; May, 58½c.

Movement of Wheat and Corn Oct. 13.

	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	14,981	21,000	....	4,638
Chicago	41,570	58,900	84,280	23,290
Toledo	35,612	400	1,000	3,600
Detroit	11,970	3,340	34,296	573
Kansas City	26,760	14,000	....	....
Milwaukee	19,750	3,900	....	....
Minn'polis	232,440	5,080	27,060	....
Duluth	211,465	....	131,461	....
New York	....	....	13,831	36,781
Baltimore	9,259	6,229	21,922	....
Philadel'ha	....	....	....	....
Boston	27,000	13,802	....	....

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 4,540 bbls; Chicago, 15,597 bbls; Detroit, 325 bbls; Milwaukee, 2,595 bbls; Minneapolis, 35,073 bbls; New York, 398 bbls and 31,957 sks; Baltimore, 840 bbls; Boston, 555 bbls.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Saturday	Friday.	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu	6,894,127	6,882,312	5,131,212
Corn, bu	43,049	47,384	77,555
Oats, bu	519,656	519,547	122,754
Rye, bu	3,403	7,493	5,063
Barley, bu	3,851	3,851	178
No 2 red win wheat	5,970,882	5,977,432	4,510,512
No 2 corn	40,398	44,813	37,495
No 2 oats	415,497	417,504	86,148
No 2 rye	7,050	7,050	3,123

ON CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—Firmness was displayed right at the opening, which had buyers at the price asked a close of yesterday. Little wheat was for sale in the pit and the demand, though moderate, had a good edge to it. This strength was not maintained, the selling pressure became stronger and the decline followed. Subsequently there was little change and the close was quiet and about the same as yesterday. The firm send-off received at the opening was due to the unexpectedly large clearances of flour and wheat from this country for the week. There was also a firmer tone to Liverpool public cables, though London came dull and unchanged. The Modern Miller issued a bullish document on feeding of wheat to live stock and small winter wheat deliveries, the arrivals at winter wheat markets continuing very small, too. Northwestern receipts were still large, though the 402 cars in at Duluth and Minneapolis were over 100 cars smaller than one year ago. Estimates were for an increase of less than 1,000,000 bu in the visible, but the day's clearances from flour and 105,000 bu wheat. Late cables reported all foreign markets unchanged, except Paris, which was 10 centimes higher for wheat and 20@30 for flour. Domestic market weakened from early strength and caused prices to give way here, but the close was firm.

FUTURES—Dec opened at 49¾c and sold to 49¾c at 49¾c early to 50c later and closed at 49⅝@49¾c bid.

SPOT GRADES—Steady on Call, but little done there owing to the small offerings. No 2 red salable as United, this and E side (no premium for latter). No 2 yesterday at 48¾c, and that bid for Terminal. No 3 red bid 47c for United, 47¾ for Terminal. No 4 winter bid 45c for United, No 2 hard winter 48¾c bid United. A vessel lot No 2 red sold in N. Y. at 5c below Dec price.

SAMPLES—Received 1,445 sks, 17 cars local, 1 car through. The market was quiet and steady, though not above 49c obtainable for best samples (1 car K track did bring 49½c) and sales were slow, as few millers buying and many not washing smash.

Corn—The future market displayed steadiness this morning, but was very dull, only a few trades being made. Continued light receipts at all the Western markets, free cables and the strength displayed by wheat were the favoring influences. Clearances continued very small.

The market lost its early steadiness and turned weak on declines elsewhere and an increase in the offers to sell. May declined ½c, though closing with buyers 1@1½c above the bottom rate.

FUTURES—May opened at 46¾c and sold to 46¾c, closing at 46¾@46¾c bid. Out offered at 46¾c, no bid. Dec not traded in and offered at 45½c at close.

SPOT GRADES—Entirely nominal on call, as little demand apparent and no pressure to sell. No 2 offered regular at 46¾c, with 46¾c bid for M and T; 46c for E side. No 3 white offered at 45¾c, bid 45c for regular. 50¼c bid for east side. No 3 white offered regular at 52c, bid 47c. After call No 2 sold in C at 45¾c.

SAMPLES—Moderate offering and sales on track at 46c for No 3 and 46c for No 2. 55c for No 3 white, 51@56½c for choice to fancy white.

Oats—The market was firm early in the day and May sold 1@1½c higher at 28¾c, but slipped back with corn and at close was the same as yesterday, having sellers at 28¾.

SPOT GRADES—Better prices on call for No 2—28¾c for E side, 29c for this side, 29¼c for C and F, 29½c for T—but only offer to sell was regular at 29¼c. After call No 2 sold in T at 29¼c.

SAMPLES—Received 32 cars local, 9 cars through. There was no change in price. The demand for white was good and all offerings were cleaned up, purchases mainly for elevator account. Mixed was taken by the local dealers. No 2 white sold in elevator at 32c and on track and switched to elevators at 32¼. No 2 at 29½c in elevator and 30c on track this and East side. No 3 Northern at 31c. Other grades not traded in.

Sales: By sample in special bin—5 cars No 2 white at 32c, 1 choice No 2 at 30c, 2 No 2 at 29¾c.

By sample on track: This side—14 cars No 2 white switched to elevator at 32¼c; 2 No 2 Northern mixed at 31c; 1 No 2 at 30c. East track—5 cars No 2 at 30c.

Rye—On Call, grade No 2 offered East side at 51½c, bid 50c and for regular 49c bid. Afterwards a small lot ungraded sold East side at 49c. Broken lots will not command as much as car lots.

May.

Received, 520 teas; shipped, 115 tons. For a Saturday trading was dull, but largely confined to the best offerings of all kinds. Clover was in active demand and firm. Low-grade prairie dead dull. Other grades steady and unchanged.

Quotations on track and in store about this side: Prairie—4 cars packing at $5. 1 do at $5.50, 2 strictly prime at $7.50, 3 choice at $8, 2 strictly do at $8.40. Timothy—1 car at $10, 1 do at $10.50. Mixed—1 car at $8, 1 do at $8.50. Timothy—6 strictly prime at $9.50, 1 choice at $10, 2 strictly do at $10.50, 3 fancy at $11, 2 do at $11.50, 2 strictly do at $12, 2 do, large bales, at $12.25, 3 do at $12.50.

East side: Clover—1 car at $10.50, 1 at $11. 1 switched this side at $10.50. Timothy—1 car strictly choice at $10, 4 fancy at $11.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—A quiet and uneventful market. Business small and prices unchanged.

Patents	$2 40@2 95	Rye flour	$3 00@3 10
Extra fancy	2 15@2 30	Cornmeal	2 45@2 50
Fancy	1 95@2 05	Hominy	2 90@3 00
Choice	1 75@1 90	Grits	2 90@3 00

Bran—Strong and in demand, but some to be had here. As high as 61½c bid East track.

Provisions.

Pork—Standard mess selling at $13.62½ on orders, $14.12½ b.

Lard—Prime steam at 7½c, and choice at 7.55c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 7½c; loins, 7½c; extra long clear, 7½c. On orders—Longs and ribs, 8½c; shorts, 8½c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping age f o b on cash orders—Shoulders, 6c; loins, 8½c; ribs, 6¾c; shorts, 6¾c; boxed, 50 lbs lighter.

Highwines—Firm at $1.23.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Quiet, but steady. Sales—2 cars at $2.97½.

Spelter—Salable at $3.20 and offered at $3.25.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—In good supply, moderate demand and weakening. We quote: Car lots, good, $1.50@1.75; choice, $2.00@2.10; fancy, $2.20@2.25; Canadian, $1.75@2; other choice to fancy Eastern varieties, $2@2.25.

Grapes—Steady; demand fair. Delaware, 32c; New York Concords, 13@14c per 9-lb basket; Catawba, 14@15c.

Pears—Eastern, choice, $2.50@2.75 per bbl; damaged, 75c@$1.50.

California Fruits—Offerings large, market quiet and weak. Peaches, fair to choice, 40@85c; grapes, muscat, $2 to $2.25; Tokz, $2.75 to $3 per 20-lb case; plums, 70c to $1; German prunes, $1@1.25 per 20-lb case; Bartlett pears, $1.75@2.25 per 40-lb box; choice on orders higher.

Oranges—Quiet. We quote: Mexican, $4 to $4.25; Rodi, $3@3.50.

Lemons—Slow. We quote: Extra fancy, $4; fancy, $3.75; choice, $3.25@3.50 per box; Florida, $1.50@2.

Bananas—On orders, $1.50 to $2 per bunch, the latter for fancy.

Cocoanuts—Are quoted at $2.75 to $3 per 100.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Near-by stock at 55@60c per bu for fair to fancy Northern and Western 60@63c, and California Burbanks, 68@70c per bu in bulk delivered.

Onions—Fair to choice, 35@40c, and fancy at 55@60c.

Sweet Potatoes—Bermudas, $1.60 and Spanish red, $2.00@2.25 per bbl. Southern shipments not wanted at any price.

Cabbage—Light offerings, limited demand and quiet at $7.00@10.00 per ton for Northern. On orders $1.50 per crate.

Horseradish—$2.25 per bbl.

Celery—10c to 25c per bunch for small and 25c to 40c for large when in good condition.

Sauerkraut—$1.75 per ½-bbl; $3.25 per bbl.

Tomatoes—Light receipts and market steady. Prices ranged 25@30c per bu for loose. In shipping order, 40@50c per bu box.

String Beans—Round, 50c to 60c; wax, 60c to 75c per bu.

Beets—Choice, on orders, $1.75 per bbl.

Carrots—Choice, on orders, $2 per bbl.

Seeds and Castor Beans.

Grass Seeds—Timothy quotable at $4.80 to $5.10. Clover at $7.35 to $8.10. Red top at $3.00 to $6.00. Millet at 90c@$1. Hungarian $1@1.20.

Flaxseed—Unchanged. Salable at $1.42.

Castor Beans—Good to prime, $1.20; smaller lots and inferior, less.

Eggs.

Received, 1,256 cases; shipped, 750 cases. Slower sale, but unchanged. Fresh stock selling at 15c per dozen, but most offerings out of condition and selling for much less.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—In good supply, with demand only fair. No change in prices.

Old Chickens.		Spring Chickens.	
Hens, per lb	6½	Average rec'pts.	5½@
Roosters	3½	Ducks.	
Turkeys.		Choice	6½
Choice, per lb	6½	Geese.	
Poor and thin	6	Choice	5½@ 6

Live Veals—Firm; fancy fat, 125 to 100-lb calves in good demand, but all others slow; choice to fancy, 5c; fair to good, 3½@4c; thrashes, rough and thin, 2½@3c per lb.

Game—Prairie chickens in fair supply and slow sale, but all other kinds scarce. Woodcock, $4.50 per doz; prairie chickens, $4.00 for young and 2.50 for old; quail, $1.50 for drawn and $1.75 for undrawn; mallard duck, $3.00; teal, $1.50@1.75; frog legs, 50c to 75c per doz. Venison—Saddles, 15c per lb; carcasses, 10c.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—Business rather slow and the feeling weak.

Creamery.		Dairy.	
Separators	21@22	Good to choice	20
Gathered cream	19@20	Common to fair	15@18
Fancy Elgin	24@25	Country butter	9@10

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 11c; singles, 11½c; Young America, 11½c.

Hides and Feathers.

Hides—Quiet. Green salted, round, 4c for nearby; 3½c to 3¾c for Southern; No 1, 4½c; No 2, 3½c; uncured, 3c; dry flint, 8½c to 9c; No 1, 7c; No 2, 5½c; dry salted, 4½c; No 1, 5½c; No 2, 4c; glue stock, green, 1c; dry, 3c.

Feathers—Firm. Prime white, large sks, 37c; small sks, 35c; old white, 30c; prime gray, 28c; old—X, 25@28c; XX, 15@16c; XXX, 9@11c; XXXX, 5c. Chicken—Dry picked, 24c. Duck—White, 25c; dark, 20c. Tare, 3 to 10 per cent.

Sheep Pelts—Current receipts bring 80@40c for large green to 15@25c for lambs; dry, 10@30c; shearlings, dry, 5@10c; green, 10@15c.

Deer Skins—Prime, 25c; damaged half price; antelope, 1 to 2 cents; goat skins, 10@15c each.

Tallow—Steady. Prime run, in bbls, 4½@5c; No 2, 4½@4½c; cake, 5½c per lb.

Beeswax—Steady at 26@28c per lb.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.25@2.60; senega, 20@30c; snake, 15@16c; golden seal, 16@17c; May apple, 1½ @2c; pink, 16c; lady slippers, 4c; black, 4@4½c; angelica, 4@5c; wahoo, bark of tree, 3@4c; zoot, 2c; blood, 2@3c; blue flag, 4c.

Wool.

No life to trade, there being no demand.

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ETC.		TEXAS (6 to 12 months).	
Med combing	15	Medium	9 @11
Coarse & braid	14	Fine medium	9 @11
Low and cotted	11 @13	Coarse and low	9 @11
Fine medium	11 @13	Light fine	8 @10
Light fine	10 @11	Heavy fine	7 @ 9
Heavy fine	9 @10	Short and sandy	5 @ 7
Tub washed	21 @22	WESTERN AND NORTHERN	
Slightly burry	19 @21	Medium	11 @12
Hard burry	9 @ 9	Fine medium	9 @11
Southern burry	7 @ 8	Coarse and low	7 @10
Bright fine, unwashed	12 @13	Light fine	9 @11
TUB WASHED.		Heavy fine	7 @ 9
Choice	21	Tare	10@12c; Texas, 10c
Fair	20 @21		
Cotted & coarse	15 @18		

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 13.—Wheat was strengthened to-day by firm cables, though local receipts were larger than estimated by twenty-four cars. Trade opened dull. Dec opened 54½c, declined to 53c and advanced to 54c. Corn at Liverpool was 1d higher, and the receipts here were small. May started a shade higher at 49¾c, declined to 49½@49¾c and rallied to 49¾c. Oats started in to go up in sympathy with other grains, and declined to 32½c. Later the market rallied to opening price. Provisions were easier. Jan pork started 7½c lower at $13.75, advanced 10c more and receded to $13.77½. Jan lard opened 5c lower at 7.40c and declined to 7.35c.

Estimated for Monday: Wheat, 231 cars, 190,000 bu; Corn, 173; hogs, 31,000. Hogs next week, 130,000.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 13.—Close—Wheat, steady; cash Oct, 51c nominal. Corn, easier; cash and Oct, 49c; Dec, 47½c; May 49¾c. Oats, easier; cash Oct, 29c; Dec, 29½c; May, 32¾@33c. Pork, lower; Oct, $12.82½; Jan, $13.62½. Lard, lower; Oct, 7.65c; Jan, 7.32½c. Ribs, lower; Oct, 6.67½c; Jan, 6.40c. No 2 rye, dull, 47c. Barley, nominal, 45½@53c. No 1 flaxseed, steady, $1.44. Prime timothy, nominal, $5.30.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 13.—Corn easier; No 2 50c; No 3, 49½c. Oats active, easier; No 2 white, 29½@29¾c; No 3 white, 29c. Rye steady; No 2, 49@50c. Whisky firm. High wine basis, $1.23. Receipts—Wheat, 1,800; corn, 37,700; oats, 23,900; rye, none; barley, 6,900. Shipments—Wheat, 1,900; corn, 1,800; oats, 12,400; rye, none; barley, 5,000.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Butter—Receipts, 6,067 pkgs; firm; fancy, good trade. Western dairy, 13@16c; Western creamery, 18@25c; Elgins, 26c. Cheese—Receipts, 5,436 pkgs; firm; Western, 7@10c; cash, 12.50@12.75. Sugar—Raw quiet, fair refining, 3c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3¾c; refined quiet; crushed, 5.85 3-16c; powdered, 4 11-16@4¾c; granulated, 4 7-16@4¾c. Coffee nominal.

Foreign Markets By Cable.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 13.—Closing—Wheat steady, holders offer moderately; No 2 red winter, 4s 2½d; do spring, 4s 5d. Corn firm; supply poor; new mixed spot, 4s 81d; futures firm, holders offer sparingly; Oct, 4s 8½d; Nov, 4s 6¼d; Dec, 4s 5½d. Flour dull, holders offer moderately. St Louis fancy winter, 5s 2d. Lard steady, holders offer sparingly; spot, 40s 9d; futures, holders not offering. Beef dull; supply in excess of demand; extra India mess, 72s 6d; prime mess, 60s. Pork dull, supply in excess of demand; prime mess Western, 70s; do medium, 62s 6d.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

The receipts in the National Stock Yards during the week were 19,332 cattle, 18,606 hogs and 6,932 sheep.

Cattle—The total supply of Southern cattle during the week amounted to about 460 carloads. A decline of 10c to 15c was established about the middle of the week, and since then Texas cattle have been about steady. About one-half of the week's receipts sold between $2.85 and $3.25; about 1,800 head at $2.10 to $2.50, and 1,000 head from $3 to $4 per 100 lbs. The bulk of the cows sold at $2.50 to $2.90, with an occasional small lot as high at $3. Calves ranged from $6 to $10 with the bulk of sales at $7 to $8 per head.

The following is the range of values on native cattle:

Choice to fancy export steers, 1,400 to 1,700 lbs, $5.50 to $5.75; good shipping and export steers, 1,400 to 1,600 lbs, $5.00 to $5.40; fair to medium shipping steers, 1,300 to 1,450 lbs, $4.45 to $4.90. Coarse steer cattle of heavy weights, $4.30 to $4.40. Steers, 1,200 to 1,290 pounds average, full range $3.80 to $4.40, bulk of sales at $3.50 to $4.25. Steers weighing less than 1,000 pounds, full range $2.40 to $4.10, bulk of sales, $2.85 to $3.25. Feeding steers fair to choice $2.70 to $3.35. Common to fair stockers, $1.25 to $2.00; good $2.10 to $2.60. Choice to fancy native cows and heifers sold at $3 to $3.50. Good native cows and heifers sold at $2.50 to $2.95. Medium cows and heifers are quotable at $2 to $2.40. Fair cows and heifers $1.50 to $1.90. Inferior, light and old cows, $1.10 to $1.40. The bulk of the Southwest cows sold at $1.90 to $2, and the bulk of all the cows sold at $1.75 to $2 35. Butchers' stock—Good to choice heifers, $2.50 to $2.75; choice, $2.25 to $2.50. Sausage bulls and this stuff generally $1.25 to $1.50. Most of the bulls sold at $1.50 to $2.00. Veal calves full range $3.50 to $5.50 per 100 lbs, bulk $4.50 to $5 per 100 lbs. Herefies, $3 to $6 per head or $1 to $3.50 per 100 lbs; yearlings, $1.1½ to $3.50 per 100 lbs. Milk cows common to best cows and calves, $15 to $37.50; common to fair cows and calves selling at $15 to $18; medium quality, $19 to $25; good at $26 to $30; choice at $32 to $37.50. Southwest cows and calves sell largely at $16 to $22 per cow and calf.

NATIVE CATTLE SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
20	nat strs.	847	$2 35	39	Tex cows	631	$1 50
12	hat cows.	735	1 75	196	Tex hfs.	645	2 40
15	Tex strs.	795	2 25	41	Tex hfs.	453	2 65
15	Tex strs.	795	2 25	8	Tex yrgs.	433	1 25
44	Tex cows	715	1 75	12	Tex stvs per hd		7 50
31	Tex cows	698	1 75	85	Tex stvs per hd		7 60
76	Tex cows	682	2 00				

Hogs—Receipts to-day, 1,920 head. It was a quiet market, owing to a light supply. The limited offerings were cleaned up early at steady prices. Good heavy sold at $5.25 to $5.35, good light at $5.15 to $5.25 and a load of stock pigs at $3.50.

HOG SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
73	283	$5 35	81	210	$5 34
69	192	5 25	47	223	5 20
69	192	5 25	53	199	5 20
77	177	5 15	40	140	3 50

Sheep—The only lot on sale was 53 native mixed, averaging 82 pounds, which sold at $2.55 per 100 lbs. During the week a few of the best mixed sheep and lambs sold for $3.50; good mixed, $2.75 to $3. Butchers paid $2.75 to $3.50 for lambs and the best lambs sold to exporters at $3.75 to $3.85. Ewes sold at $2.25 to $2.50.

Horses and Mules.

Receipts of horses were unusually heavy this week and prices declined $5 to $10 a head. Nearly everything was sold and the market pretty well cleaned up. The following prices prevailed:

Heavy draught, good to extra	$ 50 00 to 75 00
Drivers, good to extra	65 00 to 90 00
Saddlers, good to extra	65 00 to 85 00
Matched teams, good to extra	115 00 to 190 00
Cowks, good to extra	60 00 to 75 00
Southern horses and mares, good to extra	25 00 to 40 00

Mule receipts were light, and the prices which were steady were as follows:

14 hands, fair to extra	$30 to $45
14½ hands, fair to extra	35 to 55
15 hands, fair to extra	50 to 70
15½ hands, fair to extra	65 to 80
16 to 16½ hands, fair to extra	75 to 110

Live Stock By Telegraph.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000 head; shipments, 2,900 head. Market steady; Texas steers, $2.15@2.85; beef steers, $3.50@5.50; native cows, $1.75@3.10; stockers and feeders, $2.65@3.40. Hogs—Receipts, 6,000; shipments, 2,000; market dull, 5c lower; bulk of sales, $4.90@5; heavies, $4.90@5.30; packers, $4.85@5; mixed, $4.80@4.95; light, $4.75@4.90; pigs, $3@4.75. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000; shipments, 200; market dull.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 13.—Hogs—Receipts, 18,000; official shipments, 21,045; shipments, 10,480; left over, about 2,800. Quality not so good, rather poor. Market only moderately active; prices 10c lower. Sales range at $4.70@5.30 for lights, $4.65@4.80 for rough packing, $4.70@5.30 for mixed, $4.85@5.50 for heavy packing and shipping lots and $5.40@4.90 for pigs. Cattle—Receipts, 1,000; market dull and weak, though unchanged in prices. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000; trade slow at unchanged prices.

MONEY.

Clearing-House Statement.

	Clearings.	Balances.
To-day	$ 3,916,849	$ 488,138
This week	18,797,979	3,345,119
Last week	21,674,369	3,145,753
Corresponding week '93	21,783,516	2,539,326
Increase $2,014,354, or 9¼ per cent		

EXCHANGE—Quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons:

New York	50c dis bid	Louisville	25c dis bid
Chicago	25c dis bid	New Orleans	75c dis bid
Cincinnati	20c dis bid		

Stocks.

Private Wire to Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

LONDON, 2 p. m.—Prices of American securities:

Consols	101⅝	U. Pacific	12⅜ adv ⅛
Lake Shore	138½ dec ⅛	Nor. Pacific	
St. Paul	63 adv ⅛	pfd	16⅜ adv ⅛
N. W	158⅜ adv ⅛	Reading	9⅝ use
Erie	17⅜ adv ⅛	Alcohols	58⅜ adv ⅛

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The stock market is considered of the waiting type. The strength of the Grangers was on covering, while the industrials seemed to be manipulated for a turn. This was especially true of Sugar, in which the afternoon break developed a more bearish feeling. Opinions in regard to the main movement of prices were pronounced in some circles and doubtful in others. There is no doubt that the principal interests on the long side look for a decided improvement in business and in the market as a result or possibly forecast of the November elections. The more promin

JOHN JAS. HOWARD.

Imprisoned at Ellis Island and Counsel Not Allowed to See Him.

LAWYER PLATT DENIED ACCESS BY COMMISSIONER SENNER.

Collector Kilbreth Gave the Attorney Equally Small Satisfaction—Question as to Who Has Charge of the Prisoner—Habeas Corpus Talked Of—Telegram to Secretary Carlisle—Labor News.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—Lev. P. Morton remained in New York over Thursday night, and the first information he had that he had been charged with violating the laws of the United States in importing alien contract labor, was when he read THE WORLD'S exclusive story of the arrest of his coachman, John James Howard, on a warrant issued by J. G. Carlisle, Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Morton was a good deal disturbed by the event. He at once communicated with Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, who undertook to put the machinery of the law in motion in his and the coachman's behalf. Mr. Platt of the firm of Tracy, Boardman & Platt started for Ellis Island to try to see Howard. He met Commissioner Senner at the barge office. To Mr. Platt's surprise Commissioner Senner said that he could not have access to Howard.

"What!" exclaimed Mr. Platt, "do you refuse him permission to see his counsel?"

"He is not in my custody," said Commissioner Senner. "I merely told Inspector Dodge that I would allow him to remain at Ellis Island and would assign a man to look out for him, but he is not in my custody. You will have to see the Collector."

Later in the day Collector Kilbreth said that he had nothing to do with the case and that Howard was in the custody of Commissioner Senner.

Mr. Platt, who, by the way, is a son of Thomas C. Platt, returned to Gen. Tracy and reported the state of affairs. Gen. Tracy was entirely satisfied that Howard would be speedily released and that the result would entirely exonerate Mr. Morton from the charge of violating the laws. He criticised the action of Commissioner Senner in refusing Howard's counsel opportunity to see him.

"The Commissioner," said Gen. Tracy to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent, "takes charge of the man, keeps him in jail, with a man to watch him, and yet he says he has not got him in custody. It certainly is a very finely drawn distinction. Howard will be released on a writ of habeas corpus as soon as we can get at him to take his deposition. I think I may say without any breach of confidence that I chanced to meet ex-Senator Edmunds to-day and discussed the matter of Mr. Morton's liability with him. Mr. Edmunds said that he had had occasion frequently to test the law in the very point on which Mr. Morton's case rests—the point that the person engaged abroad was engaged as a domestic servant. Mr. Edmunds said that the matter had come up in his own case, when he had brought servants over from Canada, and in every instance it was held the importation of such servants was not a violation of the law."

Mr. Morton's inclination for Englishmen and things that are English about his household is a matter of a good deal of comment among his neighbors in Rhinecliff. With hardly an exception, every employe about his home is English, and the Republican candidate for Governor, moreover, has a very marked preference in his choice of English servants for those who have been employed in the families of nobility. From James White, his head coachman, all the way down through the list, including Howard and the recently imported footmen, Welch and Jones, they all have been in the service of Englishmen of rank and title. But the inclination for things English does not stop at servants. All his servants' liveries, all his harnesses are imported from London. Even the massive silver-plated buttons worn on the livery and emblazoned with Morton's monogram and crest are made by Firmin & Low (limited), No. 158 Strand, London. The liveries are made in the well established of Alfred Weubb Miles & Co., Nos. 10, 12 and 14 Brook street, London.

Gen. Tracy sent the following to Secretary Carlisle last night:

NEW YORK, Oct. 12, 1894.

Hon. John G. Carlisle, Secretary, Etc.:

Prentiss C. Dodge, Emigrant Inspector, on your warrant has without previous notice arrested John Howard, private coachman of Levi P. Morton, charging him to be an alien contract laborer. He has taken him from Rhinecliff to Ellis Island, where he is held prisoner, counsel being refused privilege of seeing him. Howard was employed by Mr. Morton in London as coachman, and has served him continually both in London and here up to the present time as a domestic and personal servant. He is clearly outside the prohibition of the statute. I request his immediate discharge from custody. If refused, I ask you to direct that Howard have permission to see counsel. Please answer at Mills Building. B. F. TRACY.

No reply had been received up to a late hour.

Railroad Notes.

It is reported that the Missouri Pacific Railroad and the St. Louis Terminal Railroad Co. have agreed upon the compensation due the Missouri Pacific for the elevated crossing of its freight yards, which the Terminal company want to make to let the Burlington and M., K. & T. trains into the new Union station, and there now remains only the signing of the papers to settle the matter. The Terminal Railroad, when it contracted with the Burlington and the M., K. T., agreed to get the Burlington into the new station over its elevated tracks from the north by Sept. 1, or pay a forfeit. A forfeit was also to be paid the M., K. & T. for every day after Oct. 1 that they were unable to get their trains into the new Union Station from the north. The Terminal Railway are evidently as anxious, therefore, to get these two lines into the new station as the lines are to get in. They have had the material for the elevated structure by which they will let the Burlington and M., K. & T. trains in on the ground for some time and have only been delayed by the disagreement between themselves and the Missouri Pacific as to compensation. To the minds of most people who know what a difficult thing a grade is to a railroad the plan of getting the Burlington into the new station from the Merchants' Terminal elevated seems impracticable. The Burlington and Terminal engineers have figured it out, however, and will accomplish it, it is said, by raising the Twelfth street bridge a little and by crossing to the north side of the yards at once, so that in reducing the height of their trestle to get to the surface they will not interfere with the other tracks in the yards.

The Illinois Central Railroad has announced its intention to withdraw from the Western Passenger Association. The Illinois Central want to put in a cheap rate of $100 for the round trip from Chicago to San Francisco via New Orleans. At the time the request for a cheap rate was presented to the association lines, the Illinois Central representatives felt that the request was not received with the consideration it called for and it was on account of this as much as the refusal of the other lines to accede to their request that the Illinois Central gave notice of withdrawal. Chairman Caldwell prevailed upon the Illinois Central to delay action until a special meeting of the association could be held to reconsider their proposed California rate. In case the association refuse to authorize it the Illinois Central will carry out its determination to withdraw, and will put in the rate on its own account. The Western Passenger Association is going through a stormy period of its existence at present. And there are ample grounds for dissensions among its members. The emigrant question is one of the most troublesome. The M., K. & T. Railroad, which is not a member of the association, has been a constant disturbing element.

Judge Sanborne of the United States Circuit Court, now in session in St. Paul, appointed William Finch receiver of the Duluth & Winnipeg Railway. The receivership also includes the Northern Star Construction Co., which built the road.

VROOMAN VICTORIOUS.

Mrs. Calras Fails to Prosecute Him for Trespassing.

The case of Mrs. Anna Sneed Calras against Howard Vrooman for trespassing upon the sacred precincts of Forest Park Seminary was dismissed in the Police Court this morning for failure to prosecute. Young Vrooman, it will be remembered, was detected a few nights ago in the grounds of the seminary with one of the young lady pupils whom he had taken out riding. Mrs. Calras held him up with a pistol while her nephew had him driven to the Forest Park Police Station. A charge of trespass was preferred against him, but Vrooman scouted the idea of having done anything wrong and said there never would be any prosecution of the case.

HIS OWN LAWYER.

E. B. Miller Discharges His Attorneys and Tries His Case.

Attorney Everett W. Pattison, associate counsel with Higdon, Higdon & Longan for E. Banner Miller in his trademark infringement injunction and damage suit against the Barmer Manufacturing Co., was examining Gustave J. Meyer, Secretary of the Banner company, before Commissioner Paul F. Coste Friday afternoon, when Miller suddenly arose, discharged his attorneys and took charge of the examination himself.

Miller with his attorneys had previously appeared before Circuit Judge Klein and secured the appointment of a commissioner to take depositions.

Miller was boiling over with indignation, believing there was a conspiracy to do him up, and he invited several outsiders to be present in Attorney Pattison's law office, where the depositions were to be taken.

Gustave J. Meyer, witness for the plaintiff, was first called. Attorney Pattison sat at the end of a table. Miller stood behind him with a dozen sheets of legal cap in his hand, and John C. Higdon sat behind Miller. No one present was unprepared for an outbreak of some kind. Miller had already declared privately that he was going to assert himself.

Attorney Pattison began the examination in regular form. The progress made was not satisfactory to Miller and he directed Attorney Pattison to put several questions he prepared. Mr. Pattison paid no attention to him and Mr. Higdon tugged vigorously but ineffectually at Miller's coat. Finally Miller directed a question to the witness and Mr. Pattison reprimanded him for doing so.

Miller then addressed the Commissioner as follows:

"Can I have the privilege of examining this witness from now on?"

"Not while your counsel is conducting the examination," ruled Commissioner Coste.

"I his is not my counsel," Miller rejoined. "He does not represent me."

Mr. Pattison quietly said, "Very well," rose and sat down at a private table and began to write. He was very pale, but self-contained.

Attorney Albert Fowler for the defense objected to Miller conducting the examination while he had attorneys of record. Miller insisted, saying: "Since I employed counsel things have not been as I wished."

Mr. Higdon said he would willingly go if Miller said so, and was surprised with the rejoinder.

"Yes, you will have to go, my dear boy." Miller then turned to Commissioner Coste, saying: "I retained this man to do what I wished him to do. They," referring also to Mr. Pattison, "sit down here and take liberties to interrogate without my permission."

Attorney Higdon was finally sent away with the remark: "You can go; I do not need you."

On his remarking that from then on he would conduct the case all by himself, Commissioner Coste ruled that the court would have to pass on the legality of the proceeding, and allowed the examination to proceed.

Attorney Pattison afterward said he had consented to assist in the case only with the understanding that Miller was to keep quiet. He said Miller seemed to think he knew more law than anyone else, and that explained the affair fully.

The two discomfited and embarrassed attorneys retired while client Miller became his own attorney and proceeded to examine the witness. He threw himself into the case with a reckless abandon, jugged the rules of evidence in such a manner as to make them suit his own ideas of a proper examination and kept Mr. Fowler busy wiping the perspiration from his brow and the moisture from his specs. Whenever he scored what he thought to be a good point he would turn to the spectators and nod his head for approval.

As Mr. Miller is not an attorney of record in the case it remains to be seen, however, whether Judge Klein will accept the depositions.

ABOUT TOWN.

WIRES FALL.—The trolley of a Union Depot electric car became entangled in a net-work of electric wires at Broadway and Pine street about 7:30 Friday evening, and pulled a number of them down. In falling they broke other wires, and for quite a while a large crowd that gathered there were entertained with a pyrotechnic exhibition.

HIS INJURIES PROVED FATAL.—Arthur Dodd, 11 years old, who lived with his parents at 918 North Eleventh street, died at the City Hospital from injuries received Oct. 1, when he was run over by a grip car at Tenth street and Franklin avenue.

KILLED BY AN ELECTRIC CAR.—Jacob Sheits, a peddler, 58 years of age, attempted to cross Arsenal street opposite the south entrance to Tower Grove Park in front of a Union Depot electric car. The motorman, Hugh McKenna, saw Sheits, but could not stop his car and the wheels passed over the man, crushing out his life. Sheits' remains were removed to the Morgue.

FOR SELLING LOTTERY TICKETS.—Campbell O'Brien, 1226 North Eighth street; Harriet Wiley, 1204 Morgan street, and Joseph Miller, 1203a Wash street, were arrested on the charge of selling lottery tickets.

HIS WIFE ABOUT TO BE EVICTED.—A warrant charging wife abandonment was issued for James Quigley. Mrs. Quigley said she is about to be evicted from 1620 North Broadway, because he refused to help her.

ENTICED AND ROBBED.—John O'Hara and Charles Sweeney are charged in a warrant with enticing John O'Connor into a saloon at Second and Carr streets, and robbing him of a $40 gold watch and $12.

FOR SHOOTING AT ODLUM.—Henry J. Ulmer of 2310 Franklin avenue was sentenced to three months in the Work-house and to pay a fine of $100 for shooting at Chris. Odlum, the furnacey, at Shaffer & Enoch Steel some time ago and was acquitted last Monday.

UNLICENSED INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.—Thomas E. South and Zary G. Smith were arrested on the charge of running an intelligence office at 918 Olive street without a license.

OBTAINING MONEY UNDER FALSE PRETENSES.—Frank M. Weaver, a broker at 218 North Eighth street, swore out a warrant charging Harry C. Carroll of 212 Morgan street with obtaining $35 by false pretenses.

JUDY CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER.—A warrant was issued for Elmer H. Judy, charging him with manslaughter in the fourth degree, for the death of William Whitely, whom Judy knocked down for making an appointment with his sister, Eva Judy. Whitely's head struck a stone and he died last Sunday from fracture of the skull.

IN HIS ATTORNEY'S ABSENCE.—John King, who was jointly charged with Ed Kelleher and Joseph McNamara with highway robbery, asked for a continuance through his attorney on the ground that an important witness was wanting for him to prove an alibi. When his attorney left the courtroom King pleaded guilty and was given one year in the Work-house. Kelleher and McNamara were given one year each in the Work-house for jail breaking.

VETERINARIANS ELECT OFFICERS.—At the afternoon session of the Missouri State Veterinary Medical Association at the Merchants' Hotel Friday the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, T. J. Turner, Columbia; Vice President, V. F. Arnold, Lewis County; Treasurer, F. Dashiell, Kansas City; Secretary, H. E. Platt, St. Louis. The association adjourned to meet in Moberly the first Monday in September, 1895.

PUBLIC SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS.—The Building Committee of the School Board decided to drain the cellar of No. 4581 Cottage avenue, the premises being used for school purposes. It was decided to ask the Board of Public Improvements to improve the Natural Bridge road near the Irvin School. Mary Hillsman was recommended as janitress for the new Shepard Branch School. The Lands and Leasing Committee recommended that Nov. 3 next, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., be fixed for the sale at public auction of real estate sufficient to realize $150,000.

DESERTED CHILDREN.—Matron Frazier and Special Officer Burke of the Union Station have in charge Herbert and Ella Bowles, aged 7 and 9 respectively, who came here from Palestine, Tex., to meet an uncle. The uncle lives in some small Illinois town, whose name the children forgot, and was to meet them here, but failed to do so. They are without money.

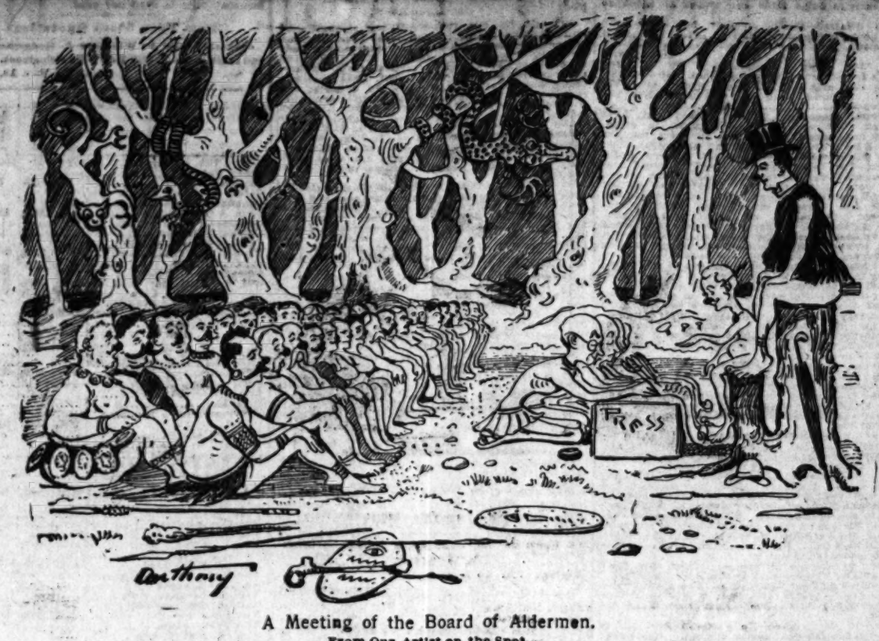
Minor Accidents.

At Jamestown, Mo., Martin Messerver was given carbolic acid instead of whisky in a drug store and died in ten minutes. He had burned his hand terribly and needed a stimulant.

Galvin Highland was killed by a block of stone falling from a derrick at Huntington, Ind., the chain breaking.

George Johnson, a farmer, was gored to death by a bull near Wellington, Kan.

IN PREHISTORIC TIMES.



A Meeting of the Board of Aldermen.
From Our Artist on the Spot.

FARMER QUIGLEY'S MISTAKE.

Little Tommy rushes in to announce an eagle perched on the dog kennel.

Having no shot in the house, Farmer Quigley loads his gun with shingle nails.

Taking careful aim, he nails the eagle to the kennel.

And the bird sails away, taking the kennel and Towser with him.

HERR SCHLUM'S DIPLOMACY.

Little Tommy discovers the Ancient Order of Hibernian Sons of Gambrinus coming down the street and artistically does up the back of his father's head, with the result that the Ancient Order comes in to a man and drinks the saloon empty.

AFTER THE BALL.

The masqueraders come along just in time to help the fireman.—Fliegende Blaetter.

MAKING A MAN-OF-WAR.

It Is First Built on Paper, Then of Wood, and Lastly of Steel.

From the Chicago Record.

A man-of-war is built upon paper before a single plate of steel is forged. Not only is the design and model made, and a sketch to show how she will look when she is floating on the foamy deep, but every piece that enters into her construction, whether it be of iron or wood or steel, is measured and drawn out with even greater care than an architect exercises in designing the details of the mantels, door-jambs and plumbing of a house. Not only is the length and breadth of a ship decided upon in advance, but the naval constructor will tell you to an ounce how much water she will displace when her armor and guns are placed upon her; how many times her propellers will revolve in a minute with a given pressure of steam, and how many tons of coal an hour must be consumed to drive her at a certain rate of speed.

The science of ship-building has reached such perfection that of the forty ships that compose the new navy of the United States only two have not fulfilled or exceeded the plans and promises of the men who designed them, with reference to horse-power, speed and other qualifications. The Atlanta and Monterey did not develop quite the horse-power that their engines were designed to give, and their builders had to pay a forfeit. The Castine and the Machias were found to be top-heavy when they got all their armor on, but that was an error of judgment. They were given too many guns for their tonnage, but the defect was easily repaired.

When the plans of a ship are given to the contractor the first thing he does is to reproduce the design, or at least a cross-section full size, with chalk on the floor of his loft, and wooden patterns are made from the chalk marks for the use of the founders in casting her ribs and beams. Then a wooden plate is made for every steel plate that is needed and marked with white paint to correspond with that it represents on the pen-and-ink design. Then the keel is laid and the skeleton rivetted together until it stands out in the air like the steel buildings that are now being constructed fifteen or sixteen stories high before a brick or a stone is laid for the outside walls.

When it comes time to put on the plates, the wooden pattern is used first to see if it is a perfect fit and to mark where the rivet holes must be made. The steel plate is then laid upon it, the places for the rivet holes are marked and then drilled, and finally it is fastened by red-hot steel bolts where it belongs. In a ship of 5,000 tons there are over 7,000 or 8,000 different places of steel and 50,000 or 60,000 steel rivets.

WHEN THE WOMEN VOTE.

It Will Be Found That Man Will Still Be Useful.

From the Chicago Post.

They met by the rippling brook. The autumn wind had put color in her cheeks that made her seem tenfold more beautiful than ever before, and he resolved to know his fate before they parted.

Her eyes were downcast as he took her hand and pressed it. Slowly they wandered along the bank of the little stream, even as the brook itself rippled along to the river. The time and the place alike were propitious, and he told of his love with burning words. He pledged her a life of devotion if she would but give him a smile of encouragement.

"And would you really do so much for me?" she asked dreamily.

"Anything! Everything!" he replied fervently. "Command, and I shall obey even your slightest wish!"

"'Tis well," she said, rousing herself. "You can do me greater service than you dream of. Listen! In our ward there lives a girl—a Swede. She is not fair, but she has intelligence, and she would vote."

"Well? Well?" he asked eagerly, as she paused.

She hesitated a moment merely to gather her thoughts, and then continued, her low, sweet voice blending with the soft, musical noise of the brook as its waters rippled by.

"She has not been naturalized," she said, "but, nevertheless, I would have her vote—I, Magnolia Montmorency, have made up my mind that she must vote. Her political views are sound, and I look to you, if you love me"—

"Command me," he cried passionately. "For you I would commit any crime! What must I do?"

She caught him by the hand and looked pleadingly into his eyes as she went on:

"The law says that a foreign born woman becomes a citizen when she marries one!"

"Well?" he asked.

"Marry the Swede," she answered.

An instant later she stood alone where the rippling brook still rippled.

A MODERN ARMOR

Now Being Experimented With in the English Army.

From the Court Journal.

An English coat-of-armor has been invented. A well-known Sheffield firm has made a breastplate of chrome steel. It is shaped to the body, is splashless and resists, without anything more than the slightest dent, like gold lettering on leather binding, the impact of either the magazine rifle bullet or that of the Martini-Henry fired at ten yards' distance. The breastplate weighs six pounds and covers 112 square inches of the front of the vital organs.

The Bells are Ringing.

From the Chicago Journal.

Hark! the bells are ringing!
Christening bells are ringing,
Through the father's sense of care,
Through the mother's fervent prayer,
As the babe in mute surprise
Opens to the light its eyes,
Hope, sweet hope, a song is singing
While the christening bells are ringing.
Ring, happy bells, nor cease your ringing,
Sing gracious hope, nor cease your singing,
Poor is the day that does not borrow,
Gold from the opulent to-morrow.

Hark! the bells are ringing:
Wedding bells are ringing.
Paths all blossom-strewn and fair,
Joy and sunshine everywhere,
Will the years be all they seem?
Through love's ever joyful dream,
Hope, sweet hope, a song is singing
While the wedding bells are ringing.
Ring, happy bells, nor cease your ringing,
Sing, gracious hope, nor cease your singing,
Poor is the day that does not borrow
Gold from the opulent to-morrow.

Hark! the bells are ringing:
Funeral bells are ringing,
Death's strange sleep has kissed his eyes,
Still and beautiful he lies.
Out beyond our doubts and fears,
Through our sorrow and our tears,
Hope, sweet hope, a song is singing,
While the funeral bells are ringing.
Ring, kindly bells, nor cease your ringing,
Sing, gracious hope, nor cease your singing,
Poor is the day that does not borrow
Gold from the opulent to-morrow.

NIXON WATERMAN.

The Aftermath.

From the Chicago Journal.

They met to-day on State street, and immense was their surprise;
'Twas hard for them to comprehend the view before their eyes.
A few swift-fleeting weeks ago they parted with a tear,
And neither dreamed of meeting, face to face, the other here.

'Twas at St. Joseph, Michigan, their friendship first began;
She was a cultured actress, he a wealthy nobleman.
And side by side they strolled about the happy wayes washed sands,
'Till fate or fortune called them home to widely distant lands.

He o'er the sea to sunny France must sadly sail away,
She through the fragrant orange groves of Florida would stray.
But since Vacation days are o'er—be still, O, troubled heart!
They're clerking in two notion stores about a block apart.

NIXON WATERMAN.

Great Heads.

From the Boston Globe.

Old Li Hung Chang of China thinks
That he's in luck, despite the racket
The writers for the press have raised
Because he lost his yellow jacket.

Both he and Ting, the admiral,
Who lost his precious pennant feather,
Just Hung themselves for joy to think
They're not quite stripped this chilly weather.

As things in China go to-day,
They're both in luck. "Tho' in their beds yet
Some crumpled rose leaves still may lie,
At least, they haven't lost their heads yet.

Things might be worse, and better, too;
Of course, a fellow must feel scarf,
When any day he may be told
The proper caper's hari-kari.

But with his bowels still intact,
In China, now, to all beholders,
And man may boast of his great head
If he can keep it on his shoulders.

M. E. S.

THE POST-DISPATCH.

BRANCH OFFICES.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established, where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

CENTRAL.

Clark av.—Cor. 14th ..... C. H. School
Clark av.—2138 ..... I. L. Ochsner
Franklin av.—1600 ..... C. Klipstein
Franklin av.—2707 ..... H. A. Kattelmann
Jefferson av.—900 S. ..... A. H. Schultz
Jefferson and Market sts ..... H. D. Bohling
Lucas av.—1709 ..... W. S. Fleming
Olive st.—1400 ..... R. Riley
Olive st.—2001 ..... J. S. Proctor
Washington av.—1258 ..... McFarland's Pharmacy
Washington av.—2800 ..... T. S. Glenn

NORTHWEST.

Benton st.—1201 ..... Koch & Kempff
Benton st.—N. W. Cor. 20th ..... John A. Fritz
Benton st.—2472 ..... Wm. H. Motz
Biddle and High sts ..... Koch & Kempff
Biddle st.—1900 ..... A. Friedberg & Co
Biddle st.—N. W. cor. 20th ..... Alex J. Temm
Broadway—1781 N ..... A. S. Ludwig
Broadway—2001 N ..... O. D'Amour
Broadway—2835 N ..... W. G. Waldeck
Broadway—4101 N ..... W. J. Kohrmael
Broadway—4360 N ..... C. W. G. B. Bachman
Brooklyn—1100 ..... A. J. Engel
Carr st.—1239 ..... Lion Drug Store
Carr st.—2001 ..... Crawley's Pharmacy
Cass av.—1900 ..... Cass Avenue Pharmacy
Cass av.—1937 ..... A. A. Link
Cass av.—Cor. 23d ..... H. W. Strathmann
Cass av.—Cor. Jefferson ..... W. A. Holscher
Cass av. and Bacon st ..... F. G. Herkert
Chambers and 14th sts ..... C. W. Smith
Cottage and Warne avs ..... J. X. Geisler
Dodier st.—2040 ..... F. B. Vogt
Easton av. 2138 ..... F. C. Pauley
Easton av. 4161 ..... Herman Fisher
Easton av. 4248 ..... B. H. Voepel
Easton av.—4900 ..... H. O. Koenig
Easton av. 4906 ..... G. P. Mulhall
Eleventh st.—3701 N ..... W. H. Wurmb
Eleventh st.—4201 N ..... H. W. Barthoefer
East Grand av. 1928 ..... W. H. Wurmb
Gamble st.—2021 ..... A. Braun
Garrison and Easton ..... Garrison Pharmacy
Garrison and Washington ..... C. C. May
Garrison and Cass ..... Gill Bros
Grand av.—1400 N ..... Stegner Drug Co
Grand av.—1927 N ..... W. D. Temm
Grand av.—2621 N ..... A. J. Hoenny
Grand av.—4048 N ..... Wm. Craemer
Kossuth av.—2208 ..... L. W. C. Renke
Madison and 14th sts ..... Manley's
Madison and 19th sts ..... B. J. Ludwig
Marcus and Gamer avs ..... J. A. Pfunder
Ninth st.—2025 N ..... C. Claus
N. Market and 14th sts ..... A. P. Gest
O'Fallon and 7th sts ..... D. W. Rockwell
O'Fallon and 10th sts ..... T. F. Mahaffe
St. Louis av.—1948 ..... Gustavus Koch
St. Louis av. and 25th st ..... J. H. Sewing
St. Louis av.—2835 ..... Carey Bros. Drug Co
Taylor av.—1837 ..... C. H. Wagner

WEST END.

Bayard av. and Suburban Ry ..... Geo. F. Becker
Boyle av. and Old Manchester ..... Lehman Bros
Clayton av.—4840 ..... E. P. Roller
Chestnut st.—2201 ..... F. H. Swift
Chestnut st.—2601 ..... F. L. Pickett
Compton av.—200 S. ..... J. F. Cummings
Delmar and Taylor avs ..... E. M. Pirner
Finney av.—4069 ..... Gatewood & Haagen
Finney and Taylor avs ..... Taylor Av. Pharmacy
Grand av.—1001 N ..... Manley's Drug Store
Grand and Finney avs ..... Clinton Pharmacy
Lindell av.—2873 ..... A. D. Byrne
Leeds av.—2841 ..... Charles C. May
Market st.—2646 ..... St. Louis Pharmacy
Manchester rd.—922 ..... E. R. Marten
Manchester and Theresa av ..... Orusius
Maple and Hamilton avs ..... C. J. Haeberle
Morgan st.—2900 ..... W. Ross Harris
Morgan st.—2746 ..... Schneider's Pharmacy
Olive st.—2120 ..... Olive Pharmacy Co
Olive st.—2201 ..... Louis Schurz
Olive st.—2242 ..... E. H. Newland
Olive st.—2500 ..... Adam B. Roth
Olive and Grand av ..... Thomas Halpin
Olive st.—2718 ..... W. R. Grant
Olive st.—4101 ..... E. N. Harris
Olive st.—4199 ..... J. E. Stritz
Olive st.—4267 ..... Allen & Barnes
Old Manchester rd. and Hackland av., Schreier's Drug Store
Page av.—2730 ..... H. C. Brenner
Pendleton av.—927 ..... E. S. Overton
Vandeventer and Morgan ..... C. F. Buesch
Vandeventer and Cook avs ..... Lyda & Reed
Vandeventer and Finney avs ..... A. H. Sippy
Washington av.—2000 ..... J. Weiner
Washington av.—2901 ..... J. B. Hilby

SOUTHWEST.

Arsenal st.—1961 ..... R. B. Kettenbach
Broadway—1423 S ..... S. Broadway Pharmacy
Broadway—1900 S ..... O. F. Heitmeyer
Broadway—2000 S ..... Irvin J. Koeberlin
Broadway—2618 S ..... Chas. Reiner, Jr.
Broadway—2618 S ..... E. S. Geisler
Broadway—2624 S ..... H. W. Claussen
Broadway—2919 S ..... South Side Pharmacy
Broadway—3007 S ..... F. Homma
California and Russell avs ..... J. F. Heithudy
California av. & Cherokee st. Carey Bros. Drug Co
Chouteau av.—700 ..... Henry Braun
Chouteau av.—1509 ..... T. F. Hagenow
Chouteau av. and Grattan st. Chr. Schaefer & Son
Chouteau av.—1801 ..... H. F. A. Spitzer
Chouteau av.—2000 ..... H. F. Helwig
Chouteau av., cor. Jefferson ..... Otto Traubel
Chouteau av.—2738 ..... Friedewald's Pharmacy
Chouteau av.—2937 ..... A. Krueger
Eighth st.—1701 S ..... Albert J. Funsch
Fourth st.—1188 S ..... Jacob Freise
Gravois st.—1949 ..... Henry Fisher
Gravois st.—2711 ..... B. C. Nieman
Gravois st.—2946 ..... B. Jost
Hickory st.—800 ..... E. A. Sonnenwald & Co
Hickory st.—1100 ..... Lehrman & Mynders
Jefferson av.—2127 S ..... Berg's Pharmacy
Jefferson av.—2406 S ..... Theo. Boody
Jefferson av.—2601 S ..... Fred'k J. Meyer
Jefferson and Gravois avs ..... H. Pockels
Lafayette av.—1800 ..... Philip Kant
Lafayette av.—2601 ..... Paul M. Nake
Lafayette av.—2822 ..... Compton Hill Pharmacy
Menard—1434 ..... G. Weinsberg
Menard—2436 ..... A. C. Bendel
Park av.—1907 ..... G. H. Andreae
Park av.—2000 ..... J. T. Feargor
Sidney st.—1956 ..... C. H. Zahn
Salina st.—2070 ..... A. F. Kaltwasser
St. Ange av.—1402 ..... E. H. Gaertner
Virginia av. and Nevada ..... A. W. Bilts
Wyoming and 7th sts ..... O. J. Funsch

CARONDELET.

Broadway—7618 S ..... A. Knorr
Broadway—7621 S ..... L. F. Walbel
Michigan and Ivory avs ..... Benno Brisach

SUBURBAN.

WELLSTON.

Wellston Pharmacy ..... Frederick A. Mosog

DE HODIAMONT.

W. B. Elliott.

FERGUSON.

Bergmann Pharmacy ..... L. B. Thrasy

WEBSTER GROVES.

S. L. Dongiess.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Collinsville and Missouri av. ..... C. F. Krause
Missouri av.—501 ..... Heller & Trunkel

BELLEVILLE, ILL.

State and High sts ..... Geo. H. Stolberg

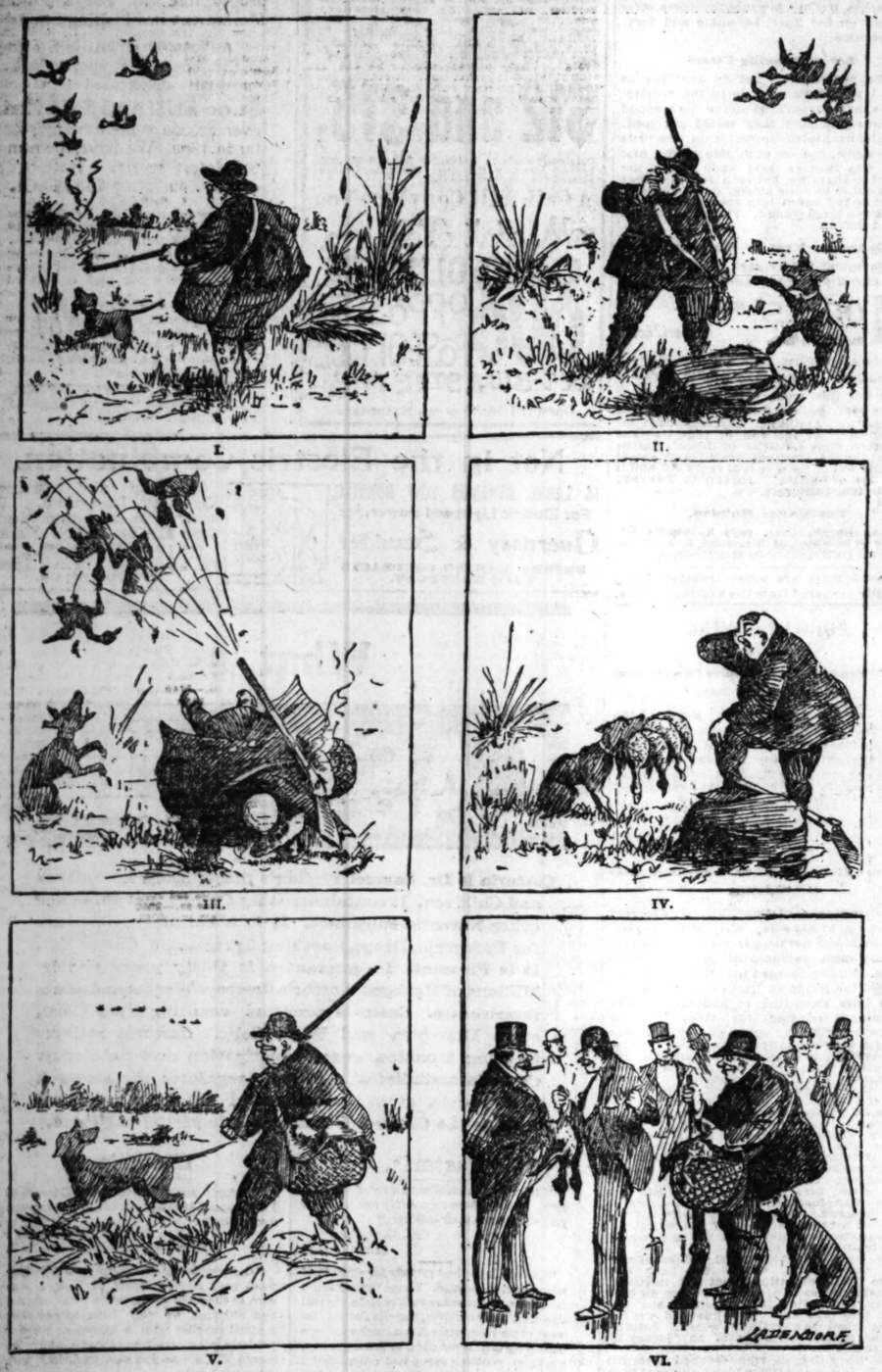
P-D WANTS WORK WONDERS P-D

OUR SATURDAY PAGE OF HUMOR.

THE FLY-PAPER AND THE BALD-HEADED SLEEPER.

VII. VIII. I. II. III. IV. V.

THE ROCK, THE CLUMSY SPORTSMAN AND HIS SURPRISING GOOD LUCK.



I. II. III. IV. V. VI.

HE TAUGHT HIM.

He Soon Found That He Was Not Cut Out for a Player.

From the Detroit Free Press.

The man hadn't any more hair on his head than a Mexican dog has on his back, and he was in addition to this in a most frizzled condition when the policeman found him sitting under the fence trying to repair himself.

"Well, well," said the officer, authoritatively, "what are you doing there?"

The man made as if to get away.

"Hold on," commanded the officer, "hold on. None of that. I want you."

"Excuse me," stammered the victim, "excuse me. I thought you might be a college boy."

"No," said the officer, "I haven't that to answer for."

"And you ought to be thankful. I've got all of them I want."

"Is that what frazzled you up so?"

"You bet it is. I guess there must have been a thousand of them and they all jumped on me at once."

"What did you do to provoke them?"

"Nothing as far as I could see at the time, except to ask them if I couldn't become a member of their foot ball team."

"You oughtn't to have done it."

"I wouldn't have, if I had known as much as I do now, but how in thunder should I know that a foot ball player couldn't be baldheaded?"

DIDN'T THINK OF IT.

Great Head of a Napoleon of Finance Who Always Kept Engagements.

From the New York Tribune.

A business man who is keen in financial affairs made an engagement while spending his vacation to meet a man at another country place fifteen or twenty miles away. There was only one train a day, and he missed that one by only a few seconds. It was an important engagement, but that would have made no difference to the business man, for he prides himself on keeping his engagements.

When he found that he had missed his train he set to work to get a special engine. This involved a good deal of telegraphing, and the cost he learned would be $60. He determined to keep that engagement, however, whatever the expense, and finally, after the delay of all the telegraphing and waiting for the engine to run up to his station, he got aboard and was taken on his way. He reached the other man three hours after he had missed the train, but he was feeling rather triumphant over his victory, and he proceeded to explain what he had done.

"You see, I was bound to get here," he added, "and here I am."

"That's so," answered the other, "but look here, why didn't you get a team and drive over here? It's a lovely drive, it would have cost you about $4 instead of $60, and as for time, you could have arrived here earlier."

"Great Scott!" said the Napoleon of traveling, "I never thought of that."

SETTLING THE TARIFF QUESTION.

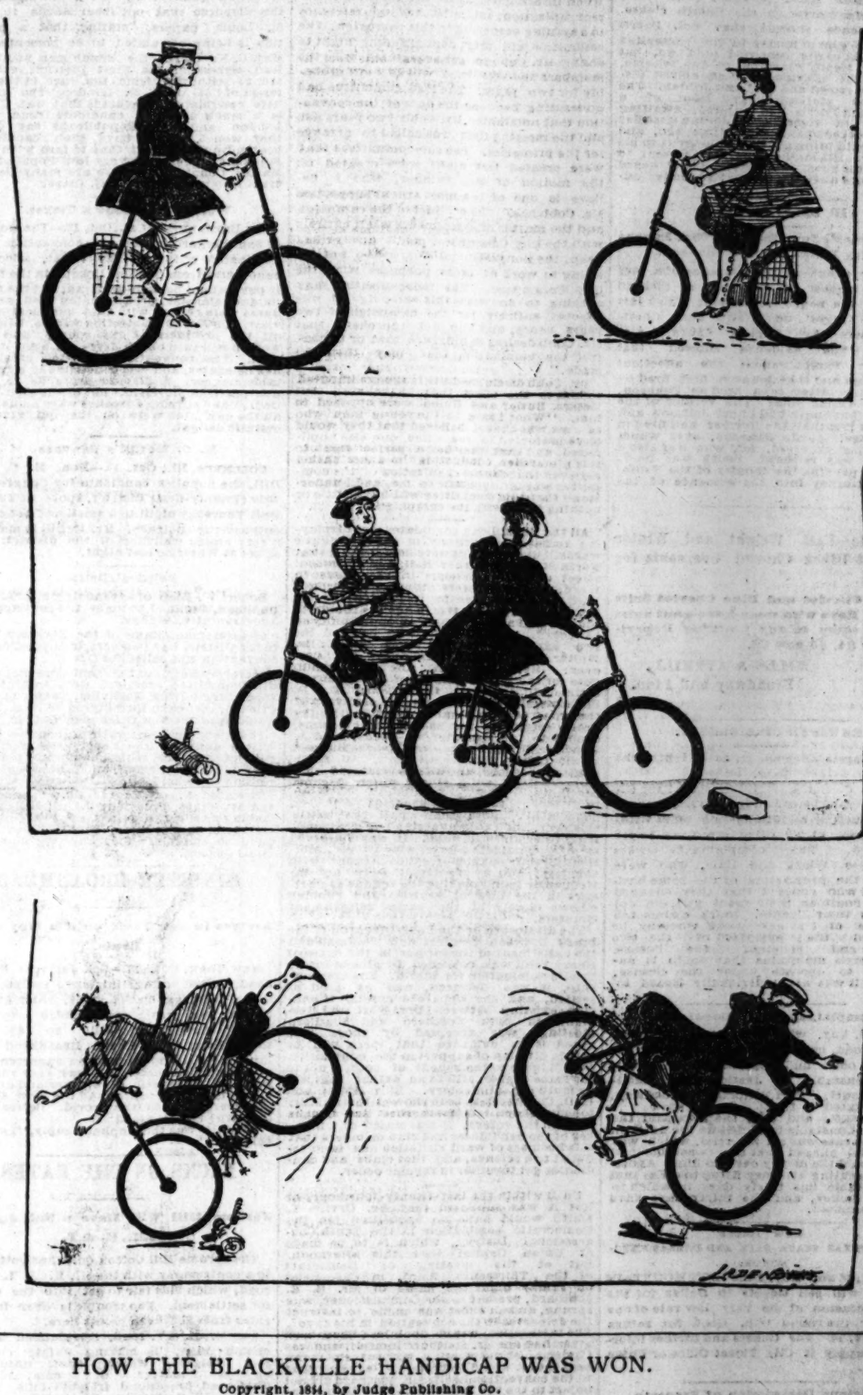
How Lean Jimmie Jones Solved the Question Fifty Years Ago.

From the Washington Post.

"When James K. Polk ran for Governor of Tennessee, about the year 1840," said A. G. Selby of that State at the Normandie, "against the Hon. James C. Jones, the future President of the United States got a licking. His successful opponent, who was familiarly known as 'Lean Jimmie Jones,' wasn't much of an orator, and didn't make any great pretensions to scholarship, but he was a man of the people, and had a habit of succeeding at the polls. During his campaign with Polk for the Governorship the latter, on the occasion of a joint discussion, made a long and exhaustive speech on the tariff, which was a credit to his ability and research, but was rather prosy, somewhat wearying the crowd. When Jones' turn came to speak he paid a compliment to Mr. Polk's address, but dismissed the tariff in short order.

"'My friends,' he said, 'this tariff question is really not the intricate matter it has been represented; in fact, it is as simple as the alphabet. Now, what would I do in regard to the tariff? Why, simply this: If the tariff is too high, I'd lower it, but if it was too low I'd hist it.' It was such an easy solution of the matter that the audience yelled tumultuously and 'Lean Jimmie' carried the day."

THE SAME OLD CAUSE FOR WOWAN'S FALL.



HOW THE BLACKVILLE HANDICAP WAS WON.

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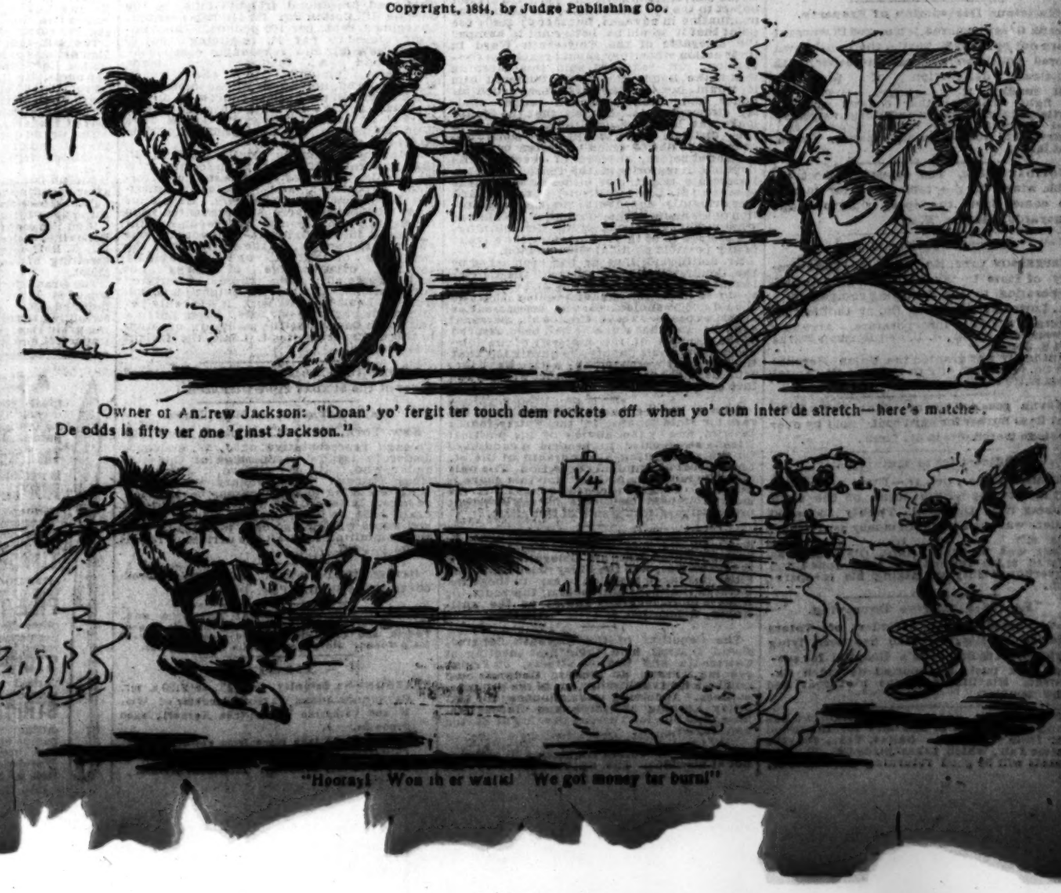

Owner of Andrew Jackson: "Doan' yo' fergit ter touch dem rockets off when yo' cum inter de stretch—here's matche. De odds is fifty ter one 'ginst Jackson."

"Hooray! Won th er watch! We got money fer burial"

A FIGHT AND WHAT CAME OF IT; OR, A SUDDEN CHANGE IN NOSES.

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I. II. III. IV.

THE DELICATESSEN CAFE
718 OLIVE STREET.
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

CITY NEWS.

To-Day Closes

Paul Jones', the Boston globe-trotter, contract as salesman for D. Crawford & Co., and his special line of goods will be men's ties, collars, cuffs and suspenders. These he will sell on the second floor and guarantee every article to be the best value for the least money ever put on sale in St. Louis. Paul Jones' autograph goes with every sale as a souvenir of the young traveler and his connection with St. Louis' greatest store.

Imported Wuerzburger Hopbran, India Pale Ale, Wainwright's extra brew, on draught at the Merchants', 616 Washington avenue.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

THE DORRIS AFFAIR.

Trial of One of the Supposed Conspirators to Commit Robbery.

James Jordan, the young man arrested on suspicion of conspiring with four other young men to rob Col. Tom Dorris on Sixth street, near Clark avenue, was tried before Judge Morris on the Eighth clause. The evidence showed that Col. Dorris had a large sum of money in his possession on the night of the proposed hold up, but Detective Meany learned of the scheme, and with the assistance of an officer dispersed the crowd and captured Jordan. The gang was stationed in front of a house which Dorris had entered, awaiting for him to come out. Jordan testified that he worked until a short time ago, and that he could bring good references as to his character. His mother was also present to testify to his good traits. The Court heard the evidence and took the matter under advisement.

IN SELF-DEFENSE.

The Coroner's Jury Declares That Eugene Smith Killed Richard Johnson.

Coroner Frank in the presence of a jury held the inquest on the body of Richard Johnson, the negro roustabout killed last Thursday night on Ninth and Chestnut streets by Eugene Smith, also colored. The evidence showed that the men fought about the affections of a negress and that Johnson first fired on Smith. The latter then fired on Johnson, instantly killing him. The verdict of the jury was that Smith had killed Johnson and added the fact that the former had fired in self-defense. Mattie Johnson, over whom the shooting occurred, and who was also a prisoner, was released. Smith was held, however, pending the inquiry of the Prosecuting Attorney into the evidence of the inquest.

For Sale—Fall Weight and Winter Weight Black Cheviot Overcoats for $15.

Black Cheviot and Blue Cheviot Suits for $15. Boys who wear knee-pant suits can get them in our Clothing Department for $4, $5 and $6.

MILLS & AVERILL,
Broadway and Pine.

TRANSFER OF LICENSES.

Judge Morris Claims It Is Within the Law.

Thomas C. South and his son, Zary G., were arraigned before Judge Morris, charged with conducting an intelligence office without a license, at 919 Olive street, and were discharged. The complainants were the Misses Wicks and Hale, who were formerly the proprietors of the same business, and who claimed that they engaged the elder South as their agent and did not give him their license. South claims the existence of an agreement whereby he purchased the business of the two ladies and acquired the license. Judge Morris maintains that South is authorized to operate under the license, although it was not individually issued to him.

Complained of a Constable.

Uriah B. Kay, who lives at 1007 Columbia Bottom road, called at the Prosecuting Attorney's office and complained of Robert Reed, Constable in Justice John Miesert's court, 5022 North Broadway. Kay stated that he sued a man for $5.85, and that the man paid the money to Constable Reed before the date on which the case was set for trial, which was Oct. 5, and alleged that the Constable had not yet paid the money over to him. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Estes told Kay that the Constable has thirty days in which to pay the money, and the thirty days have not yet expired.

Low Rates

TO THE TEXAS STATE FAIR AND DALLAS EXPOSITION.

Oct. 19, 26 and Nov. 2 the IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE will sell tickets to Dallas for the above occasion at the very low rate of one fare for the round trip. Good for return until Nov. 10. For tickets and further information apply at City Ticket Office or Union Station.

Malicious Destruction of Property.

Frank Green, colored, is charged in warrant sworn out by Wm. T. Curtis, the well-known colored politician and saloon-keeper, with malicious destruction of property. Last Sunday, it is alleged, Green, in a fight with another colored man in Curtis' saloon, Eleventh and Morgan streets, fired several shots which pierced and destroyed $7 worth of window panes. Green is at large.

HOLIDAY Wines. The oldest and most reliable wines for the table and for invalid use come from the Speer Oporto Grape Vineyards, Passaic, N. J.

Missouri Corporations.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Oct. 13.—The Secretary of State to-day granted articles of incorporation to the following companies:

A. Lowenstein Produce Co. of Chillicothe, capital, $10,000; incorporators, Abraham Lowenstein, H. M., S. L. and Herman Marks and S. Jonas.

Authority was granted the Union Mercantile Co. of Kansas City to increase its capital from $3,000 to $10,000.

NEVER goes out day or night, Buk's Brilliant Base Burner for hard coal. Sold by over 100 stove merchants in St. Louis.

Officers Go to Quintado.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 13.—Three policemen left here to-day for the scene of the train robbery near Quintaco. Twenty thousand dollars was the amount of money sent from this city by the train and most of it was in bonds. Gov. O'Ferrall has offered $1,000 reward and telegraphed the Governor of Maryland asking his co-operation.

Recorder Higgins Improving.

The condition of Recorder of Voters Charles P. Higgins, who has been lying seriously ill at St. John's Hospital for several days past, is reported as much improved. His illness is due to throat and lung troubles.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad has announced a rate of one fare for the round trip from St. Louis to Dallas, Tex., for the Dallas Fair, which takes place Oct. 19. The tickets will be good returning until Nov. 10.

BUTLER IS BOSS.

The Ex-City Attorney Gets Control of the Twelfth District Committee.

THE NEW ORGANIZATION NOT FRIENDLY TO CONGRESSMAN SETH COBB.

Republican Candidates Showing Remarkable Activity in the Wards—Boom for Southard in the Tenth District—Political Notes.

The complete reorganization of the Twelfth Congressional District Democratic Committee, which was had on Friday night, gave rise to the report that an opposition to the re-election of Mr. Cobb, the nominee, was contemplated, and Mr. Cobb was publicly quoted as saying that the reorganization had that purpose in view. Mr. James J. Butler was chosen as the Chairman of the reorganized committee; Mr. Doug Crothers, Secretary, and Mr. Turner T. Lewis, Chairman of the last Congressional Committee, was made Treasurer. Two new sub-committees were authorized, one on finance and one on campaign; and this fact was accepted also as being inimical to the interests of Mr. Cobb. Chairman Butler, when interrogated as to the purposes of the reorganization, said: "It has no reference to anything occurring in this campaign. The committee will meet next Tuesday night to enable Mr. Cobb to get acquainted with the members and after that will adjourn probably for two years. The last committee had no meeting between the date of the convention that nominated Mr. Cobb two years ago and the meeting that was called to arrange for the primaries. The sub-committees that were created last night were created on the motion of Mr. Skinner, who I believe is one of the most ardent supporters Mr. Cobb has. The conduct of the campaign and the matter of assessments is left entirely with the City Committee, as it always has been, the Congressional Committee not desiring to work at cross purposes with the City Committee. The reorganization has nothing to do with this campaign, it was effected entirely for the campaign of two years hence, and I do not apprehend that Mr. Cobb desires to influence that or to control the nomination that may then be made."

Mr. Cobb disclaimed the language imputed to him to the effect that he believed that Messrs. Butler and Guion were opposed to him. "What I said to the young man who saw me was that I believed that they would have preferred to see some one else nominated, and that they had a perfect right to their preference. But I did not say that I believed that the reorganization of the committee was antagonistic to me, and I understand that this committee will have little or nothing to do with the campaign."

All the Republican candidates are displaying remarkable activity in canvassing the wards. Big meetings were held last night at North St. Louis Turner Hall, and at Arsenal street and Iowa avenue in the Eleventh Ward, and they were attended by perhaps half the candidates for places on the city tickets. The candidates made the rounds in squads, and all were given an opportunity to be heard. Among those who covered the two extremes of the field were Dr. Walter J. Wait, candidate for Coroner; Mr. John A. Gernes, candidate for the Prosecuting Attorneyship of the Court of Criminal Correction; E. D. Chamberlain, candidate for the clerkship of the Court of Criminal Correction; Henry Troll, candidate for Sheriff; Billy Hobbs, candidate for Recorder of Deeds, Fred A. Wind for Circuit Judge, and Henry Bus and W. H. Osmer for Circuit Clerk. All made rattling speeches, and all were treated with respect and most of them with decided cordiality. The Republicans seem to feel that nomination is a good deal more than half the battle this year, and the canvassing is correspondingly brisk and thorough. It was observed that the candidates—even where their ambitions directly conflict—treat each other with courtesy, and active rivals were not infrequently found making the rounds as partners in the hire of vehicles and rubbing elbows closely at the same refreshment counters.

The disclosure by the POST-DISPATCH of the break between Comfort and Pohlman and the enlistment of the former in the cause of Henry Troll was conceded to almost insure Troll's nomination for Sheriff. The Coronership, it was declared, was as good as settled, and the apparent cordial friendship existing between Drs. Wait and Hermann in both Northern and Southern meetings was accepted by those who noted it as evidence that there will be such a division of support in the convention as will inure to the benefit of both, if not to the same degree, still to an extent that will be mutually satisfactory. Billy Hobbs and E. D. Chamberlain both showed their ability to make short, telling speeches that caught on with the voters. It was stated by a number of the candidates and club members that this business of ward visitation has been reduced to a science, and that clubs and candidates get together in regular order.

Until within the last twenty-four hours or less it was supposed that Mr. Orville T. Smith would have no opposition for the Democratic nomination in the Tenth Congressional District, which is to be made at Union Capital Hall this afternoon. But at the meeting of Democrats of the Thirteenth Ward, in Carondelet on Friday night the name of Mr. R. R. Southard, present Sewer Commissioner, was sprung, and an effort was made to instruct the delegates to the convention in his favor. The instruction would doubtless have been given had not Mr. Southard himself, who was Chairman of the meeting, advised the members that it would be better to leave all that to the convention itself. Mr. Southard did not object to the use of his name, nor decline the nomination in advance, but merely made the point that it would be better not to hamper the delegates of the Thirteenth Ward in their action when they should reach the convention. Mr. Southard said this morning that if the nomination were tendered him it would not be the first time such an honor had been extended under similar circumstances. He felt that he could make, at least, a creditable showing in the district, and might, by some odd chance, the like of which had often been experienced before, succeed in reversing the Republican majority in the Tenth, while the Democrats might lose either or both of the other two St. Louis districts. Mr. Southard was evidently not averse to the presentation of his name to the convention, no matter what might grow out of it. His lightning-rod seemed to be in readiness for the advent of any possible political phenomenon.

Mr. Smith said that he had been asked by the Congressional Committee of the district to make this race, and that he had consented to do so with the understanding that he should not be subject to any assessment or other expense except that of his personal canvass; and that while he had been assured of the support of the majority of the delegates of St. Louis County, he hardly felt that the prize was worth making a hard fight for. Still, he might remain in the race even in the face of opposition.

John A. Gernes has withdrawn from the race for State Senator in the Thirty-fourth District, and by the advice of his political friends has decided to become a candidate for the prosecuting attorneyship of the St. Louis Court of Criminal Correction. The only other Republican applicant for this place is Ernst O. Dodge. Richard Johnson is the most prominent candidate for the assistant prosecuting-attorneyship of this court.

Republican Central Committeeman E. B. Scutt of the Twenty-sixth Ward, having publicly stated that his delegation, before the primaries, was the Filley delegation, Mr. Filley has taken occasion to say to those interested that he is not backing the Scutt, or what is more generally known as the anti-Hobbs, delegation.

The Populists of the Eleventh Congressional District held their first meeting at Thirteenth and Benton streets, on Friday evening. Frank E. Richey, Congressional nominee for that district, made the principal address. A meeting was announced for saturday evening at Easton and Marcus avenues, and one for Tuesday evening at Easton and Taylor.

Recorder of Voters Higgins is ill and was not at his office. The appointments to the Board of Revision will be made public Monday. A consultation will be held at Recorder Higgins' residence to-night and the appointees will be selected.

Political Notes.

The Sixth Ward Republican League Club will meet this evening at Broadway and Monroe streets.

Recorder of Voters Higgins has been confined to his home by sickness for four days, and the time of his return to duty is uncertain. The rush of registration is at its height. Mr. John Faudi has charge of the office force.

Nineteenth Ward Harrison League Club will meet on Monday evening at Oriental Hall, Jefferson avenue and Adams street. Prominent speakers will attend.

The Sixteenth Ward Democratic Association will meet to-night at Beck's Hall, southeast corner Eighteenth and Monroe streets. Judge Anderson, Hon. N. C. Dryden and others will speak.

Mayor P. D. Hastain, Sedalia, Mo.; C. W. Coombs, Jefferson City; T. J. Delaney, Springfield; Central Committeeman H. W. Salmon, Clinton; J. B. Brown, Saline; J. T. Jones, Washington, Mo., Chairman of the Franklin County Committee, and Judge C. E. Peers, Warrenton, candidate for State Senator, are among the prominent Democratic politicians at the Laclede.

An open air meeting in the interest of N. O. Nelson's candidacy for Congress was held at Jefferson avenue and Market streets Friday night. J. P. Palmer presided and S. L. Moser and Messrs. Negele and Metsen made speeches.

NO TRUTH IN IT.

Denial of a Reported Political Deal in Marion County.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Oct. 13.—The Republicans of Marion County deny the truthfulness of the dispatch sent out from Macon to the St. Louis papers, stating that a petition is being circulated to be presented to Maj. C. N. Clark, the Republican nominee for Congress, of the First District, asking him to withdraw from the race in the interest of Col. John M. London, the Populists' candidate. The fact is that Maj. Clark is a much stronger candidate than Col. London and the Republicans say that they would sooner have their candidate beaten by a Democrat than to fare with the Populists. There are very few Populists in Marion County, but there are many Democrats who will support Maj. Clark.

Women Nominate a Ticket.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Oct. 13.—The women of San Bernardino met in convention and nominated a full county ticket, selecting candidates from the four tickets in the field. It purports to be non-partisan, but the temperance element predominated and candidates were chosen with that qualification in view. On Nov. 8 an election will be held in all the precincts of the county, and the women will turn out in force to elect their men. The convention consisted of sixty-five delegates, and was conducted in a creditable manner. A dispute arose as to the non-partisan platform, but it was soon settled. Many stirring speeches were made, and all the delegates were on the qui vive of ecstatic delight.

H. C. McDill's Canvass.

COLUMBUS, Ill., Oct. 13.—Hon. H. C. McDill, the Populist candidate for Congress in this (Twenty-first) district, spoke at Turner Hall Thursday night to a small and not over-enthusiastic audience. Mr. McDill is making a very active canvass of the district. He spoke at Waterloo last night.

Political Drift.

Robert W. Hine of Arkadelphia, Ark., Republican, declined to make the race against Representative McRae.

Congressman Adams of the Eleventh Kentucky District has Democratic opposition. A convention was called for Oct. 16.

Secretary Ferris of the Louisiana Republican Committee promised Gov. McKinley a special train from Nashville, Tenn., to New Orleans, thence to Huntington, W. Va., if he would speak at New Orleans on Oct. 20.

The Alabama Democratic Executive Committee annulled the Fourth Congressional District primary, which nominated a Talladega banker, Pinwman, and ordered a convention to be held.

The A. P. A. of Kansas City is incensed against State President J. A. Dearborn for making public the names of some of its members, among them John S. Stone, Republican candidate for presiding Supreme Court Justice.

MINISTER BROADHEAD

Arrives in New York on His Way to St. Louis.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Col. James O. Broadhead, United States Minister to Switzerland, was a passenger on the Paris, which arrived to-day. He was accompanied by his wife, and they will go at once to St. Louis, where, Mr. Broadhead said, laughingly, he might have an opportunity to vote for a Democrat. He was very enthusiastic in his praise of Switzerland and declared that this country had the best system of Government in the world. Better than our own? he was asked.

"Well," was the emphatic reply, "I should think so."

KICKS ON THE RATES.

Jerome Hill Will Have a Suit Against the M., K. & T.

The Jerome Hill Cotton Co. has gotten into a controversy with the M., K. & T. Railroad, which bids fair to get into the courts for settlement. The trouble is over freight rates from Southern points here.

The M., K. & T. road, it is claimed by the cotton men, is making unfair charges for freight, which are unjustified as a matter of compensation. This road presented freight bills to the Jerome Hill Cotton Co. for 144 bales cotton, charging 80 cents per 100 pounds. This company refused to pay it, claiming that 50 cents was a fair and reasonable compensation and a tender was made of this amount to the road. It was refused, and unless it is soon accepted the matter will be taken to court and an effort made to have the rate adjusted there. Harver & Hill and Charles C. Collins have been retained by the aggrieved cotton men to protect their interests.

A statement is made by Mr. Jerome Hill that the rate of freight on cotton now is made in the interest of foreign exporters and against American producers and consumers. He claims that interior shippers are prevented from consigning their cotton by irregular methods made in the interest of favored towns and favored people, to the detriment of the producers of cotton, and undoubtedly to the disadvantage of towns not so protected by these chartered corporations. The rate of freight on cotton from St. Louis to New York is 46½ cents per 100 pounds, or $3.62½ per bale. From Eufaula and South Canadian, the points in question in this controversy, to St. Louis the freight is $4 per bale.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Crain Arrested in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—James E. Crain, the Chicago representative of J. W. Goddard, dealer in tailors' trimmings of this city, and who, it is alleged, absconded from Chicago last January with about $9,000 belonging to the firm, has been arrested here. In the Tombs Police court to-day Crain said he was tired of being hounded and would willingly go back to Chicago. He was committed to await the arrival of requisition papers.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

FELL OUT OF BED.—Pat Burke, a gasfitter, 53 years old, fell out of bed at the Erie House, Fourth and Clark avenue, and received a severe scalp wound. He was sent to the City Hospital.

DIED.

WATSON—On Saturday, Oct. 13, at 3:20 a. m., CATHERINE AGNES WATSON, daughter of Wm. H. and Catherine Watson (nee Kernan), aged 9 months.

Funeral will take place from residence, 3818 California avenue, on Sunday, Oct. 14, at 9 a. m., to Calvary Cemetery. Interment private.

THEY CHEERED HIM

Ex-President Harrison's Triumphal Tour Through Indiana.

NEWCASTLE, Ind., Oct. 13.—Gen. Harrison's train on its way back to Indianapolis from Evansville was met by crowds at all way stations to-day, as on yesterday. The first stop was at Boonville, where an enormous crowd had assembled to greet the ex-President and to cheer him on his way. The beautiful morning had made it possible for people to come in from the country, and farmers made up a large part of the audience to which he talked. He said:

"I congratulate you upon the improved weather conditions that we are having this morning. The friends I had the pleasure of meeting yesterday were standing in the drip, but things are better to-day, and that is the order of things. Sunshine comes before the rain and it comes afterward. We are here this morning in a country where there is about us everything in soil, in climate and institutions to make men happy and prosperous. We come from varied pursuits in life, but no man is distinguished from any other man by any titles that he can pass to his children. He may have been a Justice of the Peace or a representative in the Legislature or a Congressman or a Captain in the army, but these things die with him. Our children take up the work of life for themselves. The great glory of our American institutions is that they give every man a chance. They do not put any weights on him. They open the contests of life broadly for him and equip him for it by the magnificent provision which our common schools afford for his education. Every man has to make his own way and I am glad it is so. Some of these pioneers who hear me to-day came into this region when it was unsettled. They felled trees or deadened them in order to let in a little sunshine that the crops might grow. Now the trees are gone, and the stumps are out of the way and the children come into improved heritage. We all like to give our boys and girls a little better chance in life than we had ourselves and, mostly, we are able to do it. These things are largely dependant on ourselves, but after all this is said everybody must admit that the legislation of the National Government upon several important subjects has a direct bearing upon the prosperity of the people. There can be no question in the world to any man who will think that a tariff bill embracing several thousand articles, all of the great staples of commerce and of the mill, does affect the entire business of the country. It may affect it favorably or unfavorably.

"Now, my countrymen, we had two years ago good times. You know some of our Democratic friends are trying to make it appear that they were not so very good and that times since have not been so very bad. You know whether two years ago things were not really in a highly prosperous condition in this country, and you know what we have gone through since. I think every man who will let his mind run over the question will see that this whole year's agitation of the tariff question, this proclamation that duties were to be cut down all along the line, this uncertainty that was injected into every business pursuit, that these have been the things that have paralyzed American trade and brought dismay and distress to all our communities.

BETTER than *Puck* or *Judge*—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

BELLEVILLE.

Mrs. Parker Looking for Her Husband—Notes and Gossip.

Mrs. W. J. Parker of Sebree, Ky., accompanied by her brother-in-law, J. A. Parker, came here in search of her husband. She claimed he had deserted her and came to Belleville with their children, three little daughters. The wife learned that a man who had three little girls with him and was probably her husband had been in Belleville several days previous to Oct. 8. On that day the stranger was married and left Belleville with his bride and his children for parts unknown. In applying for a license the stranger gave the name of Peter Malsak and that of the woman as Delia Temple. Mrs. Parker and her brother-in-law stated that they would continue their search and left Belleville for St. Louis.

The Committee on Criminal Labor made a lengthy report on the convict labor question at the Labor Federation Convention. These statements were embodied: A journeyman producing goods in competition with convict labor cannot earn a living; the pretense of giving a convict a trade is nonsensical and deceiving; the state account system, though a fair substitute, will not give entire relief from the competition of convict labor, and efforts to have such labor abolished should continue; convicts should only be employed in the production of food and clothing for inmates of State institutions and the manufacture of materials for road-making. The report was unanimously adopted. After the transaction of other business of less importance the convention closed.

Hon. Franklin MacVeagh, candidate for United States Senator, and Hon. John J. Higgins, candidate for Congress, addressed a big Democratic meeting here. Both made able speeches, dealing principally with the tariff issue. Hon. J. N. Perrin was chairman of the meeting.

Edward Schetterer, charged with an attempt to assault a 12-year-old daughter of John C. Hoffman, his employer, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the penitentiary for eighteen months.

The Grand-jury indicted Frank Simmons for larceny and Michael Wuest, Frank Payeur, Fred Remolis, William Vondrie and Jos. Geppert for gambling. Indictments were also returned against thirty saloonkeepers of the county for selling liquor without license.

Marriage licenses were issued to Julius Murray and Dora Marshall of St. Louis, James Charlton of French Village and Catherine Germain of Stookey.

The Millstadt Milling Co., capital $28,000, filed articles of incorporation.

Miss Katie Ross of Quincy is here visiting her uncle, Dr. J. J. R. Patrick.

Prof. G. A. Neubert has been elected director of the Kronthal Liedertafel.

The Philharmonic Society will give a concert at Liederkranz Hall the 18th inst.

The Grand-jury adjourned after visiting the Jail and County Farm, both of which institutions were found to be in good condition.

Adolph Deobold has returned to Belleville after spending several years in the West.

Dr. Talbert Sneeds and family of Upper Alton are visiting in this county.

Fred Yaeger of East St. Louis, formerly of Belleville, visited friends here.

J. B. Reis obtained a permit for a brick dwelling on South Illinois street to cost $3,000.

The Grand-jury reindicted Henry D. Richeson of St. Louis for forgery. Richeson was indicted about a year ago on the charge of swindling the St. Louis Elevator Co. by forging grain receipts. The first indictments were imperfect and were quashed.

A SURGEON'S KNIFE

gives you a feeling of horror and dread. There is no longer necessity for its use in many diseases formerly regarded as incurable without cutting.

The Triumph of Conservative Surgery

is well illustrated by the fact that RUPTURE or Breach, is now radically cured without pain. Clumsy, chafing trusses can be thrown away. They never cure but often induce inflammation, strangulation and death. TUMORS Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations. PILE TUMORS, however large, Fistula and other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife. STONE in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting. STRICTURE of Urinary Passage is also removed without cutting in hundreds of cases. For pamphlet, references and all particulars, send 10 cents (in stamps) to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Mary E. Freeby
Long Beach, Cal.

Truly Marvellous

A Cure Seldom Equalled in Medical History.

All Other Treatment Failed—Hood's Sarsaparilla Cured.

"My wife sprained her ankle ten years ago. It apparently got well to all outward appearance, it being a little larger than the other ankle, but in a few months three sores broke out on her knee, her ankle and foot. They became

Large Running Ulcers

and the doctor could not do anything to help. I then took my wife to the hospital and the surgeons scraped all the flesh round the sores and said they would get well. They almost healed up, but soon two little specks came, one on each side of the first sore. The doctors said they would not amount to anything, but in a few days they turned out to be more ulcers, and in a short time they had eaten into the original sore and made a large wound. The surgeon next decided that an

Operation Must Be Performed.

My wife would not consent to this. I was about discouraged and decided to have her

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

try a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Besides giving her this medicine we bandaged her foot in steeped leaves and roots and continued this treatment for five months. At the end of that time she had taken eleven bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the sores were all healed and she is perfectly well. My wife is 52 years old and is in the best of health." JOSEPH C. FREEBY, Long Beach, California.

Postmaster Holman.

of Long Beach, Cal., says he knows Mr. Freeby to be a man of his word, and he believes his statement to be strictly true.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and carefully prepared from the best ingredients.

MORGAN DYING.

The Wounded Highwayman Cannot Survive Another Day.

The condition of Frank Morgan, the wounded highwayman who was shot by Saloonkeeper Sullivan in Baden last Tuesday night, was reported as being much worse at noon. City Hospital officials think he can hardly survive the next twenty-four hours, as blood poisoning has set in.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Found His Daughter and Let His Wife Go.

William Hughes of Olney, Ill., was deserted a week ago by his wife, who, when she left him, took with her their 11-year-old daughter and the most valuable of their household goods. Hughes learned that the woman had shipped the goods to East St. Louis, and he came here expecting to find his wife and daughter. He told his story to Chief of Police Walsh and an officer was detailed to accompany him to No. 521 Collinsville avenue, as Hughes claimed he had information that the goods had been consigned to that number. A visit to the place developed the fact that the woman and girl had not yet reached there, so Hughes returned to police headquarters for further advice. Chief Walsh directed him to make inquiries about the Relay Depot, and he did so. Arriving at the depot Hughes found his daughter there and immediately took possession of her. The girl stated that her mother had gone into the city and left her there with instructions to wait. Hughes said he cared nothing about his wife, but was satisfied with the recovery of his daughter. He departed for Olney with the girl on the next train for that place.

Mrs. Mary Redmonde of 731 Columbus avenue, New York, writes the East Side police for information about her husband, William Redmonde, said by her to be a jockey. According to her letter, she has been informed that her husband was recently killed in a railway wreck. Nothing is know in East St. Louis of any jockey by that name.

Mrs. Mary Dugan, who escaped from the County Jail, was arrested here and sent back to serve out the balance of her sentence for vagrancy.

Golden Rule Lodge, I. O. O. F., installed these officers: James Wilson, Noble Grand; John Miller, Vice-Grand; R. J. Studer, Warden; Duncan Winning, Conductor.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Jones of Ohio gave a euchre party.

The Minuet Club gave a reception at the Music Hall.

Thieves entered the tailor shop of H. Brinkman at 310 Broadway and stole two overcoats.

William Norwich, who had been in America only a short time, died at St. Mary's Hospital from injuries sustained at Newport, where he was struck by a locomotive. He was badly bruised about the head and shoulders but the injuries which caused his death were internal. Norwich was 47 years of age and had a family in Poland. He had recently been at work at Granite City as a laborer.

Other Thefts Alleged.

Will Moore, the negro arrested on suspicion of stealing shoes several days ago, is charged in a warrant with petit larceny.

Detectives Badger and Flynn, who made the arrest, claim to have evidence to show that Moore had been operating extensively in the shoe stealing line for two months past. It is expected that there will be at least six additional cases against him. John Bloecher, shoe dealer of 2131 Franklin avenue, swore out the first warrant. L. Uhler of 3357 Market is said to be one of the other victims. Moore is said to be an old offender.

Minor Police Mention.

Jake Moore, charged with stealing ten bushels of coal from a Missouri Pacific car in the yards east of the Jefferson avenue bridge, was locked up at the Fifth District Station by Officer Mike Burke.

A warrant was issued against Clarence Rector charging him with the larceny of a bicycle, valued at $135, belonging to J. B. McKibban of 2811 Clark avenue, on Aug. 30 last. A warrant charging burglary and larceny was previously issued against Rector.

Cornelius Bell and Charles Williams, both colored, the former aged 16 and the latter 17 years, were arrested by Officers Crowley and Gaffney of the Third District, charged with stealing five pairs of shoes from Finess Hyman's shoe store, 2806 Franklin avenue. A warrant charging them with petit larceny had been issued.

James Dougherty, Ed Fitzgibbons, Robert Wilson, Ed Conell, Sherman Lambert, Wm. Wilson, Eugene Harriman, arrested by the police last night, charged with begging, were fined $5 each by Judge Morris.

Well Dressed Men

are undoubtedly the observed of all observers; a well-dressed man commands respect in commercial life, admiration in social life, and is

WORSHIPPED BY WOMEN,

and what the ladies like in a man is beyond doubt the ideal of perfection. They admire art in attire, because it is natural to do so, and if a man is clad in garments like ours he is bound to attract favorable attention.

IN THE SUITS WE SELL

nothing in St. Louis out styles them, having the prestige of being made by Merchant Tailors of known artistic style and merit. They are sent to us to dispose of, regardless of cost. We have placed on sale an unsurpassed lot of those fashionable EXTRA LONG SINGLE or DOUBLE BREASTED SACK SUITS, and those elegant REGENT FROCK SUITS, as well as a lot of very swell OVERCOATS, being a shipment just received by express, at

$12 and $15,

Originally made to order for $35 and $45, and beyond question the most unequaled values offered the public this season.

A Call Will Convince You

Misfit Parlors,
808 OLIVE STR,
OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE
BET. 8TH & 9TH STRS.

Open till 10:30 p. m. Saturday.

Not in the Electric Combination.

14 LARGE DYNAMOS NOW RUNNING.
For Electric Light and Power, See
Guernsey & Scudder
BEFORE MAKING CONTRACTS WITH MONOPOLY.

Capacity and Business Greatly Increased. We now run Day and Night. 365 DAYS in the YEAR.
247 LUCAS AVENUE, Bet. 2d and 3d sts.
ST. LOUIS ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER CO.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria in-stead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

O'CONNOR'S SANITY.

Dr. Priest Still Has the Question Under Consideration.

Daniel O'Connor, who is charged with having stolen mail from the messenger boy of a morning paper, was examined by Chief Dispensary Physician Warren G. Priest for the purpose of ascertaining whether he is insane. O'Connor was arraigned for trial, but his manner of answering questions led United States District Attorney Clopton to believe that the man was insane and he requested Dr. Priest to make the examination. Attorney Clopton says that the United States authorities have a weak case against O'Connor, even if he is sane, but that he can be convicted under the State law. Dr. Priest will observe O'Connor closely for a few days before giving his decision on the fellow's insanity. O'Connor was sent back to jail.

Better than Puck or Judge—the colored cover of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Liquor House Burned.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 13.—This morning the wholesale liquor house of Mayor & Adler, adjoining the building of the *Daily Light* newspaper, burned, with damage of $2,000. Fireman saved the *Light* building and the remainder of the block. Insurance $1,000.

United States Court Notes.

Judge Priest overruled the motion for a new trial made by the Ætna Life Insurance Co., against which Mrs. Nancy L. Florida obtained judgment.

A decree by consent was entered for the complainant in the patent suit of the Gorham Manufacturing Co. against Byron and D. C. Nugent.

The suit of the Hargadine-McKittrick Co. against James Reynolds and Geo. W. Morgan on a $2,000 contract was began in the United States Court.

Stricken With Paralysis.

John Gato, who keeps a fruit stand at Third and Olive streets, was found lying on the sidewalk near his stand suffering from paralysis of the left leg and arm. He had received a paralytic stroke while at work. He was taken to his home at 14 North Third street.

Accused of Selling Policy Tickets.

John McWilliams was arrested at 818 South Fourth street by Detectives Scully and Kelly, charged with selling policy tickets. The police claim that the prisoner was running a coal and wood yard as a blind for the policy business. A warrant charging him with selling policy tickets was issued.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pine.

The weather to-day: Fair; cooler.

ST. LOUIS

TO-DAY the town of Flushing, Long Island, will celebrate the 250th anniversary of its foundation by the Dutch in 1644.

All Long Island will join in a monster jubilee which will continue three days and recall the memories of those early times of privation and Indian war. Fireworks, parades, and addresses by prominent Long Islanders will constitute the programme at the Soldiers Monument in Flushing Square.

A Notable Event in St. Louis is the enormous yearly sale of our justly celebrated

$1.90 Stiff and Soft Hats,

over 20,000 of them being sold so far in 1894. We have them in all the latest styles. Hatters' $3 quality, our price $1.90.

To-day you will find many new autumn styles among our $15, $18 and $25 Sack Suits and Overcoats, finely tailored and elegantly trimmed, as good as the best merchant tailor work and one-third cheaper.

The boys will want a new suit for Sunday. See our great lines Knee Pant Suits in all-wool Scotch Cheviots, double seat and knees, at $5. Open till 10 to-night.

HUMPHREY'S.
Don't forget our big sale of gents' Fine Handkerchiefs at 9c.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

PRICE FIVE CENTS. ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1894. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

WHEN WILL RIP VAN WINKLE OLNEY AWAKE?

ORIGINAL JOKES.

OFF AND OUT TOO.

"...t the great strike is off at last."
"...s, and so were the strikers."

...RTH ACCEPTING, ANYWAY.

... Potts—Rev. Dr. Thirdly has just ... call at $500 a year more salary.
... Potts—I should think that was ... like a "raise."

SQUARING THE CIRCLE.

"...w can I repay your kindness to ... here?"
"... well, when I come to town you ...ake me the rounds and we'll call it ...."

FICKLE FASHION.

... Wabash—I understand dark hair ...ain considered the proper thing.
... Weeds—That's just my luck.
... Wabash—What?
... Weeds—I've just married my ...h blond.

NEIGHBORLY.

...t Field—My wife has had a call ... nearly every lady in Hensonburst, ...ve been there only a fortnight.
...rison Essex—Oh, yes; I believe you ...me before that you bought all new ...ture.

TAKING CHANCES.

... Dogood—You're not afraid of that ...eh? Suppose I call a policeman?
...ty Rhodes—I wouldn't do that, ...n; you might have to pay him $5 ...ot having the dog muzzled.

DEPENDS.

...ckille—Is it very hard to become a ... officer?
...poole—Well, some gives up the price ...an' some don't.

KEPT HIS PROMISE.

... promised to buy me a bonnie blue ...ribbon!"
... caroled the maid all the morn.
... bought it. Then kept her up busily ... thumping
... typewriter till early dawn.

DIFFICULT CALCULATION.

...tor—You say you are sentenced ... for life. Does not the future seem ...ctly hopeless to you?
...victed—It did; but me friends is tryin' ...t me sentence redooced one-half.

WELL HEELED.

...ish Tourist—Do you have many re... at these Western elections?
...k-Drop Dan—Wal, no, not many ...Winchesters; but we all have re...rs.

NOT BUYING.

..."Urchaser—When the store is ... like this you must sell an ...?
...k—No, ma'am, not much. Most of ... people are simply shopping.

NO PROSPECTS.

...tisticus—Immigration seems to have ... off to a wonderful extent lately.
...ticus—Yes. The news of the down... of Tammany has even got as far as ...ad.

NOT LIKE HIM.

...ncer—Somebody told me that Rus... sage spent half an hour looking for ...t he dropped the other day.
...guson—I don't believe that story.
...ncer—Why not?
...guson—I don't believe he ever ...ed a cent.

A BURGLARY.

...—Pills, the druggist, tells me that ...ars entered his store the other ... and stole $15 worth of perfume.
...ad, wasn't it?
...y—I should say so. Have they put ...tectives on the scent?

AN ARTISTIC TOUCH.

...s—There is a certain touch about ...er that I like.
...les (who has loaned Dauber money) ... there is a certain touch about him ... don't like.

THE RESULT.

... Povvynu—Yahs, we are having our ...logy traced up now.
...ason—Your blood be on your own ...then!

HIS BOAST.

...ra—While Jack was calling the ... evening he made the statement

UNCLE SILAS'S BAD BREAK;

Or, the Brilliant Idea Which Didn't Work the Way He Expected.

Police Captain—What's your name?
Uncle Silas—I'm Silas Gimlet, of ther Perlice Investigating Commit—

And this is what he thought would happen—

But he was mistaken.

THOUGHT HE HAD 'EM.

I.

II.

THE RULING PASSION.

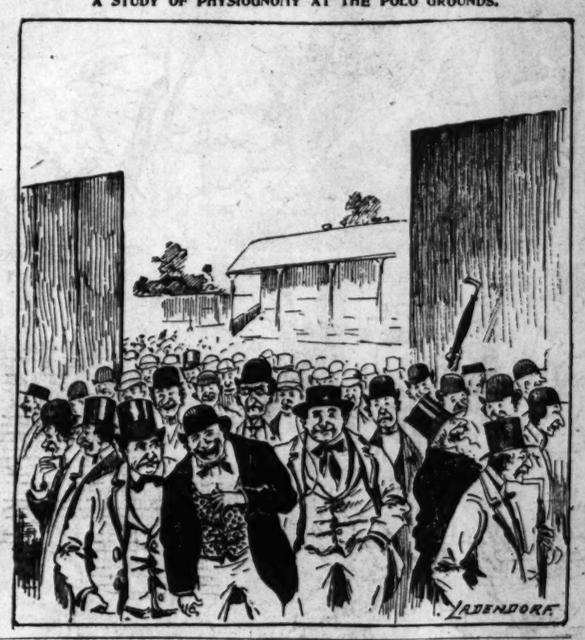
Why do the pretty bicyclists still hold up their bloomers as if they were skirts?

PECULIARITIES OF HUMAN NATURE.

Why do some people always close the door after them when the thermometer registers 95 in the shade—

And forget to close it when it is below zero?

A STUDY OF PHYSIOGNOMY AT THE POLO GROUNDS.



that he would kiss me or die in the attempt.

Belle—Yes? (After a pause) Well, did he kiss you?

Laura—You haven't read any account of Jack's death in the papers, have you?

WHAT LIVES.

Johnnie—When I die, mamma, do I die all over?

Mamma—All except one thing, Johnnie. But you ought to know what that is.

Johnnie (brightly)—Oh, of course. It must be my liver that lives.

IN DOUBT.

Sympathizer—My dear, I hear that your husband is dead.

Sympathizer (weeping)—Yes, he has left for parts unknown.

A LITERARY LIGHT.

Hills—Who was that you just bowed to?

Hulls—Why, that's Jenks, the great fiction writer.

Hills—Never heard of him. What has he written?

Hulls—Testimonials for patent medicines.

What Dreams May Come.

Thanksgiving Day is almost here.
The small boy fairly crows
To think of all the things to eat
That he will soon inclose.

He dreams about the turkey big
And eke the hot mince pie,
And other things that will within
His little stomach lie.

But when beneath his little vest
Those goodly things have sped
And he bids Pa and Ma good-night
And trundles off to bed,

Oh, what a difference there will be,
And likewise what a row;
For then he'll have some other dreams
He does not dream of now.

OUT OF REPAIR.

Miss Beacon—How did you find the scenery along the Rhine?

Miss Bacon—Horrid; it seemed to be all in ruins!

TOOK THE TRACES WITH HIM.

Sandford—Did you ever find your runaway horse?

Merton—No, never got a clue to him; he left no trace benind him.

FAREWELL FOREVER.

He—I am going out West and I am not coming back until I have succeeded in earning my own living.

She—Then I shall say good-by, not au revoir.

BRINGING HER AROUND.

I asked her if she'd be my wife,
She musmured, "No such thing!"
Then added quick "You bet your life,"
For I let her see the ring.

STEADY PLAY.

He morn and eve at Monte Carlo played,
And yet he'd never lose but always win,
Though in the end he ne'er a fortune made;
'Twas in a band he played the violin.

The Last Walk in Autumn.

An unpretentious quiet soul,
A modest man am I,
Retiring as the dew at noon,
Reserved, withdrawn and shy;
But yet when I went forth to-day
From out my humble door
The people gazed as if they'd seen
No man like me before.

"Why?" asked I, "round a man like me
Doth pour the teeming city?
Am I elected city clerk
Or on the school committee?"
A fire breaks out, the engines toot
And loudly thunder by,
But still concentred full on me
Is focussed every eye.

Yet ever denser grew the crowd
And surged, a rolling mass,
And packed so closely about me that
I found it hard to pass.
"Who think they that I am?" thought I,
"Some personage, 'tis plain,
Cleveland, or Harrison, or Reed,
Or great George Francis Train."

But still the crowd about me there
Compressed my ample girth.
"These people think I am," thought I,
"The greatest show on earth."
Just then there rose a youngster's voice
Above the general din:
"Say, sir, the time is up for you
To call that straw hat in."

REVERSED

The while they were wooing she sat on his lap,
And he thought it delightful and clever;
They've been married a year and, alas, the mishap!
She sits on him now more than ever.

A PERTINENT HINT.

President Screw (to applicant for position in his collection agency)—We have some pretty tough customers to deal with. We want a man who can bulldose them and make them pay up.

Applicant—That's all right. I am just the man you are looking for.

President Screw—What experience have you had as a collector?

Applicant—Well, I was a police captain and—

President Screw—That will do. You are engaged. Name your salary.

Golf to the Front.

Have you joined the Golf Club yet—
You who would be of that set
Which includes the cream of Gotham's
sons and daughters?
Where the swells of high degrees
May be swagger as they please
Without troubling with a trip across the waters.
Where the Highland caddie blinks
On the jolly golfing links,
And you pay for things in sterling pounds and pence;
Where you chat in Cockney slang
And discard your Yankee twang
As a thing of most unpardonable offense.
Where you bruise your shins with sticks
And look happy cutting tricks
In a sporting coat just like the Prince of Wales';
And when done, with lofty lugs,
Pass around the pewter mugs,
Telling each his fill of ghostly Scottish tales.
Yes, 'tis just the place for you
If you're of that favored few
Who don't mind a thousand dollars every day
To be British like a blood;
But if not your name is "Mud,"
And the best thing you can do is stay away.

PROPER AND NOT PROFANE.

Sandford—What would you do if you found your wife in tears every time you arrived home late?

Merton—I should quietly ask her to dam her eyes.

A Man Without a Show.

He said if he'd had a fair opportunity he'd have made a sensation in any community, and the great name of John Alexander McCrary would have echoed o'er mountain and ocean and prairie, with all the reverberant thunder of fame.

If he'd not been cornered by rough circumstances, he'd have shown us a man like we see in romances for fate had sent him a superior shipment of spiritual, moral and mental equipment, sufficient to gain the whole planet's acclaim.

If he hadn't been rubbed out by fate's merciless friction he'd have shown us a man like we read of in fiction, a man of unquestioned superb intuition, an Amalek giant of great erudition, the best product ground out by the gods' roaring mills.

For his head was a great intellectual hummock; but it took all his time to attend to his stomach. Fate might sing of him in her mightiest carol, if he didn't have to pay for his wearing apparel, and work all the time just to pay up his bills.

But though he made all of these mighty pretenses he was hampered, you see, by his laundry expenses. In the grain fields of fame he had been a strong reaper, were it not for his low, sordid boarding-house keeper, who for very coarse viands demanded large pay.

His clothier felt not his great genius resplendent, his tailor felt not his wide talents transcendent, his furnisher made no alarming deduction for his large and phenomenal cranial construction, and, like plain men, he paid for his three meals a day.

The Baffled Creditor.

The debtor told him tales of gleeful mirth,
Side-splitting jokes and laugh-compelling jests,
Old jokes that from the earliest times on earth
Had split the buttons from ten thousand vests;
Jokes that had made the patriarchs collapse
In roars of laughter heard for miles away—
But still he stood, unsmiling on his taps,
And all he said was this: "I want my pay."

He told him thrilling tales of field and flood,
Bear, snake, whale, catamount and tiger tales,
Of continents of slain and seas of blood,
Of ramping lions, ocean-sundering whales;
Of hair-breadth 'scapes from cliff and precipice,
From battle's deadly and tumultuous fray,
From bursting bombs and similar things to this,
But all he said was this: "I want my pay."

Then on predestination and free will,
On fate and on foreknowledge absolute,
He argued, and he kept on arguing still
Until green-apples grew to ripened fruit.
He talked on protoplasm, nebulae,
The nebular hypothesis, the way
The world and universe began to be.
The debtor only said: "I want my pay."

He talked of science weighing star and sun,
Piercing the planet's adamantine base;
He told of feats by modern progress won,
The grand achievements of these modern days;
The phonograph, the strange kinetoscope,
The Keely motor and the great array
Of things now done, or things we soon may hope,
But all he said was this: "I want my pay."

And then he told of poetry and song,
Of art that tames our savagry of soul,
Of music's influence so sweet and strong
That it can all our being's power control.
And then he sang a verse of "Sweet Marie,"
The debtor's face grew pale and ashy gray,
And then he turned and wildly did he flee—
He turned and fled and asked no more for pay.

VANISHED TREASURE.

"Full many a gem of purest ray serene"
Lies 'neath the ocean's weltering waters blue;
And at the pawnshops, hidden and unseen,
Jewels galore—in soak—are lying, too!

...R. NYE AND ...HIS PHYSIQUE.

...rable Revelations ...e to an Insur...ance Man.

...SADVENTURE WITH CIDER.

Reminiscences from Mr. Nye's ...unting Experiences—Settling the New South.

...ht, 1894, by Edgar W. Nye.)
... Arden, N. C., Fall of 1894.
... locked horns with a large ... company, and the olive ... is still about two feet ...h. It was only by acci... discovered this point of dif... between the insurance company ... during my lifetime, for gen... things are reserved for a free-for-all posthumous fight, which results in woe to the widow and a wine supper for the general officers of the company.

I was examined three years ago at the general office of the Mutual Endowment Widows and Orphans' Dream of Wealth Insurance Association, in New York, and quite a number of extremely personal questions were asked by a handsomely dressed physician, who only partially concealed his scorn when he noticed that at the elbow of my red medicated flannels a September twilight on the French Broad River had been worked with lemon-colored Germantown wool.

He asked if pimples had ever shown themselves on my grandfather's side. I said no, which was true, although I was careful not to say that he had a rising once at the base of the clavicle. I considered that fair, as I was there to answer questions and not to volunteer information.

Drawing me out still further, he chatted on about hay fever, asthma, rose fever, roseola, dandelion fever, golden-rod asthma, shortness of breath during the haying season and nausea in the harvest field, with feeling of revulsion at the thought of work. I passed, with some difficulty, on these questions.

I remember that he smiled a cold, hard, tutti frutti ice-cream smile and asked me to remove the rest of my clothing, as it would be necessary to percuss my chest.

He also gave me a little auscultation to see if the swallows had been nesting in my broncho tubes, as I understood him. He asked me some more things about my parents. They would have enjoyed it if they had known what an interest New York people took in them. Perhaps we will all take a week off some time and drive in. We never thought that people in New York felt that way towards us.

Then the man betrayed some anxiety regarding insanity, calculus, suicide, shingles, ringing in the ears, acidty of the stomach, thrush, St. Vitus's dance and other social features in our home

AT THE INSURANCE EXAMINER'S.

life. I told him that there had not been any maniacs in our family lately, but cranks had married into the family from time to time in spite of all we could do.

"Are you a habitual drunkard, or have you ever been such?"

This question I answered in a guarded way, yet truthfully. Once I was invited to visit a neighbor about eleven years ago to try some doughnuts and cider made on the place.

I now look back upon that evening with shame and sorrow.

Little did I dream then that I would have to say anything about it in after years in order to get my life insured.

The cider was made of Siberian crab apples and placed in a brandy cask which was not thoroughly renovated. Some two or three quarts of the brandy had been allowed to remain in it, and then the weather turned in to be cold, freezing the cider solid, leaving in the centre a dose of distilled spirits of a peculiarly restless and felonious nature. I remember driving home in the crisp, frosty moonlight, but I did not unharness the horses until the following day. I had no hostler at that time and used to do a great deal of stable work in order to keep well and strong. My physician advised me to do it, and so did my banker.

In the morning the horses looked at me reproachfully while trying to eat part of a partition that had been built between them. This was difficult, especially with curb bits in their mouths.

The following day a special providence brought on a merciful snowstorm, which wiped out the tracks I made on that memorable night.

It was the first time I had ever been an habitual drunkard, and I was sorry for it. But I have never been in the habit of passing my time at a gilded hell playing cards and gambling or drinking.

Of course I have been a great social favorite, and that has naturally brought temptation with it, and I have been repeatedly an honored guest at the banquet hall, where the victuals cost the price of a good colt. At these banquets wine has often flowed freely, but I soon learned that there would be no offense if I did not keep my glass drained. So I consider myself what is called by the agents "a good risk."

I have never had hepatic or nephritic colic but once, and that was when I attended a clambake at Long Branch and ate the founders of the clam family of the western hemisphere by mistake. I have had painters' colic once while studying art in Venice, but farm life has entirely overcome that since I have given up painting.

Question No. 22.—Are you deaf, dumb, blind or in any way crippled for life?

Answer.—No, not perceptibly.

Question No. 24.—Did you ever apply for or receive a pension?

Answer.—No; I was not wounded in the discharge of duty; was also in Siberia during the war.

Have never spit blood or attempted suicide; parents were none of them executed by law; do not experience dizziness on getting up early in the morning and do not have fits.

I was asked age of grandparents, if living, and answered that, if living, maternal grandparents would be respectively 120 and 114; paternal grandparents, 118 and 112.

Now the company is trying to crawl out of the policy on the ground that my grandparents were not living at all. I did not pretend that they were living. I said, that, if living, they would be those ages. I hate a corporation that wants to back out after it has made a fair and square trade that way.

Is it not disgraceful, after asking me all about my private affairs and personal habits, things that I never have told any one, no, not even my dearest friend on earth, that an insurance company, claiming to stand with a large umbrella spread so as to keep off the storms of adversity from the helpless heads of widows and orphans, should seek to crawl out of so small a hole as that?

I assured that the life insurance company was my friend loyal and true—as Col. Coxe says, a friend in court who would come upon the witness stand, and, through loyal testimony, make the Bible crack like a new saddle.

STUDYING ART IN VENICE.

Our neighborhood is talking some again of soon opening the fox-hunting season, and I am having my paraphernalia rigged up ready for the exercises. Yesterday I sent my fox into Asheville, where I placed him under the care of a competent chiropodist. He will be in good order for the fray.

Some years ago a drag hunt was arranged here which was quite exciting. Aniseed oil was used, and the scent was as easy to follow as a pair of waterproof, porpoise-hide shoes dressed with fish oil, which I wore last season.

The hunt was arranged by request to take place not far from Calvary Church, and the drag was pulled twice around the edifice in an unguarded moment, so that considerable confusion was occasioned when the pack came up in full cry, there being week-day services on that day.

The rector was in the midst of the services, and an elderly gentleman in the pew behind mine had his ear to the ground as the first deep and distant baying of the hounds came mournfully through the solemn air. He had hunted the fox before the disagreeable war, and he rose to look out of the window. A tall hunter attached to a buggy gave a wild snort outside and looked keenly across the valley.

The choir fidgeted some, and the rector skipped one of the commandments. When the pack jumped the hedge at the churchyard, the organist, a beautiful English girl, was in the midst of the "Te Deum." It was a very trying time, and half the horses hitched to the fence broke loose to join the hunt.

The senior warden went out to see about his horses and was followed by the choir. Of course the pack went twice around the church in full cry and was followed by four teams. The congregation went out to look after the teams, and the general enthusiasm reminded me of a service I attended once at a small town on the Mississippi when the first steamboat came up the river in the spring with a steam calliope and Dan Rice's circus on board. As the calliope burst forth gladly with a fantasie entitled "Captain Jinks," and the king of beasts let off a roar that shook the whole country, followed by the pleasing squeal of the Australian bird show, the services were concluded hurriedly, and it is an honest statement of the facts that the pastor was the first one at the levee to greet the baby elephant and help him ashore with his trunk.

I will close this by inserting a letter kindly loaned me by an agent of the Charleston, Columbia and Augusta Railroad, showing that life even at a small station during the cotton shipping season is full of "exsightment." I have taken the liberty to alter the names only. The rest of the letter is verbatim spellatim:

(Copy.)
Charlotta, Columbia and Augusta Railroad,
Chester Station, Dec. 30.

Colonel Bliss Drew, Esq., C. A.:

Dear Sir—The day I received this cotton from the C. & L. Read my wife had twins and in the exsightment and blustering ground this bale got into another lot of cotton marked A. S. H. H. and the same night my watchman's wife had twins, and next morning my billing clerk's wife had quite one, and all our motherinlaws was among us, and when we got done working with the children I could not find the bale of cotton to save my life. I hope we will not have another storm of children any more during the cotton season. Please tell Mr. Wooley not to be too hard on us, death of my children was grits and I am afraid I am going to have hard time supporting them. Tell him to take the bale of Cotton, the price will go up in a few days, and he will make some money on it, but don't send it back this way any more, yours &c.

GEORGE PARENT, Agent.

I print the above to show that the "new south" is rapidly settling up with American citizens.

Bill Nye.

SQUEEZED DRY!

(From Judge.)

(Copyright, 1894, by Judge Publishing Company.)

CROKER—"Next!"

THE CHANGE OF THE SEASONS.

(From Judge.)

(Copyright, 1894, by Judge Publishing Company.)

ACTOR AND FOOTBALL CRANK—"Stand aside—make way for us!"

KILLING THE TURKEY

(From Judge.)

(Copyright, 1894, by Judge Publishing Co

"Now, den, ho dat tu
I—

—biff 'im."

"Whad yo' mean, yo' fool ni
tin' yo' haid right under dat
axe an' sp'ilin' it dat way."

MUTUALLY TIMELY.

(Copyright, 1894, Keppler & Schwarzmann, inc.)

SHIPWRECKED SAILOR—Dash my topsels!—here I've had the good luck to git ashore, only to be cruelly murdered by that there savage yonder—it's all up with poor Bill Hawser!

THE SAVAGE—Oh, I'm so glad to meet you!—come right along with me. We're having a church fair, and I need just one more vote to make me the most popular girl on the island!

RACING TERMS.

(From Life.)

A NECK AND A HALF A HEAD.

OLD LADY—Little boy, did you see anything of a snow-white cat?

LITTLE BOY—Yes. She fell into a barrel of black paint down the street; but I fixed her all right.

OLD LADY—Oh, you good little boy! What did you do?

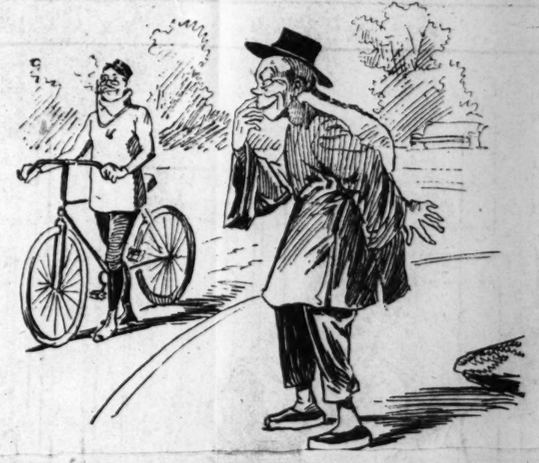
LITTLE BOY—I throwed her in a barrel of whitewash.

REPAIRED.

(Copyright, 1894, by Keppler & Schwarzmann, Inc.)

COMING TO IT.

(Copyright, 1894, by Kepp ler & Schwarzmann, Inc.)



CELESTIAL (as he sees bicyclist with sweater on)—Melican man comee round to Chinee style. Wearee shirt allee same outside, like Chinaman.

A MYSTERY

(From Brooklyn Life.)

Frouzy Fred—Wot's de ma
Yer lookin' blue.

Bibulous Bill—I feels blue.
feels blue. A doctor told m
day dat I had water on de
been a tryin' ter tink ever s
got dere.

NOT THE SORT OF "BONES" HE WAS AFTER.

(From Judge.)

JEM CRIBCRACKS (disgustedly)—"Private, eh? Dat soun's good after crackin' an empty safe. P'raps dat's w'are de doc. hides his loose—

(Copyright, 1894, by Judge Publishing Company.)

—bones." !——!!——!!

!——!!——!!! Crash!

THOSE "TOOTH-PICK" SHOES AS LIFE-PRESERVERS.

(From Judge.)

(Copyright, 1894, by Judge Publishing Company.)

A tale of to-day.

FORCE OF HABIT.

Evangeline's Calm Response to the Pleading Voice of Her Mother.

(From the Chicago Record.)

CHAPTER I.

Evangeline O'Glary came home from the ball wearied and distrait. Prior to the ball she had been working all day in the telephone office. Despite the fatigue and weariness which crushed her, however, she felt it would be impossible to sleep with the memory of Archibald Rooney's manly voice ringing in her ears. She had been beautiful that night, she knew, but Archibald had been cold and distant, save for one word of formal greeting in his resonant, baritone tones. Restlessly she thought it over while tossing sadly upon her couch and gazing through the damask curtains out upon the pallid, gibbous moon.

"He loves another!" she murmured in an ecstasy of pain. "Even though I have ever discriminated in his favor when any one calls up central for his number."

CHAPTER II.

Worn out with fatigue and sorrow and heedless of the fact that she must be at the downtown telephone exchange at 8 in the morning, Evangeline did not fall asleep until the onyx and ovoid ormulu clock on the mantel told the hour of 3.

Then she slept.

CHAPTER III.

"Evangeline! Evangeline!"

It was her mother's voice calling her in the morning.

"Evangeline!—Get up! You told me to call you up at 7 and it's 7.30!"

Evangeline turned uneasily in her slumber. The spoken number had dimly reached the innermost recesses of her brain.

Her ripe lips moved.

"Busy now," she murmured mechanically. "Call 'em up again!"

It Worked.

(From the Detroit Free Press.)

A lady living on Cass avenue heard a knock at the side door, and opened it. A tramp stood there who doffed his cap.

"Sweet lady," he began, when she sternly interrupted him.

"How dare you address me in that manner?"

"I humbly beg your pardon," he said; "it was all owing to a habit I have acquired of speaking my thoughts aloud."

He got two kinds of pie and some doughnuts.

He Forgot Himself.

(From Judge.)

When the new boarder came in to dinner it was rather late. Only one or two were at the table besides the landlady. He spoke to no one until the waiter laid a plate of meat before him, and then he burst out:

"Great Scott! Do you call this a dinner fit for a civilized man? Why on earth don't you get some victuals fit to eat? What do you call this carrion here"—

He did not finish his question, for as his eye swept up to the head of the table he caught the landlady's stern glance, and she interrupted him with anger in her tones.

"What do you mean, sir, by such questions? I'd have you know that I am not accustomed to hear such uncalled-for criticism of my table, and I won't have it. If you don't like the food, and if you can't behave yourself, you can hunt another boarding-place and do it right away."

The complainer quailed under this rebuke and replied submissively:

"I beg your pardon, ma'am. Indeed I do. I forgot for the moment that I was away from home and thought I was talking to my wife. It sha'n't occur again."

Trouble Ahead.

(From the Chicago Tribune.)

The Rev. Dr. Fourthly, accompanied by Mrs. Fourthly, was making a pastoral call at the Shackelford dwelling, and had unconsciously prolonged his stay until the afternoon sun was low in the sky and Tommy Shackelford had begun to grow hungry.

Burning with righteous indignation and moved by a strong sense of personal ill-treatment, Tommy strode into the parlor.

"Maw," he said, in a high-pitched voice, "you'd better get a gait on you. If paw comes home and finds supper ain't ready again he'll raise the darndest row ever you went anywhere!"

A Place Misnamed.

(From Judge.)

Miss Giddey—Talmage says there are hardly any men in heaven.

Miss Flypp—Then how did it come to be named heaven?

A Matter of Observation.

(From Life.)

Mike (beating the carpet)—What's that spot there that's so worn?

[illegible] have been just in

A WARM WELCOME.

The Senator's Saccharine Pleasantry Fell Upon Appreciative Ears.

(From the Detroit Free Press.)

His satanic majesty was standing by an open fire when a late arrival was announced.

"Ah, Senator," he said, when the visitor was ushered in, "glad to see you, I am sure."

"Thanks," replied the Senator, "I was sure that I would receive a warm welcome."

"And why, pray?" inquired the devil, arching his eyebrows.

"Because so hospitable a host, so entertaining a gentleman, so attractive a personage could not do otherwise than receive a visitor with cordiality," responded the Senator, with a low bow.

His satanic majesty slapped the Senator on the back.

"Aw, Senator," he said familiarly, "come off; you are giving me taffy?"

"And why not?" asked the Senator.

H. S. M. became thoughtful.

"That's so; that's so," he half soliloquised. "I had forgotten the result of subjecting sugar to a strong heat."

Thereupon the two shook hands.

In No Need of Pie.

(From the Washington Star.)

"Madam," said Meandering Mike, when, in response to his request for food, she offered him pie, "do ye remember a year ago when ye gave a sufferin' feller-creature a pie?"

"I believe so."

"Madam, I'm that man."

"Was it good?"

"Good! It saved my life. There was an unfeelin' farmer that fired a box of tacks right fur my heart at short range. I hed yer pie buttoned up inside my vest, an' here it is—full o' tacks, es ye kin see fur yerself. It ain't near wore out, an' I won't need another ter take its place fur a year yet."

An Intelligent Animal.

(From Life.)

"What is the matter with that mule?" asked a man who was standing on the bank of the canal. "He doesn't seem to be of any account whatever."

"He's all right," repliedthe boatman. "The fault's with me. Ye see, mister, he understands every word ye say to him."

"He doesn't pay much attention to what you say."

"That's what shows his intelligence. I've jist joined church, an' he thinks I'm a stranger."

The Intelligent Voter.

(From Puck.)

His great responsibility would keep him up o' nights,
And when he went to bed he lay and pondered
"woman's rights;"
Drank deeply at the Sunset Club of essays on reform,
Heard labor orators exhort of "the impending storm;"
He elbowed with the Socialists and studied up their scheme,
Read Bellamy's "Grand Army" plan in his ingenious dream;
Professor Bryce's "Commonwealth" and Cozey's "Commonweal"
Were added to the common stock in his uncommon seal.
In Populistic politics he scrutinized each plank,
He knew so much of Henry George, he spoke of him as "Hank;"
He gleaned the economic field from Ely back to Smith,
From pamphlets on the currency he excavated pith;
The tariff he declaimed so much it cost him many a friend,
Yet he was sure the cruel means were sanctioned by the end.
And when he came to vote, he said: "I know what I'm about!"
But he got his little crisscross wrong, and then threw his ballot out.

Over the Bridge.

(From Judge.)

Over the bridge, over the bridge,
A hundred thousand strong,
Over the bridge at sunset time
The weary toilers throng.
Their hapless fate is sad to relate,
Their faces wear a frown,
They're off for the slowest town in the State,
They're off for Trollevtown.
Over the bridge, over the bridge,
Pity each luckless wight!
Over the bridge where lights are out
At 10 o'clock at night.
Where life has fled, where all is dead,
And streets are drear and still,
Where 10 P. M. finds all in bed,
Just over in Trolleyville.
Over the bridge, over the bridge,
Time will break their chains.
Over the bridge while life exists
The star of hope remains
At sunrise, when these luckless men
Arise, they'll wear no frown,
For each one, then, may crow again
And come to Gotham town.

Not a Failure.

(From the Richmond Dispatch.)

"Is marriage a failure?" the preacher exclaimed,
Repeating the query a layman had framed,
To puzzle morality scholars.
"Far from it," he added; "it's quite t'other way,
I married a couple last night, and to-day
I am richer by twenty-five dollars."

A Freeze-Out.

(From Puck.)

The beauteous girl on whom I dote
So much ice-cream has chosen
To put adown her lily throat,
Her heart, alas! she's frozen.

Insufficiently Prepared.

(From the Detroit Tribune.)

Dipping his golden pen into his crystal inkstand, the dramatic critic wrote thus:

"The chief interest, of course, centred in the debut of Miss De Whoop as Ophelia. Miss De Whoop has a magnificent presence, good voice and fine appreciation of her lines, but she is obviously handicapped in that she was only charged with cruelty and inhuman treatment. She was quite unable to hold the interest of the large and cultured audience last night and did not receive a single curtain call.

"The friends of Miss De Whoop comfort themselves with the reflection that she is still young and will undoubtedly develop."

The Soul That Marched On.

(From the Boston Herald.)

"Bridget," said the chief of the island of Zigi to his dusky wife, "I've had the most awful pain under my belt since dinner. Who was that missionary that we had for dessert?"

"I don't know, sir," replied his faithful helpmeet, "but I guess he was a prohibitionist. We found some temperance tracts in his pockets."

"Great guns! Is that so?" exclaimed the chief. "I wish you'd be more careful about using that brandy sauce."

A Firm Believer.

(From the Indianapolis Journal.)

"The Bible, if I remember right," said Mr. Hungry Higgins, "says that six days a man shalt labor and do all his work."

"Guess you are right," assented Mr. Weary Watkins, wondering what was coming next.

"Well, I allow that I have done as much as six days' work in my life, and if I don't read the text wrong that is all the work a man is permitted to do. It says 'do all thy work,' don't it?"

Timely and Safe.

(From Judge.)

Agent—I have some new mottoes, ma'am, that are selling fast.

Woman—I have all the mottoes I want.

Agent—Here's one for the dining-room —"Look out for the vermiform appendix" —very appropriate for the grape season.

Woman—I'll take one of those, young man.

Not Impressed.

(From the Washington Star.)

"How did Ohlimer like the act of the lion tamer?" asked the circus proprietor.

"He was bored to death. You see, he used to be the manager of an opera company with three prima donnas in it."

CUPID DEFIED.

Little Zeke's Happy Thought for the Protection of Sister Jane.

(From Judge.)

"The spirit of invention is like the measles," observed Mrs. Marrowfat; "it attacks most people while they're young. There's my son Zeke. It was only the other day that I caught him working out a most extraordinary crotchet.

"'What are you doing there?' I asked as I came upon him quite unawares.

"'Don't bother me now, mommer,' says he, 'I'm making something for sister Jane. She's got so many beaux she needs it.'

"'What do you call it, Zeke?'

"'I ain't got no name for it yet, but I guess I'll call it the anti-Cupid bullet-proof corset.'"

And Mrs. Marrowfat looked as only a woman can look who is the mother of a genius.

A Definition Needed.

(From the Detroit Free Press.)

One day as I drove along a pleasant Kentucky road, I came to a farmhouse, and noticing an old-time well-sweep in the yard, it occurred to me that it would be nice to get a drink there, so I stopped and spoke to a man at the gate.

"Can I get a drink here?" I asked, with a longing look towards the well.

"Sorry, mister," responded the Kentuckian, "but there ain't a drop in the place; and I was gittin' pretty dry myself."

"Isn't there any water in the well?" I repeated.

"Oh, yes; of course," he blurted out as he hustled off for the gourd; "I didn't know you wanted water; I thought you wanted a drink."

The Lady and the Trolley.

(From the Boston Budget.)

It was a Cambridge car, and it had stopped just in front of Beck Hall. Mrs. Casey, who sat near the front door, tackled her bundle of washing and started to leave by the front platform. The bundle was rather large and decidedly awkward to handle, and when she reached the street it slipped from her grasp and fell upon one of the tracks.

She started quickly to recover it, but a sudden apprehension seized her and she stopped. Looking at the motorman, she said, doubtfully: "If Oi put me fut on the track will Oi hov a shock?"

"No, madam," replied the motorman, gravely, "not unless you put your other foot on the trolley wire."

His Summer Outing.

(From the Detroit Free Press.)

One of those hard-working newspaper men who put in about twenty-four hours a day in the effort to supply themselves and family with edulious matter was sitting at his desk the other afternoon looking as fresh and sweet as a daisy, when a friend dropped in on him.

"My!" exclaimed the visitor, "you look good enough to eat."

"I do eat," responded the worker in a tone of veneration for the antiquity of his harmless little joke.

The visitor laughed just because he was feeling good.

"Haven't you been away some place this summer?" he asked.

"Oh, yes, I went away in June and returned in July."

"Ah, where did you go?"

"I visited a foreign shore."

"Is that so? No wonder you are looking well. Did you have a good time? But of course you did; you look it."

"Had a fine time, but it was too soon over."

"Where did you go?"

"I left Detroit at 7.30 P. M., June 30, went over to Canada in a rowboat and came away at five minutes after midnight July 1."

"Rats!" ejaculated the visitor, and asked the traveller to go out and have a seltzer lemonade with him.

Boarding-House Life.

(From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.)

New Boarder—I hope you have a bell in the morning?

Mrs. Hasher—No, I don't.

New Boarder—Well, I'm not sure I'll waken without being called.

Mrs. Hasher—Well, you'll feel differently when you hear two parrots, a baby and three dogs all making themselves heard at once.

End of the War.

(From the Indianapolis Journal.)

The war was over. The victorious Japanese troops marched proudly through the streets of Pekin. Li Hung Chang, "the Bismarck of the East," sat alone in his palace, wrapped in thought.

Just simply wrapped in thought. That was all.

The American Way.

(From Puck.)

Mrs. Smythe—Prof. Walker explained that polyandry simply means that in some countries when a woman marries a man she really marries his whole family.

Smythe—How different from America! Here it is the man who is the victim!

Just the Thing.

(From Judge.)

First Friend (of intending h
—Well, we'll have to give th
ent. What will it be and
shall we spend?

Second Friend—I don't kno
as deep as you.

First Friend—Let's send
that will make a big show for

Second Friend—All right.
matter with a load of hay.

On a Chinese Man of W

(From Life.)

Lieutenant—Your most no
jacketness, the Japanese shi
proaching.

His Greenjacketness—Then
non at the dogs.

Lieutenant — But, Your G
ness, they are still so far
ball will only go half way.

His Greenjacketness—Tha
cannons at the dogs.

The Smart Boy.

(From the Washington
"What are you doing, F
the painfully smart boy's u
"Drawin' pictures on my
"What is this supposed to
"A locomotive."
"But why don't you draw
"Why—er—the locomotive
cars."

No Room for Him

(From Puck.)

"Ah!" muttered the sk
closet, as it listened to the
at the breakfast table; "
into a flat, eh? That"—

"——" means the coal-ho
shaft for yours truly."

Maternal Devotion

(From the Chicago
"Tommy Wing's mamma
and kind to him."

Mamma—What has she
thoughtful?

"Let him have measle
day school began."

His Own

(Fro

Filkins—Strange
a matrimonial age
should know bett
liable to prosecution

Wilkins—So I tol
was, "Business is b

1

...MIND IMPERIAL SERENE POTENTATE, FINISHING DUBBS INITIATION INTO THE "ORDER of EXALTED RULERS AND NOBLE!
...THIS SECRET SIGN YOU WILL RECOGNIZE A FELLOW MEMBER IN DISTRESS, GIVE HIM INSTANT HELP."

NEXT MORNING - THE POTENTATE'S SIGNAL 2.

3.

IN THE HANDS OF THE ARCH-DIGNITARY

4

HE ENCOUNTERS BOTH THE ILLUSTRIOUS COMMANDER AND THE EXALTED MARSHAL

5

APPALLING MEETING WITH THE RULING PROTECTOR

6

THE LAST BLOW. HE FINDS THAT MRS DUBB'S IS IN THE WOMANS BRANCH OF THE O.E.R.&N.

MR. DUBB'S SECRET SOCIETY FRIENDS.